

GOVERNMENT OF JAMAICA

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE & FISHERIES (MOAF)

STRATEGIC BUSINESS PLAN 2021/2022 – 2024/2025

Document Approval and Sign Off

This document has been approved as the official revised Strategic Business Plan of the Ministry Of Agriculture and Fisheries for the period 2021/22 - 2024/25. The Strategic Business Plan of the Ministry has been prepared in consideration of the various relevant policies, legislation and other mandates for which the Ministry is responsible.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

HONOURABLE MINISTER'S MESSAGE	
PERMANENT SECRETARY'S MESSAGE	6
ACCOUNTABILITY STATEMENT	
QUALITY POLICY STATEMENT	8
1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	<u>c</u>
1.1 OVERVIEW	<u>c</u>
1.2 VISION, MISSION, VALUES & MANDATE	11
1.3 SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS	12
1.4 PROGRAMMES AND SUB-PROGRAMMES	14
1.5 PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES	15
2.0 SECTOR HIGHLIGHTS	23
3.0 MINISTRY'S CURRENT PERFORMANCE	24
4.0 PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT PLAN	46
5.0 MOAF'S STRATEGY MAP	48
6.0 PROGRAMME ACTIVITY ARCHITECTURE	49
7.0 PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION	50
PROGRAMME: 01 EXECUTIVE DIRECTION AND ADMINISTRATION	50
PROGRAMME 181: AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD	SECURITY56
8.0 MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL RESOURCE PLAN	81
9.0 HUMAN RESOURCES CAPACITY PLAN	86
10 PORTFOLIO ENTITIES MEDIUM TERM IMPLEMENTATION PLAN	89
10.1 AGRO INVESTMENT CORPORATION (AIC)	89

	10.3 THE BANANA BOARD	93
	10.9 JAMAICA 4-H CLUBS	96
	10.13 NATIONAL IRRIGATION COMMISSION (NIC)	103
	40.44 NATIONAL FIGUERIES AUTHORITY (NEA)	440
	10.14 NATIONAL FISHERIES AUTHORITY (NFA)	118
	10.15 RURAL AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (RADA)	123
	11.0 LIST OF PUBLIC SECTOR ENTERPRISES (SELF-FINANCED)	142
Αì	NNEX	47











HONOURABLE MINISTER'S MESSAGE

The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries holds a very unique and critical position in promoting the

development of the agriculture and fisheries sector and serves as an all-important conduit to drive

economic growth. In this era of the COVID-19 pandemic, where the economic fallout has been

devastating for the country resulting in an estimated contraction of 10.7 per cent in the first nine months

of the calendar year, there is an urgent need for economic recovery along a trajectory that is rapid and

sustained. This is not just to regain lost ground but to propel the economy and the country beyond the

regular boundaries of low growth.

It is imperative that the vision of the Ministry be guided by the Government's strategic priority of

'inclusive sustainable economic growth and job creation', which represents goal eight of the 2030

Agenda for Sustainable Development. In this regard, it is essential that the policies, programmes and

projects of the Ministry indicated in this strategic plan, seek to build an inclusive, sustainable, and

internationally competitive agricultural sector. To this end, several initiatives are to be pursued to ensure

that there exists an enabling framework, which unleashes the full potential of these important sectors to

drive the production of primary agricultural produce and livestock and fisheries to widen the supply

chains and to integrate production up the value chain. This is significant if we are to counter the

deleterious impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the sector, which saw imbalances of supply and

demand and complications from recent adverse weather conditions, which saw losses of some 2,955

hectares of crops valued at approximately \$2.5 billion.

The priority policies and actions to be pursued by the Ministry over the immediate to medium term will

be geared towards building more for the agricultural sector; building market-driven production, building

sustainability and resilience as well as ensuring and promoting innovation and expanding the use of

technology to improve productivity. Over the next four years, the Ministry will pursue climate-smart

policies and programmes geared towards sustainable production and to increasingly build the resilience of

all related sectors to the effects of climate change to ensure food security, job creation, rural development

and overall economic growth.

It cannot be overemphasized but climate-smart agriculture must be encouraged within the sector as it

ensures the overarching sustainable development of agricultural systems through particular practices and

approaches. The Ministry will also be pursuing a strong thrust to attract more of the nation's youths to

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agriculture through the Youth in Agriculture Policy, which is expected to be tabled in the next financial

year. This policy will seek to prioritize the ways youth are engaged in the sector and enable them to invest

to form a sustainable presence in the sector's continued development.

There will also be several other critical initiatives pursued such as the agri-business strategy, which will

seek to establish a modern profitable agri-business sector. Support for agribusiness has the spin-off effect

of increasing the added value of raw materials, strengthening local rural economies, food security and

nutrition, and improving the quality of life in the homes of vulnerable communities. Central to the

strategy will be the extensive use of technologies to aid in extension services, market information,

production and support systems as well as post harvesting, transportation and logistical supports.

One of the Ministry's critical strategy is the modernization of the sector and with support funding from

the Inter-American Development Bank to the tune of US\$25-million will be embarking on the

Modernisation of the Agriculture Sector Programme, which aims to increase agricultural productivity

and income for beneficiary small holder farmers. The institutional capacity improvement of the Ministry

is central to the successful delivery of these programmes and policies outlined in this business plan and as

such will require significant institutional strengthening of critical areas such as staffing with the requisite

training in the appropriate technologies and policy support.

Honourable Minister Floyd Green, MP

Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries

5

PERMANENT SECRETARY'S MESSAGE

There is renewed focus to invigorate the sectors we serve with the spotlight placed firmly on agriculture and fisheries. This invigoration must be used to induce job creation and cause wider economic growth, which can be felt by every member of the society.

Recent findings of the Planning Institute of Jamaica (PIOJ) have indicated that the agriculture, forestry and fishing sectors grew by two per cent in the July to September quarter of 2020, which were the second highest sectors to grow despite the issues associated with the COVID-19 pandemic and recent weather vagaries. Key contributors of the growth identified by the PIOJ report are the Production Incentive Programme and the Agricultural Excess Buy-Back Programme.

It is clear from these findings that the programmes and projects emanating from the Ministry, which are contained in this strategic business plan, are a catalyst for economic growth and must be used to build a robust and resilient agricultural sector. Key initiatives such as those focused on climate-smart agriculture geared towards the sustainable production of crops and livestock, women and the Youth in Agriculture policy to prioritize how youth are engaged in the sector and those such as the Agribusiness strategy are but a few, which will be pursued over the next four years to build a robust and fit-for-purpose agricultural industry for the benefit of all.

The success of these and other initiatives outlined in this strategic plan will be achieved with the strengthening of the institutional capacity of the staff to ensure that they are updated with the latest technology and policy support. As a Ministry, we pledge to assiduously pursue these strategies that will enable the implementation of the actions to achieve the necessary and stated outcomes contained herein.

We will also work with our stakeholders and build key alliances for growth. We welcome the enterprise of investors especially those who will work with our farmers to achieve a better standard of living. We thank all our partners and stakeholders for joining us in our mission to achieve success and commend to you our Strategic Business Plan 2021-2024 which documents our course of action.

Dermon Spence, JP Permanent Secretary

Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries

ACCOUNTABILITY STATEMENT

This Strategic Business Plan for the next four years, commencing April 1, 2021 was prepared under

my direction in accordance with the policy directives outlined by the Government of Jamaica, and the

authority delegated to me under Section 16 of the Financial Administration and Audit (FAA) Act. The

Plan outlines the Ministry's strategies that contribute to the achievement of the Government's agenda,

and specifically, the programmes for which appropriate monitoring and evaluation mechanisms are

being deployed to ensure their timely and cost-effective implementation.

The Ministry's priorities outlined in this Business Plan were identified in context of the Government's

medium-term priorities and fiscal targets. I am, therefore, committed to achieving the planned results

laid out in this Business Plan.

Dermon Spence, JF

Permanent Secretary

7

QUALITY POLICY STATEMENT

MOAF is committed to ensuring that our stakeholders get consistent, good quality products and

services by the use of quality procedures which will be operated and reviewed to meet customer

requirement and exceed their expectations in alignment with the ISO 9001:2015 - Quality

Management System.

MOAF's Customer Service Programme; Implementation of the Public Investment Projects (PIPs) and the

overall implementation of the Ministry's initiatives under its Programmes will be reviewed quarterly and

annually by the Customer Service Unit (CSU), Project Management and Coordination Division

(PMCD) and Strategic Planning Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Division respectively. The

CSU, PMCD and SPPMED will research and conduct improvements to business processes or any aspect

of the Ministry's operation that can improve the quality of service to both internal and external customers

including improving the effective implementation of the Ministry's main initiatives.

Parallel to these Divisions, MOAF will establish technical working groups that will ensure the Ministry's

Corporate Strategy of "Building More for Our Agricultural Sector - Innovation, Resilience and

Sustainability" is instilled in all areas of the Ministry's operations.

Therefore, MIIC's directors, management and staff commits to the tenets of ISO 9001:2015 Quality

Management System, through continual improvement, risk and process based approach.

Dermon Spence, JP

Permanent Secretary

Ministry of Industry, Investment and Commerce

Prepared by: Strategic Planning Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Division Original: December 31, 2020 Edited: March 30, 2021

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

1.1 OVERVIEW

COVID-19 pandemic and the Country's counter measures has had a profoundly negative impact on Jamaica's agricultural sector. An immediate and ongoing impact is the reduction of markets (demand) for select local produce and livestock due to the closing down of the Tourism sector and other export markets. This and other impacts are further compounded by the impact of adverse weather on the agricultural sector and ultimately the country's food security, rural development and economic growth. Thus, the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries (MOAF) had to review its medium term trajectory in order to continue to be the driver of the production of primary agricultural produce, livestock and fisheries; strengthened supply chains; and value chain development. Within the covid-19 environment, the Ministry and the Agriculture sector is currently and in the foreseeable future working with less access to necessary resources. However, MOAF will seek to do MORE WITH LESS to facilitate public value and full commercialization of the outputs of the agriculture sector by 2030 – Jamaica will have an innovative, resilient, internationally competitive and sustainable Agriculture Sector.

The Ministry oversees a portfolio of **twenty-four** (24) **divisions**, **eight** (9) **portfolio bodies** that are partially/fully funded through the consolidated fund, **five** (5) **statutory bodies**, **and five** (5) **public investment projects**, which provide important services to the agriculture sector as well as the organizations that work to promote growth within the sector. These services are implemented through **two** (2) **budget programmes and ten** (10) **sub-programmes** under **seven** (7) **medium term priority policies** (**PPs**).

Both the work of the Ministry and its agencies impact a major component of the country's economy – agriculture, forestry and fisheries sector (The "Agriculture sector"). In 2019, this sector accounted for 7.1 per cent direct contribution to economic growth and 15.2 per cent of the total labour force (males – 74% and females – 26%). Against this background, MOAF approached the task of developing this Plan under the theme of "Building More for Our Agriculture Sector – Innovation, Resilience and Sustainability".

The selection of the Ministry's medium term priority policies are guided with the understanding that the Ministry will have less resources and time but still need to do more to ensure its part in making Jamaica the place of choice to live, work, raise families and do business. Further, the Ministry's main initiatives under its policies and programmes were selected in keeping with the Government of Jamaica's Strategic Priority – *Inclusive Sustainable Economic Growth and Job Creation*.

This Strategic Business Plan identifies and describes the priority policies and actions to be pursued in order to build the resilience and viability of the agriculture sector. It is the road map to managing our initiatives and processes to engender transformational growth, job creation and a diversified economy. Over the medium-term we will continue to focus on the large tracts of former arable sugar cane lands on the southern plains of Clarendon and St. Catherine, which have become available for alternative production and will be used to support the expansion in agricultural production and productivity through the development of Agro-Parks and Agro-Economic Zones. The diversification and expansion of

agricultural production under projects such as the Essex Valley Agricultural Development Programme (EVADP) and the Southern Plains Agricultural Development Programme (SPADP) will advance the transformation of the agriculture sector and bolster its contribution to the national economy. The development of new and emerging industries such as castor beans and new and under-utilized fisheries will also be pursued to enable further diversification towards internationally competitive, sustainable and inclusive agri-business enterprises. The productive use of these lands and promotion of select agricultural produce, livestock and fisheries will support our priority policy of *promoting market driven production (PP1)*.

Similarly, the development of the livestock sub-sector has been adhoc and disjointed. The Ministry recognize the need for *an established national framework for the livestock industry (PP2)* that blends animal health with market driven production. The Ministry will create a framework that is private sector led to continue investment in livestock while facilitating access to markets through standardization; marketing data; promotion and beneficial trade agreements.

The strategies outlined to deliver programmes are seeking, to not just build out productive capacities, but to consolidate the gains made and distribute among all stakeholders regardless of age, sex, location, disability and size of farm and/or agri-business enterprise. With this in mind, the Ministry will be focusing on increasing youth participation and benefits in agriculture and the agro-entrepreneurship sector. This will be done in a collaborative environment with private sector, agencies and ministries responsible for industry development. The Ministry will be pursuing a policy priority of building a road map of opportunities for youth in agriculture (PP3) and integrating their involvement in the implementation of our two (2) other policy priorities – Agribusiness Sector Strategy (PP4) and Modernization of the Agriculture Sector Programme (PP5).

The Ministry's response was and is to pursue climate smart policies and programmes geared towards sustainable production and consistent level of support for the economy. These policies and programmes will be integrated with immediate to medium term responses to the COVID-19 impact on the agriculture sector with an understanding of the fisheries industry vulnerability to the vagaries of the climate as well as COVID-19 restrictions. Thus, over the next four years the Ministry will be re-energizing its efforts to support its priority policy of *building a resilient and sustainable fisheries sub-sector* (*PP6*). Additionally, every opportunity to ensure increase exports; adoption and application of new technology; promotion and facilitation of innovation; and application of best practices for optimal production and efficiency gains will be engaged and pursued. All these activities will be supported through the *strengthen capacity of the Ministry and its entities to efficiently and effectively implement policies, programmes and projects* (*PP7*).

To this end, as the Ministry embarks on strategizing for the new medium-term period within this new COVID-19 environment, MOAF will implement programmes focusing on building the resilience of agriculture through investment in storage; distribution and irrigation, diversification of crops; improvement of land utilisation; increase in yields of targeted crops; lower praedial larceny; deepening of domestic linkages and improving overall productivity.

1.2 VISION, MISSION, VALUES & MANDATE









VISION

The vision of MOAF is:

"By 2030, MOAF has achieved innovative, inclusive, sustainable and internationally competitive agriculture sector."

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of MOAF is:

"To create an enabling environment which grows and sustains industries in the agricultural sector while fostering gender equality and social inclusion in all our policies, programmes and projects."

CORE VALUES

MOAF and by extension its portfolio agencies are committed to "Building More for Our Agriculture Sector – Innovation, Resilience and Sustainability" through our core values of:

Fairness	A ccountability	Integrity				
Respect	Excellence	S tewardship				
Transparency						

MANDATE

The mandate of MOAF is:

- To DEVELOP sustainable food systems by driving local production of primary agricultural produce, livestock and fisheries to widen the supply chain, integrate production up the value chain and foster youth in agriculture and agro-entrepreneurship.
- To PROMOTE a lucrative Agribusiness sector that drives productivity and job creation for all regardless of sex, age, socioeconomic status or ability.
- To REGULATE towards a modern and efficient agricultural sector

SUPPORTING GOJ MEDIUM-TERM STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

Inclusive Sustainable Economic Growth and Job Creation

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- 1. To increase, by 10% annually, the agriculture and fisheries production and value-added production.
- 2. To increase, by 20%, the application of appropriate technology by Jamaican farmers, agricultural producers and agroentrepreneurs by 2024
- To develop and implement twenty (20) supporting policy, legal and planning frameworks that will protect agricultural lands, aquatic ecosystems, plant genetic resources, livestock genetic resources, and fisheries resources
- 4. To develop and begin implementation of action plans of at least four (4) key emerging produce/livestock/fisheries in agriculture and agribusiness sectors within the next four years.
- 5. To increase, by 10%, the access of micro, small and medium agro-enterprise to adequate infrastructure, finance and support services by 2025
- 6. To have at least 20% of beneficiaries of MOAF's programmes be youth, women, persons with disability, or any vulnerable group from the agriculture sector by 2025
- 7. To reduce the incidence of select pests, diseases, food borne pathogens for the ten (10) priority crops and livestock
- 8. To increase by 20% agricultural exports by 2025
- 9. To allocate and optimally use human and financial resources based on agreed National and Ministry's priority policies.

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1.3 SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

In constructing the Ministry's strategic business plan for 2021/22 – 2024/25, it is essential to assess the environment within which the Ministry must operate; as such, a situational analysis was conducted to highlight the internal and external factors/agents that act upon the Ministry's vision, mission and mandates. In addition, MOAF conducted a SWOT analysis, a PESTLE analysis and stakeholder analysis (See Annex). A summary analysis of the result is as follows:

The COVID-19 pandemic has spread with alarming speed, infecting millions worldwide and bringing economic activity to a near-standstill as countries imposed tight restrictions on movement to halt the spread of the virus. The pandemic has been global shock, involving simultaneous disruptions to both supply and demand in an interconnected world economy. On the supply side, infections reduce labour supply and productivity, while lockdowns, business closures, and social distancing also cause supply disruptions. On the demand side, layoffs and the loss of income (from morbidity, quarantines, and unemployment) and worsened economic prospects reduce household consumption and firms' investment. The extreme uncertainty about the path, duration, magnitude, and impact of the pandemic could pose a vicious cycle of dampening business and consumer confidence and tightening financial conditions, which could lead to job losses and investment.

The Jamaican economy with no exception experienced significant disruptions as the goods producing sector contracted by 4.4% and the services industry contracted by 11.5% representing a 10.2% decline in the economy the first six months of 2020 (compared with the same period 2019). Furthermore, sectorial performance painted an even direr picture with the Agricultural, Forestry & Fishing and Manufacturing subsectors contracted by 8.5% and 2.9% respectively within the goods producing industry; while in the service industry Hotel & Restaurants and Wholesale and Retail subsectors contracted by 87.5% and 20% as he the full effects of the pandemic were being experienced in the second quarter ¹.

In light of the negative impact the pandemic has had on lives and livelihoods, the Government of Jamaica has sought to rebuild a more robust and resilient economy through the Rebuild Jamaica Economic Recovery Strategy. The Strategy seeks to accomplish this by: appropriate macro-fiscal reform and business climate improvements; restoration of the tourism sector; boosting public sector efficiency and private sector competitiveness; and increase economic formalization.

The Ministry of Agriculture's priority policies will be geared towards assisting in the rebuilding effort through the implementation of the *Agri-Business Sector Strategy (ABS)* and the *Modernisation of the Agricultural Sector Programme (MASP)*; which seek to establish a modern, safe, profitable agribusiness sector in Jamaica and effect social and economic transformation of rural economy with relevant business models and supporting ecosystems that function to ensure the Food Safety and Food security for the population of Jamaica.

¹ PIOJ Review of Economy

Supporting the implementation of the ABS and MASP is a focus on *Market Driven Production* to increase productive use of arable lands and promotion of select agricultural produce, livestock and fisheries. This will be done through the continued focus to put the large tracts of former arable sugar cane lands on the southern plains of Clarendon and St. Catherine into alternative production (Agro-Parks and Agro-Economic Zones Initiative); increase access to irrigation (Irrigation Development Initiatives); promotion of local safety standards for soil, plant, livestock and fisheries (Agricultural Health and Food Safety); development of emerging produce, livestock and fisheries (planning and policy initiatives); access to resilient and productive inputs (Agricultural Research and Development Initiatives) and increase access to incentives and training for producing and marketing prioritized crops, livestock and fisheries (Agro-Industry, Extension services and Fisheries Development Initiatives). This will transform the agriculture sector and bolster its contribution to the national economy.

Similarly, the development of the livestock sub-sector has been adhoc and disjointed. The Ministry recognize the need for *an established national framework for the livestock industry (PP2)* that blends animal health with market driven production. The Ministry will create a framework that is private sector led to continue investment in livestock while facilitating access to markets through standardization; marketing data; promotion and beneficial trade agreements.

The average age of Jamaican farmers are decreasing and there has been an increase in interest in agroenterprise by youths (both male and female) as a tool for economic development. Over the medium term, the Ministry will be focusing on increasing youth participation and benefits in agriculture and the agroentrepreneurship sector through the *development of opportunity map for youth in agriculture and agroentrepreneurship*. This will be done in a collaborative environment with youth (agriculture youth council and census of youth in agriculture) private sector, agencies and ministries responsible for industry development.

The Ministry recognized the vulnerability of the fisheries industry to the COVID-19 restrictions has exacerbated its susceptibility to impacts of climate change and adverse weather. Thus, over the next four years the Ministry will be re-energizing its efforts to *build a resilient and sustainable fisheries subsector*.

The Ministry is fortunate to have a great technical staff cohort but recognizes that MOAF's implementation of projects and policies have some weaknesses. This has led to targets not being met; funds being lost; funds not received and most importantly timely needed outputs for the agriculture and fisheries sector are not produced. As such, the Ministry recognizes the need to strengthen the capacity of the Ministry and its entities to efficiently and effectively implement policies, programmes and projects.

Through the analysis of the agriculture and fisheries sector performance and an organizational review, the Ministry has selected **seven** (7) **priority policies** to focus on for the next four years. The Ministries main initiatives under its two programmes support the outcomes of these priority policies and should be the foundation for *an innovative*, *inclusive*, *sustainable internally competitive agriculture sector by 2030*.

1.4 PROGRAMMES AND SUB-PROGRAMMES

The Ministry's programmes are being planned and developed with great consideration of the National Development Plan Vision 2030, Jamaica; Medium Term Economic Programme (MTEP); Medium Term Socio-Economic Policy Framework 2018 - 2021 (MTF) and the Medium-Term Results Based Budgeting for Jamaica. With these in mind, the Ministry's programmes and sub-programmes for the medium term are as indicated to the right.

PRIORITY POLICIES

The Ministry's programmes and sub-programmes are within the context of the priority policies that the Ministry has highlighted for focus and for which approval is given by Cabinet to implement the Ministry's initiatives. The policy priorities that inform the development of the Ministry's programmes over the medium term are:

- 1. Promote Market-Driven Production
- 2. Establish a National Livestock Framework
- 3. Build a Road Map for Youth in Agriculture and Agribusiness
- 4. Implement the Agri-Business Sector Strategy
- 5. Implement the Modernization of the Agricultural Sector
- 6. Build a Resilient and Sustainable Fisheries sub-sector
- 7. Strengthen the capacity of Ministry and entities to efficiently and effectively implement policies, programmes and projects



Strategic Business Plan 2021/22 - 2024/25

PROGRAMME 001: EXECUTIVE DIRECTION AND ADMINISTRATION

Sub-programme:

- 01 Central Administration
- 02 Policy, Planning and Development

PROGRAMME 181:

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY & FOOD SECURITY

Sub-programme:

- 20 Agricultural Health and Food Safety
- 21 Agricultural Research & Development
- 22 Irrigation Services Expansion
- 23 Fisheries Development
- 24 Agricultural Extension Services
 - Production Incentive Programme (special initiative)
- 25 Management of Zoos and Gardens
- 26 Agro-Industry Development
- 27 Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development

Public Investment Projects

- 1. 22066 ACP Bridging Project
- 2. 20172 Rehabilitation of Research Centres (Bodles Redevelopment Project)
- 3. 29510 Essex Valley Agricultural Development Project
- 4. 29480 Promoting Community Based Climate Resilience in the Fisheries Sector
- 5. 29562 South Plains Agricultural Development Project
- 6. XXXX Modernisation of Agricultural Sector

14

1.5 PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

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PROGRAMME 01: EXECUTIVE DIRECTION AND ADMINISTRATION

Programme Objective(s)

Programme Description Context To improve the effectiveness of the implementation of key policies, policies, projects and administrative services that support organisational strategies to advance the achievement of the organisation's goals and objectives

The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries is always seeking to raise its bar on performance, especially regarding the delivery of first-class service to its clients. The Ministry is, therefore, in a continuous cycle of development and enhancement of itself as a regulator and a service delivery entity. Parallel to this is the major financial constraints which have resulted in an ad hoc roll out of major changes; and inadequate human resource skills.

The Executive Direction and Administration Programme supports the general administration, planning and overall management of the Ministry. It is primarily concerned with the formulation, initiation, review and evaluation of policies for the effective management of the Ministry's programmes and projects; the preparation of plans and budgets for implementing the policies of the Ministry, supervision of the implementation of approved policies by the divisions and agencies of the Ministry, the exercise of budgetary control over the funds appropriated to the Ministry for its use; and the provision of centralised services, such as financial management, accounting, personnel and other administrative services required to support the Ministry's operations.

For 2021/22 - 2024/25, the Ministry, through this programme, will focus on the restructuring of critical Divisions/ Agencies; and facilitating the strengthening of the institutional capacity of the Ministry (policy priority 8). The Ministry will embark on the following initiatives under this programme:

- Policy, Legislative and Planning framework for agriculture development and response to strategic issues concerning the agriculture sector such as Agricultural Produce Act amendment; Agri-business Sector Strategy
- 2) Restructuring of critical Divisions and Entities
- 3) Restructure of the previously merged Ministry to MOAF
- 4) On-going accreditation of select laboratories and entities for tests and inspection respectively
- 5) Mergers and corporate governance initiatives such as
 - i. Complete operationalization of JACRA incorporating Banana Board regulatory functions
 - ii. Operationalization of the National Fisheries Authority

PROGRAMME 01: EXECUTIVE DIRECTION AND ADMINISTRATION

- iii. Implementation of recommendations for PQ/PI branch restructuring
- iv. Implementation of MOAF's Customer Services Improvement Plan
- v. Developing and implementing improvement programmes under Business Continuity Planning; Change Management; Service Delivery; Performance Management; Knowledge Management and Business Processes; and Customer Service.

These initiatives will be achieved under its two (2) sub-programmes; they are (1) Central Direction and (2) Policy, Planning and Development.

SUB-PROGRAMME

01 Central Administration

Objective(s)

- 1. To improve the operational efficiency, and human, organizational and institutional capabilities of the organisation to support the delivery of results.
- 2. To achieve at least 70% performance for internal service delivery to staff enabling them to perform their functions.

Description & Context

The sub-programme involves multiple divisions working collaboratively to administer essential services to ensure that the Ministry is operated efficiently. It encompasses the management of the budget of the Ministry with a view to ensuring that all expenditure are documented and accounted for; management of assets to ensure that all applicable procedures are followed for acquisition allocation and disposal, and supervision of administrative and human resource functions to ensure compliance with the Public Service Commission Regulations, Government Circulars and other policies and procedures.

The support to the Ministry's day-to-day operations also include the development of the strategic business and operational plans and budgets, the monitoring and evaluation of programmes to ensure objectives are met, employment of information and communication technology in day-to-day operations, the embodiment of a culture of customer focus and performance management to ensure high quality and continuous improvement in service delivery as well as the utilization and management of assets and other resources. In addition, this sub-programme oversees the implementation of the Ministry's modernisation and transformation initiatives geared towards improved quality of service delivery to the agriculture, fisheries, manufacturing and services sector.

It includes executive direction, legal, financial management, human resources management and development, information and communication technology, procurement, facilities management, strategic planning, project management and coordination, communication and public relations.

SUB-PROGRAMME

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Description & Context

Objective(s)

02 Policy, Planning, and Development

To improve the efficiency and effectiveness of initiatives in achieving organisational targets, goals and objectives.

Policy, Planning and Development forms the cornerstone of the Ministry's strategy to respond to the needs and challenges within the agriculture sectors. An efficient policy, planning, and development function allows for the translation of the Ministry's agenda into tangible results and includes the collection and use of data along the agriculture and fisheries value chain. The Sub-Programme therefore, supports decision-making through policy and legislative formulation and implementation, as well as research and evaluation.

This sub-programme has responsibility for the coordination, leadership and management of the Economic Planning and Policy Directorate; and Praedial Larceny Prevention and Coordination.

PROGRAMME 181:

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY

Objective(s)

To increase agricultural production by at least 15% to meet domestic and export demand by 2025.

Description & Context

The Ministry recognizes that to optimize production and productivity across the agriculture, manufacturing and service sector, implementation of market-driven research for select industries should be prioritize and given concentrated funding. The agricultural production, productivity and food security programme focuses on the increase in domestic production (food and nutrition security); export production (tourism, diaspora and CARICOM), targeted niche markets and industrial production (local inputs to manufacturing) through research, access to finance; access to key infrastructure such as irrigated lands, processing facilities and farm roads; marketing information, training in good agricultural and manufacturing practices, incentives and the formation of public-private partnerships. It is the promotion of the production and productivity of select crops/livestock which are categorized in terms of their value-added and export potential, import substitution and commodity profile within the context of adaptability to climate smart management and agronomic practices.

Parallel to the above, 2021/22 - 2024/25, the Programme will focus on the implementation of three (3) main agro-industries and their emerging markets and trends.

It has eight (8) sub-programmes; they are Agro-Industry, Youth in Agriculture and Entrepreneurship; Agricultural Health and Food Safety, Agricultural Extension Service, Agricultural Research & Development, Irrigation Services, Fisheries Development and Management of Zoos and Gardens.

The main initiatives under this programme are (1) Agricultural Competitiveness Programme Bridging Project; (2) Promoting Community-Based Climate Resilience Fisheries Project; (3) Frosty Pod Rot Management Project; (4) Farm Roads Rehabilitation Project; (5) Production Incentive Programme; (6) Modernization of Agricultural Sector and (7) – (11) Irrigation Development Projects - Essex Valley Agricultural Development Project, South Plains Agricultural Development Project, Feasibility Studies and Rehabilitation of Irrigation Infrastructure

SUB-PROGRAMME	20 Agricultural Health and Food Safety
Objective(s)	 To reduce biological risk from plant and plant by-products, animal and animal by-products, and food. To increase access of local industries to targeted export markets
Description & Context	This sub-programme aims to promote the development and implementation of a strategic framework for Agricultural Health and Food Safety in Jamaica that includes the protection, strengthening and harmonizing existing agricultural land use, soil health, local plant and animal health standards, food safety standards for production, consumption and trade in food products.
	This programme is executed by the Veterinary Services (VSD), the Plant Quarantine & Produce Inspection (PQ&PI), and the Agricultural Land Management (ALMD) Divisions of the Ministry with support from the Research and Development (R&D) and the Rural Agricultural Development Authority (RADA).
SUB-PROGRAMME	21 Agricultural Research & Development
Objective(s)	To increase the access of new and technologies increasing climate resilience, production and productivity
Description & Context	The sub-programme provides research, technology development and the transfer of improved and scientifically validated technologies and solutions to constraints faced by primary industries. In so doing, this programme contributes to the improvement in the productivity, profitability, efficiency and sustainable resource use of these industries which form part of the supply chain for agricultural micro small and medium enterprises (MSMEs).
	This programme is executed by the Research and Development Division (R&D)
SUB-PROGRAMME	22 Irrigation Services
Objective(s)	To increase the access of irrigation water across the island
Description & Context	This sub-programme focuses on the provision of irrigation to all irrigable areas in the island and developing alternative modalities to access irrigation for non-

SUB-PROGRAMME Objective(s)

23 Fisheries Development

To improve the economic, social and ecological value of capture fisheries and aquaculture while increasing fisheries contribution to GDP to 0.6% by 2024

Description & Context

This sub-programme is responsible for the regulation, protection, management and enhancement of Jamaica's fishery resources. It is mandated by the Fishing Industry Act (2018). This programme encompasses the work of the Fisheries Division to support the livelihoods of fishers and fish farmers and their contribution to the Jamaican economy. Regulatory, Monitoring, Research, Development, Conservation and Extension services promote sustainability of Jamaica's fisheries resources and the growth of aquaculture.

This is executed mainly by the National Fisheries Authority (NFA) with support from the Veterinary Services Division (VSD). It is also supported by the Promoting Community-Based Climate Resilient Fisheries Project and the COVID-19 Response to Agriculture Sector Project.

SUB-PROGRAMME

24 Agricultural Extension Services

Objective(s)

To increase the use of new and best-fit technologies for climate resilience, production and productivity

Description & Context

This sub-programme provides rural extension and incentives for production of select crops. It covers the *Jamaica Agricultural Society (JAS) and the Rural Agricultural Development Authority (RADA)*, Jamaica's chief agricultural extension and rural development agency, focused on the provision of agricultural information to micro, small and medium-sized farmers. RADA carries out an extensive farmer-training programme; assists small farmers in organizing co-operative marketing ventures; disseminates information on plants, crops and animal husbandry; provides post-harvest advice to farmers and helps them locate markets and implement appropriate marketing strategies; and provides stakeholders with information on prices and output of agricultural commodities. As well as provide primary information to assist MOAF to identify and promote crops for production incentives due to competitive advantage or strategic targets for self-sufficiency and export promotion.

This sub-programme is supported by the farm roads project, the production incentive programme and the COVID-19 Response to Agriculture Sector Project.

SUB-PROGRAMME

25 Management of Zoos and Gardens

Objective(s)

To maintain and increase the availability of local and endemic plants of potential economic and ecosystem value

Description & Context

This sub-programme has the mandate to develop and manage the public gardens and zoos in Jamaica. This includes the Royal Hope Gardens and Hope Zoo, Castleton Botanical Gardens in St. Mary, Bath Botanical Gardens in St. Thomas, and Cinchona Botanical Gardens in St. Andrew. The programme also manages the Public Scenic Avenues of Fern Gully in St. Ann and Holland Bamboo Avenue in St. Elizabeth. These are all maintained as sustainable facilities for preservation of biodiversity, environmental education, applied research, and public recreation.

This sub-programme is executed by the Public Gardens Division.

SUB-PROGRAMME

26 Agro-Industry Development

Objective(s)

To increase agro-processing output and value-added exports of the agricultural sector by at least 5% annually.

Description & Context

The programme seeks to develop competitive agro-industries, crucial for generating employment and income opportunities. It also contributes to enhancing the quality of, and the demand for, farm products. Agro-industries have the potential to provide employment for the rural population not only in farming, but also in off-farm activities such as handling, packaging, processing, transporting and marketing of food and agricultural products. The sub-programme therefore focuses on the development of the industries in the agricultural sector with special focus on agro-processing products such as banana, cannabis, castor bean, sea-island cotton and bamboo.

This programme is executed mainly through the Ministry's Agro-Investment Corporation and the SCJ Holdings with support from the Commodity Boards and/or regulatory bodies – Sugar Industry Authority, Banana Board, Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority (JACRA), and Dairy Development Board. This sub-programme is also supported by the ACP Bridging Project and Modernization of the Agricultural Sector.

SUB-PROGRAMM	E 27 Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development
Objective(s)	To grow, by 15% youth involvement in the agricultural and agroprocessing sector by 2024
Description & Conto	The Ministry has recognized the importance of youth inclusion for the sustainability of all its policies and programmes and is therefore committed to developing outstanding leaders with marketable skills. The Programme core function is to provide training of young people between the ages of fifteen (15) and thirty-five (35) in the areas of Agriculture, Entrepreneurship, and Business development.
	This sub-programme is a combination of targeted initiatives to ease and provide opportunities for youth in the agro-industry through access to finance, business development services and research.

2.0 SECTOR HIGHLIGHTS

The implementation of Ministry and Departmental strategies will lead to the delivery of the sectoral outcomes against the sectoral performance indicators and Sustainable Development Goals. The following table and shows the progress the Ministry plans to make towards its overall goals during the four years of this Plan:

Sector Outcomes	Sustainable Development Goals (SDG)	Supporting Programmes/ Sub- programme	Performance Indicators	Base Year (2018/2019)	Current Performance (2019/2020)	Sectoral Targets (2020 – 2024)
Increased productivity and cost efficiency of agricultural enterprises	SDG #9: Industry, Innovation and resilient Infrastructure	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	Outcome: Agricultural Production Index Score	116.5	N/A	≥150

3.0 MINISTRY'S CURRENT PERFORMANCE

As at December 31, 2020, the Ministry expended 46% of its new budget (October – March 2021) with an expenditure of 19% for public investment projects. With the advent of COVID-19, many planned activities have slowed as the country experienced major spikes in infections which resulted in stricter regulations being implemented to control the spread of the disease. The Ministry was able to be **ON-target** for five (5) of the thirteen (13) targeted key performance indicators:

	Programme & Budget No.	Key Performance Indictor	Annual Target FY2020/21	STATUS SEPT - DEC 2020
1.	001 Executive Direction and Administration	Customer satisfaction and retention (customer service rating)	> 60%	ON
2.		% of targets plans, policies and legislations developed and amended to respond to sector issues and policy directives.	15% (8 plans, policies and legislations)	ON
3.		Extent to which the programmes, projects and policies being implemented have had the desired impact on target population	TBD	TBD
4.		Expenditure as a percentage of budget	> 95% Recurrent > 70% PIP	ON OFF
5.	181 Agricultural Production, Productivity and	% increase in agricultural production to meet targeted markets	10%	ON
6.	Food Security	% decrease in select products on the food import bill	TBD	OFF
7.		% contribution of fisheries industry to GDP	0.6%	OFF
8.		# of agricultural enterprises using IP legislations to access markets	Identify products	OFF (to change KPI to reflect other trade opportunities)
9.		% arable lands in agricultural production	> 60%	OFF
10.		% of youths trained/benefitting from intervention that remain in agriculture/agribusiness	> 60%	OFF
11.		# of agro-parks and agro- zones established and operational	9	OFF
12.		% increase in export of crops (new & traditional)	TBD	OFF

	Programme & Budget No.	Key Performance Indictor	Annual Target FY2020/21	STATUS SEPT - DEC 2020
13.		% reduction/maintenance of select pests, diseases & pathogens in plant, animal and/or food	> 99% maintenance	ON

The Ministry is **ON TRACK** for only five (5) out of the thirteen (13) key performance indicators. This is mainly due to the impact of COVID-19 and the GOJ countermeasures that have

- (1) restricted select activities such as travelling and face to face interactions
- (2) reduction in budget support to non-COVID-19 countermeasure activities
- (3) decrease in production due to reduction in demand in select sectors

Other factors include drought followed by excessive rains that led to destruction of crops or stalling of land preparation activities.

The current performance of the Ministry in terms of the main programmes and main initiatives are as follows:

	PROGRAMME							
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ² (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments	
001 Executive Direction and Administration	Customer Satisfaction rating (External Assessment)	60%	≥65%	74%	1,403,172	695,685 (50%)	New Ministry effective Sept 13, 2020. Revised	
	# of initiatives that are behind schedule/behind target on ahead of target complete and incomplete		As recorded >80% on target or ahead	7 out of 9 projects behind schedule due to COVID-19 and GOJ counter- measures			budget in effect Oct 2020 for new ministry.	
	Expenditure as a % of Budget	95% - recurrent 80% - public investment projects (PIP)	> 97% recurrent > 80% PIP	Recurrent – 46% of budget PIP – 19% of budget				

² MICAF Budget split into MOAF Budget and MIIC Budget as at October 1, 2020. The 2020/21 Budget represents Oct 2020 – Mar 2021

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			PROGRA	MME			
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ² (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments
001 Executive Direction and Administration	% of Agriculture COVID-19 Recovery project ³ implmented	N/A	100%	50%	937,233	494,438 53%	One year project in response to the impacts of COVID-19 on the agriculture and fisheries sector
Agricultural Production and Productivity	% increase in agricultural production to meet targeted markets — domestic, exports and manufacturing input	Priority crops prod 'n exp. ⁴ 4 shipment of mangoes exported to US	5%	2% in the 2 nd qtr			
	% decrease in select products on the food import bill	7.9% increase in food import bill	TBD				
	% contribution of the fisheries industry to GDP	0.54					
	# of agricultural enterprises using IP legislations to access markets	Stakeholder meetings on GI for other agricultural produce/ products					
	% of arable lands in agricultural production	>60%	>80%				
	% increase in the awareness and usage of pest/disease mgmt practices						

Main activities under the Agriculture COVID-19 Recovery Project are (i) Produce buyback programme – \$240M (farm produce and eggs); (ii) Fisheries sector – \$143M (Equipment, feed, cold chain logistics); (iii) Where there was excess small farmer poultry production excess taken off by purveyors; (iv) Incentives being produced for pig farmers - \$4M; (v) Incentives being produced for bee farmers - \$5M; (vi) Coffee farmers - \$20M and (vii) Rural Youth Employment and Entrepreneurship (RYEEP) programme - \$5M

Priority crops include for <u>Import substitution</u> (1) Irish Potato, (2) Onion, (3) Strawberry; for <u>Export Production</u> (4) Pineapple, (5) Yam, (6) Ginger; for <u>Manufacturing Input production</u> (7) Pepper, (8) Cassava, (9) Dasheen

		SUB-	PROGRA	AMME					
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments		
001 Executive Direction	001 Executive Direction and Administration								
01 Central Administration	Expenditure as % of budget % of targeted training facilitated or delegated # of modernized initiatives implemented	80% 882 staff members trained - merger activities initiated for CAC/FTC, Banana Board/JAC RA and AIC - Transition plan implemente d for NFA	> 97% for recurren t > 80% for projects	Recurrent – 46% of budget 86.7% of warrant allocated/ collected Capital – 19% of budget 92% received 77% 138 members of staff trained ongoing work for the merger of CAC/FTC, Banana Board/JACRA and AIC submitted draft report in proposed organizational structure of and Job descriptions to facilitated the split of the	1,254,309	639,147.30 (51%)			
CPRU	Timely implementation of the communication plan	178 speeches 149 new releases 158 media coverage 51 radio programmes social media –	140 speeches 140 new releases 180 media coverag e	Ministry portfolio 72 speeches 99 releases 79 media coverage 36 radio programmes Social media 187,448 and	65.33M	28.8M (44%)			

 $^{^5}$ MICAF Budget split into MOAF Budget and MIIC Budget as at October 1, 2020. The 2020/21 Budget represents Oct 2020 - Mar 2021

	SUB- PROGRAMME									
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments			
		63,394 hits and 1742 posts 99 graphic designs 736 photos 5 publications 5 media briefing	52 radio program mes social media – 50000 hits and 1800 posts 60 graphic designs 800 photos 4 publicati ons 8 media briefing 8 event campaig ns	1,104 posts 94 designs 238 photographs 1 publishing 1 media briefing						
02 Policy and	# of plans completed within agreed timeframe	Submitted 5 reports within timeframe. (2 quarterly reports, SBP and OP.	6	Submitted 3 quarterly reports on time. SBP and OP deadlines were extended.	25.59M	12.08M (47%)				
Planning	# of acts reviewed with specified timelines	6 legislations enacted and 4 regulated enacted. 2 cabinet decisions being drafted		3 bills ⁶ 2 Orders ⁷						

⁶ These bills were: Plant Quarantine Act, Agro-Investment Corporation (Amendment) Act, The Tobacco Industry Regulations (Validation and Indemnity) (Repeal) Act.

⁷ The orders were as follows: The Spring Garden (irrigation Area) Order 2020 and the Colbeck (irrigation Area) Order, 2020

		SUB-	PROGRA	AMME			
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments
	# of policies submitted to cabinet	3 – National Quality Policy, National Craft Policy and National Seed Policy and Action Plan	4	5 cabinet sub & 3 notes produced ⁸	\$42.87M	\$26.81M (62.53%)	
02 Policy and Planning	# of specialized trainings conducted	6 police sensitization workshops were carried out to educate the officers on how to effectively investigate praedial larceny cases	training benefitti ng 100 persons	2 training were held benefiting 64 persons	\$5.284M	\$0.728 (13.7%)	
	# of farm visited and security assessments conducted		farmer visits and 12 security assessm ents	3102 farm visits and 5 security assessments			
181 Agricultural Prod	uction and Pro	ductivity					
20 Agricultural Health and Food Safety - PQ/PI	Disease free status and pest free status for select disease and plant pests respectively # of pest risk analyses / risk assessments	8 pest risk assessments conducted	12	Continued surveillance of disease Surveillance conducted in affected areas of Clarendon and Manchester 25 preliminary assessments conducted	207,418	78679 (36.9%)	
	# of inspections and	2290 inspections and certifications	1600 imports 12,000	1,437 imports 2,960 imports of fresh			

⁸ Privatisation of the Jamaica Exotic Flavours and Essences Company Limited, No Objection Letter to Ministry of Foreign affairs and Foreign Trade re: draft Cabinet submission "Ratification of the Treaty on Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons," Privatisation of Commercial Assets of the Cocoa Industry Board (CIB)-Status Update, Privatisation of agricultural Marketing Corporation (AMC) Complex-Feasibility Study, Jamaica's Hosting of Made in Americas Global Services Summit, October 2021 and Note National Export-Import Bank of Jamaica Annual Report for FY 2019/2020

		SUB-	PROGRA	AMME			
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments
	certification for import/export accordibg to international standards	imports and 4,433 import permits for fresh produce 5,787 shipments exported	imports for fresh produce 1,400 exports	produce 3,167 export 1,947 E-physo			
	# of acres of diesease managemnet strategies employed in cocoa field in select parishes		600 acres in clarendo n 1000 acres in St Mary	320 acres of infected plants pruned and stripped resulting in 155 farmers benefitting			The lengthened procurement process for the Project resulted in delays in awarding the Pruning and Stripping Contract. Additionally the insufficient pool of skilled Contractors presented a delay in implementati on.
20 Agricultural Health and Food Safety - VSD	% of human population reported with zoonnotic and animals product related illness	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	246,014	76,637 (31.2%)	
	# of lab tests conducted for food bourne diseases — microbiology/ residue		6,000 microbi ology 600 residue	5391 microbiology 1583 residue			
	# of import permit issued # of animals	18,894 6,443	10000 8,000	10,989			

SUB- PROGRAMME								
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments	
	# of health certificates issued for exports	1,547	700	1,029				
20 Agricultural Health and Food Safety - ALMD	# of land use change requests (retention of arable lands for agricultural uses)	256 reports submitted to NEPA and local authorites 38 reports reported on change of land use	120	24 reports were completed	49,783	17,153 (34%)		
	# of lab reports completed on soil samples	113 reports subbmitted 612 samples analysed \$1,802,454.90 revenues earned	120	50 reports completed and submitted from 169 soil samples taken \$296,050 revenue was collected				
21 Agricultural Research & Development	# of evaluation production and supply crop varieties with desirable traits	610ha Ginger certification pilot programme under way 19 commercial Irish potato varieties with promising traits and 13 varieties obtained from the Int'l Potato Centre under evaluation by the PEQ facility. -sweet potato 13,404 sweet potato slips	2	strawberries, ginger, sweet potato and irish potato	214,449	77,319	AIA collections were still off target Travelling by the Plant Protection and Apiculture units which provide technical field support to RADA under the Plant Wise Programme and Surveillance for bee pests and diseases respectively	

SUB- PROGRAMME									
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments		
	# of technologies	sold to five farmers. - strawberry field numbers moved to 182 and nursery numbers are now at 96. - Scotch Bonnet pepper 27.85 (4,902,720 seeds) which is equiv to 632.2 ha - West Indies Red pepper 5.76 (1,015,000) which is equiv to 82.2ha 2 IPM (beet army worm	1	9 products under			were severely curtailed due to severe cuts in upkeep and mileage allocations. These units continued to operate without the requisite funding to support these activities. With a focus more on online training. Restructurin g of the Division is urgently needed to address improved service delivery		
	that mitigate crop loss that support the use of integrated pest management to advance food security and safety	and Frosty Pod rot) 551 pest advisories delivered to farmers		evaluation 8 reports generated					
	% increase in stakeholders accessing beekeeping training in best practices	>5% 1428 new apiaries established, 3067 existing farmers and 40 new farmers trained; 7134	2	2					

SUB- PROGRAMME								
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments	
		apiaries of 8,204 inspected free of disease; Incidence of bee pest and disease						
22 Irrigation Services Expansion	value of water sales (\$M) # of active farmers being served	\$561.9M 2,921	\$581.02 M 3,332	97.9M 2,993	975,820	372,781 (38%)	reduced demand	
	# of Ha being serviced with irrigation	8,747ha	9,482ha	8,697ha	445,000	24.42		
23 Fisheries Development	% increase in fish production from aquaculture (Tilapia)		2% increase over 1200M T 915MT	625.15MT	145,003	56,475 (39%)	For the tilapia seed stock, there was an 88 % decrease due to flood rains and renovation of bloodstock ponds.	
	% increase in acreage of aquaculture production	1,251.55 pond acreage in tilapia production	10%	0 (Off target)			No increase in acreage of aquaculture production due to flood rains.	
24 Agricultural Extension Services	# of farmers benefited /trained	3,231 training sessions held 36,932 farmers	2,353 training s targetin g 39,000 farmers	1791trainings held 6,400 farmers benefitted	366.417 M	273.162M (75%)		
25 Management of Zoos and Gardens	# of plant sales, rentals and maintenance services acquired to generate income for AIA.	2, 159,000.00 was acquired through 6000 plant sales, 2 yearly pant rental agreements, 20 rental agreements in	At least 3,500, plant sales, 1000 soil sales, 10 and 4	1828 plant sales 278 soil sales 13 rentals 4 maintenance	72,359	51,547 (71%)		

SUB- PROGRAMME								
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments	
		the Gardens and 1 plant maintenance service.	mainten ance services conduct ed					
	# persons using public gardens for recreation and/or research	60,000 persons utilized the gardens for recreation and or research	7500	7901				
26 Agro-Industry Development BB	% increase production of bananas (2015=100)	63,652.60 Kg of bananas and 45,140.20 Kg of plantains		15,292.3 T of bananas 2% ↑ target 10,528.4 T of plantains	340,393	111,694 (33%)		
	# of risk analyses/risk assessments and pest/disease investigations conducted Moko disease - Black Sigatoka Disease - TR4	Moko 84 farms were investigated and no infection BSD 50 reports of suspected cases All samples tested negative. TR4 60 leaf samples were collected and fungicides used to mitigate		5% ↑ target 15 farms were monitored for Moko disease with 0% of new mats infected. 11 samples were collected from Portland and St. Mary. No TR4 was detected.	76 772	15 700		
26 Agro-Industry Development JDDB	#Ha of fodder banks Pastures established # Litres of Milk Produced		fodder banks total of 50 acres 20,000, 000 litres	67 acres with a total of nine fodder banks. 11,230,940.83 litres	76,773	15,798 (21%)		
26 Agro-Industry Development	# of New Licenses and	43 New Licenses	10 New License	16 New Licenses	410.30			

	SUB- PROGRAMME									
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments			
JACRA	sign Joint Project Agreement/M OU		s and sign 3 Joint Project Agreem ent/MO U	Issued & 0 Joint Project Agreement/M OU signed. (Above target)						
	% Pass rate to be achieved by each coffee commodity dealer	78% of the Coffee Commodity Dealers achieved the Pass Rate of 80%.	80% Pass Rate to be achieve d by each Coffee Commo dity Dealer	79% of the Coffee Commodity Dealers achieved the Pass Rate of 80%.						
26 Agro-Industry Development AIC	# of hectares of arable lands to be utilized ⁹	75% of irrigated lands on Agro Park under production	A H- 42.5 ha E P - 198 ha S P - 219.6 ha PGR - 37.9 ha	Oct- 422.78 ha / 61% Nov- 295.79 ha/ 42.82% *Dec- 469.98 /42.23 Average = 396.18 Ha/ 48.75% 10	193,830	67,994 (35%)	Potable water is needed at the Global GAP facility to wash fresh produce for buyers			
	% of infrastructure work completed	88.78% of infrastruct ure works completed for all Agro Parks	25% of infrastru cture works complet ed	15.69% of infrastructure works completed			Roadways are in poor condition due to flooding caused by lack of			
	# of Kgs harvested	2,639,672 kg	AH- 481,381 kg EP- 889,040 kg SP - 603,277	AH- 331,747.49 kg EP- 612,834.97 kg SP- 154,640.36 kg PGR- 218,616.78 kg	193,830	67,994 (35%)	drains/ poor runoff, Praedial Larceny lack of			

⁹ AH- Amity Hall, EP- Ebony Park, SP- Spring Plain, PGR- Plantain Garden River, NF/DH- New Forest/ Duff House, Yall- Yallahs *total acreage being assessed increased from 690.81 Ha to 1,112.91 Ha (NF/DH and Yallahs)

		SUB-	PROGRA	AMME			
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments
			kg PGR- 340,194 kg NF/DH- 225,000 kg Yall. 150,000 kg Total - 2,688,8 92kg (\$645,3 34,080. 00)	NF/DH- 748,802.95 kg Yallahs- 352,920.63 kg Total- 2,419,563.18 kg (\$580,695,162. 99)			shortage for planting material Poor water quality has been affecting the Amity Hall Agro Park Heavy rains damaged drains and caused crop loss and Disruption of pipelines
	# of seedlings produced # of seedlings distributed	105,836 seeds nuts set 55,477 seedlings	400,000 seeds nuts set 100,000 seedling s per	135,413 seedling set distribute 34,815 seedlings	114.45M	89.9M (76%)	Increase demands from various stakeholders for the importation
26 Agro-Industry Development Coconut Board	#. of new acreage of land planted Reduction in the # of Lethal Yellowing trees	20 acres of land was cleared and 2000 coconut seedlings were planted. 5,219 lethal yellowing affected trees were cut and burnt.	annum as needed	3 acres cleared 2,147 LY Trees			of coconut water, demonstrates the potential for the product locally and the need to develop the sector.
27 Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development JA 4 H	# of training exposures # of members registered # of Centres developed # of Scholarships awarded/ beneficiaries	209,875 91,218 2 322	220,000 80,000 2 350	30,534 2 100	139,864	67,383 (48%)	Reduction in registration and training due to closure of schools. To address this training has commenced

	SUB- PROGRAMME									
Name of Programme	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/2020	End-of- year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr 2020 – Dec 2021)	2020/21 Budget ⁵ (J\$'000)	YTD Expenditure starting Oct 2020 (J\$'000)	Explanation/ Comments			
							online platforms. Also an online registration system has being implemented.			

		MAJOR ACT	TIVITIES/INI	TIATIVES			
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/20	End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments
EXECUTIVE DI	RECTION AND AD	OMINISTRATION – O	Central Direction	on			
Agriculture Covid-19 Recovery	Value of produce purchase via buy back activity Subsidies on select		\$240M \$100M	spent for 1Mkg of products spent on egg,		\$120M 13.1M	Excessive delay in the procurement produces has negatively
Project	products	N/A		pork and produce for juice production			impacted the full implementation of the programme
	Support to production Incentive Programme		\$100M	seeds under the PIP Budget		\$35M	
		PRODUCTIVITY AN					-
	# and types of activities completed under project	Construction of dairy barn completed and handed over to client		Renovation of animal Nutrition lad 25% completed	Í	77,147 (61%)	 Some Contract implementation time extended
(Bodles Redevelop- ment Project)		Contract 60% competed on the piggery renovation 80% competed on the		Barbed wire fencing completed Security access			 Procurement issues escalated to Steering Committee and
		renovation of the apiculture off and lab		upgrade completed			Permanent Secretary Ongoing dialog with PU and

		MAJOR ACT	TIVITIES/INI	TIATIVES			
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Indicators Achieveme		End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments
							FPMD to resolve issues Ongoing dialog with suppliers to speed up deliveries
AGRICULTURAI	L PRODUCTION,	PRODUCTIVITY AN	D FOOD SEC	uRITY – Irrigatio	on Service	es	1
29510 Essex Valley Agricultural Development Project	# of ha of farm land irrigated	drilled 8 wells (only 5 produced water) Climate Vulnerability Assessment guideline and training manual completed Irrigation Network Design in progress		final design completed; tenders issued drilled 1 well which was abandoned due to technical challenges 2nd well drilling has commenced at Epsom downs		125,455 (25%)	Several issues under the project has caused sever delays in the achievement of the targets set. 11
20151 Rehabilitation of Irrigation Infrastructure (NIC)	canal rehabilitated with HDPE Pipes and reinforced concrete;	1,805m of canal in Old Harbour, Bushy Park, Clarendon and Upper Rhymesbury	rehabilitated.	150 meters of declining canal was restored with reinforced concrete and blocks		6,000 (29%)	
29560 South Plains Agricultural Development Feasibility Study	% completion of			The final draft of the Preliminary Report – CVRA, Engineer designs was reviewed	ŕ	18,379 (24%)	The Project Engineering Designs under SCCADP originally scheduled for completion by June 2019.

¹¹ Well drilling activities off schedule due to delays in Contractor providing the Banker's guarantee. Since then well drilling commenced June 2, 2020. Further exacerbated by a broken cable that caused the drill bit to fall into the aquifer. This has not been retrieved to date. The drillers had to relocate to a new well site, resulting in a 2-month delay. Well drillers have been informed that they must provide an accelerated schedule for the Parnassus site in order to make up for delays and have now implemented a shift system to complete drilling exercise within schedule.

exercise within schedule.

12 Significant delays occurred due to the disqualification of the preferred bidder and the time taken for negotiations with the 2nd ranked bidder.

		MAJOR ACT	TIVITIES/INI	TIATIVES			
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/20	End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments
							However, as of September 2020, the designs were not completed. Anticipated date for final designs projected as October 30 2020
29562 South Plains Agricultural Development Project		between CDB and GOJ hired project manager	Irrigation Schemes at Amity Hall/Bridge Pen and Parnassus	Activities completed at Well # 3R, with yield testing		11,039 (5%)	The SPADP project was scheduled to commence in April of 2019, however the Project Manager was hired on July This resulted in a 4-month delay when compared with the Project Appraisal Document.
AGRICULTURAI	L PRODUCTION, 1	 PRODUCTIVITY AN		week of Dec 21st. U RITY – Fisheri e	s Develop	oment	
29480 Promoting Community Based Climate Resilience in the Fisheries Sector	completed for underutilization fisheries(FAD)	2 consultancies contracted for assessments and construction of hatchery procured 1 vessel and 4x4 Super Duty Truck for enforcement activities		Inception report submitted for survey	\$33.047M	(46%)	due to the COVID- 19 pandemic most of the activities under the project were severally impacted
AGRICULTURAI		PRODUCTIVITY AN	ND FOOD SEC	URITY – Agricul	tural Exte	ension Servi	ces
20167 Farm Roads Rehabilitation Project	# or km of farm roads rehabilitated/ maintained	101 roads costing J\$652M.	63	13	1,223,165	687,405 (56%)	
Production Incentive			300Ha planted 500 farmers	31.07ha planted 24 farmers	50M		Farmers were impacted by the

		MAJOR ACT	FIVITIES/INI	FIATIVES			
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/20	End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments
Programme		Yield ¹³ :236.86T 60 farmers benefitted from 2 sensitization sessions held	reaped	benefiting 125.5ha reaped 1,655.22 T reaped			drought conditions and issues with distribution during the earlier part of the quarter based in the Covid-19 Pandemic, farm labour. Water catchment and storage facilities were identified during the period and RADA is currently reviewing costs of repair for the upcoming planting season.
	in Irish potatoes	date yield: 6,981T seed purchased and distributed – 22,582 x 22.7kg 3 farmers benefitted from sensitization sessions	2500 farmers planted 1200Ha reaped 15000T reaped	planted 1034 farmers planted 270.29ha reaped 3,138.13T reaped	395.5M	140.2M	Farmers faced similar issues as the onion development programme however there was an increase in consumption of the produce. Majority of the produce was sold in the municipal markets.
	# of farmers benefitting under the programme	benefited from the	benefiting from programme		446M	207M	Drought conditions affecting the major production districts. MOAF/RADA provided support with the trucking of water.

¹³ Yield refers to the tonnage reaped up to the time of reporting.
14 Onion and Irish Potato are included in the key crops under the PIP. However, both have individual indicators for the number of farmers benefited.

		MAJOR ACT	FIVITIES/INI	TIATIVES			
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/20	End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments
			-	Strawberry, and Cassava. 15 A total of 165.4ha were established within the targeted parishes 2 of the 6 varieties for trailing secured from Florida University 5,600 seedlings were procured and distributed within the parishes of St Mary, Trelawney, St Andrew and	210M	30.7M	Farmers were advised to practise mulching and the water plants in the early mornings and late afternoon. Reduced budget resulting in the limitation of the execution of activities and in some instances the cancellation of activities due to the Pandemic affected implementation in this financial year.
AGRICULTURA	L PRODUCTION,	 PRODUCTIVITY AN	ND FOOD SECU	Manchester URITY - Agro-In	dustry		
22066 ACP Bridging Project	# of agri-business industries developed and sustained	Strawberry Industry: Completed the construction of the Greenhouse for the Top Mountain Research Station. Construction of the office space is 80% completed. The procurement of 5 strawberry varieties 17 for trailing		Strawberry Industry: Completed construction of the office facility. Final inspection and handing over was done. Tenders for supply of equipment to RD&D, Ja4-H, CASE and RADA were evaluated.			Reduced budget resulting in the limitation of the execution of activities and in some instances the cancellation of activities due for implementation in this financial year. The ACPBP will continue to engage in the procurement

¹⁵ Onion and Irish Potato are included in the key crops under PIP however due to individual indicators for both the number of farmers benefited is calculated separately.

¹⁶ Florida Beauty, Sweet Sensation, Florida Brilliance, Albion and Festival are the varieties of strawberry to tested under the project.

¹⁷ The varieties procured are Florida beauty, Sweet Sensation, Florida Brilliance, Albion and Festival. The application for the importation permit was completed by the Research and Development Division

		MAJOR ACT	TIVITIES/INI	TIATIVES			
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/20	End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments
	# of agri-business	The procurement of lab equipment, storage crates, farm tools, on farm irrigation equipment water storage tanks were contracted for R& DD, Ja. 4-H Clubs, CASE and RADA. Mango Industry:		2 of 6 varieties for trailing secured from Florida University. Permit to be resubmitted in October 2020. Awaiting invoice and royalty documentation from FU to facilitate shipment Mango Industry:			of said identified activities but will not contract unless funding is identified in the supplementary budget.
	industries developed and sustained	Nursery development Procured 960doz mangoes with support from RADA • 1600 seedlings grafted • 5500 seedlings ready for grafting Exported 8,151Kg Julie and East Indian mangoes to the US in July 2019		Study tour was conducted and reports submitted in regards to the design and construction of the modular hot water treatment plant at NMIA Review with IDB and Ministry to identify next steps. Plans to establish mango Agro-park in Spring Plain has commenced. 60% completed repairs on green houses at Bodles			
Agro-Parks Development and Agro- Economic Zone Development	% of infrastructure completed for full operationalization of Agro-Parks	18.54%% infrastructural works completed: • 3 ha of land cleared • 1 km of road upgraded • 2.1km of drains cleared PGR • 24 eye wash	25% infrastructur al work completed: 40.8 ha land cleared 6 km of road upgrade d 8 km of	14.76% of infrastructure works completed • 50.66Ha land cleared • 4km of roads upgraded • 9.477km of drains	87,838 (AIC) 210,30 0 (ACP BP)	83,437 (AIC) 105,161 (ACPBP	Revisions were done to targets given the cut in budget due to COVId-19: • 40.8Ha of land cleared • 6km of road upgraded • 8Km or drains upgraded

		MAJOR ACT	TIVITIES/INI	TIATIVES			
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/20	End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments
		and 20 hand wash units procured 3 stationary bathrooms renovated (AH) 1 producer group office at Amity Hall	drains and verges upgrade d 10 addition al eye/han d wash units procure d	and verges upgraded • 26 eye/hand wash units procured			• Removed 7 GAP compliant bathrooms, 2 producer group offices and 410 acres of park land expanded
Agro-Parks Development and Agro- Economic Zone Development	% of infrastructure completed for full operationalization of Agro-Parks	80% of Spring Garden Agro-Park established and Operational works completed includes: Cadastral and GIS surveying of project Implementatio n of irrigation systems Construction of pump house Supply of and installation of Manifold 19% increase in plantain and banana production The supply of transformers and JPS electrification of the project area Working drawings for packaging facility and approval given by the Portland	Renovation of packaging facility at the spring garden implementati on of the River training activities	Works completed include: Awaiting response from public procurement committee on contract from farm access ways. Bid in the amount of \$70Mwas submitted for review. Contract for refurbish and expansion of the packaging facility was revalidated by the Portland Municipal Corporation The Process for the release of retention has commenced under the contracts for the pipes and fittings,	87,838 (AIC) 210,30 0 (ACP BP)	83,437 (AIC) 105,161 (ACPBP)	Reduced budget resulting in the limitation of the execution of activities and in some instances the cancellation of activities due for implementation in this financial year.

MAJOR ACTIVITIES/INITIATIVES									
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/20	End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments		
Agro-Parks Development and Agro- Economic Zone Development	% of arable lands utilized # of hectares of arable lands utilized	parish Council 75% of arable lands utilized 219.2 ha of arable lands utilized Amity Hall - 36.4 ha Ebony Park - 56.1 ha Spring Plain - 52.2ha PGR - 64.8 ha New F/Duff H - 9.7 ha 206 entrepreneurs	80% of arable land utilized 498Ha of arable lands utilized	pumphouse construction and installation and pumps manifolds. The designs, drawings, bill of quantities and cost estimates have been completed for the river training. Retender will be advertised in October. 61.85% of arable lands 427.24ha of land utilized: — Amity Hall 23.19ha — Ebony Park 98.33ha — Plantain Garden River 25.60ha — Spring Plain 197.5ha — New Forrest/ Duff house 48.56Ha — Yallahs 34.06ha	87,838 (AIC)	83,437 (AIC)	Low and poor water quality have been affecting the Agro Park Farmers.		
Agro-Parks Development and Agro- Economic Zone Development	# of entrepreneurs operating in the Agro-Parks # of persons employed in the Agro-park # of youth, women or targeted minority employed	206 entrepreneurs in the Agro-Parks 634 persons employed in the Agro-park 61 youth, women or targeted minority employed	200 entrepreneur in the Agro- parks 1000 persons employed in the agro- Parks 60 youth, women or targeted minority	entrepreneurs operating within the Agro-parks 725 persons employed in the Agro- parks 30 youth and 34 women investing in agro-parks	21,065	29,921	2 KPI were removed and the third was merged with another KPI		

		MAJOR ACT	TIVITIES/INI	TIATIVES			
Name of Major Activity/ Initiative	Performance Indicators	Major Achievements 2019/20	End-of-year Target 2020/21	Major Achievements (Apr – Dec 2020)	2020/ 2021 Budge t (J\$'00 0)	YTD Expendi ture (J\$'000)	Explanation / Comments
	Kg harvested from the Agro- Park for import substitution and exports	2,639,672Kg harvested	2,688,892kg harvested Amity Hall - 481,381 kg Ebony - 889,040 kg Spring Garden - 603,277kg PGR - 340,194kg NF/DH- 225,000kg Yall- 150,000kg	1,872,999.28 Kg harvested Amity hall – 290,718.92K g EP – 517,916.64K g SP – 136,078Kg PGR – 161,675.74K g NF/DH – 460,145.12K g Yallahs – 306,464.85kg			There is insufficient equipment such as plough, harrow, rotavator, and bedding tool Praedial Larceny is increasing. There is a shortage of planting materials (Seedling).
Agro-Parks Development and Agro- Economic Zone Development	# of developed value chains that mobilized production factors to support youth, women and other target groups.	2 value chain developed – Cassava and Sweet Potato	2 sustainable value chains established	OFF Target			This target was off for the period due to Covid-19

4.0 PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT PLAN

Programme/ Sub- Programme	Strategic Performan ce Area	Descriptio n of Performan ce Issue	Required Improveme nts	Performanc e Improveme nt Indicator [Outcome]	Proposed Corrective Measures	Timeli ne	Budget (J\$'00 0)	Functional Agency/Dep t/ Division
Executive Direction & Administrati on	Client satisfaction with products and services	Low satisfaction rate for external customers	Customer service outreach	% of external customers satisfied with products and services	Mystery shopper program, annual customer satisfaction survey, focus groups, suggestion box	March 2022		CSU/PR/ICT
	Client awareness of MOAF products and services	Low awareness of MICAF products and services	Public awareness campaign	% of customers indicating awareness	Outreach campaign via social media, electronic and print media, visits, road shows	Sept 2021		CSU/PR
	Training of Customer Service staff	Lack of knowledgeab le front line staff	Information provided to customers is timely, accurate and readily available	% frontline staff trained	Training, standardizatio n, implementati on of knowledge database	April 2021- March 2022		CSU/HRD/IC T
	Demographic s of customers	No existing customer database	Knowledge of customers needed in order to better serve their needs Precise knowledge of who are our customers	# of customers captured by database	Develop customer database	April 2021- March 2022		CSU/PR/ICT
	Standardize business processes and turnaround times	Business Processes not documented Process mapping of all products and services	Documentatio n of all business processes Consistent turn- around times for delivering goods and services	# of business processes documented and mapped	Document business processes Process flows, standardizatio n of processing time for each product and service	April 2021- March 2022		CSU/DIAS/IC T
	Customer Communicati on	No existing formal Customer Feedback System efficient and effective mechanisms for customer	Formal Customer Feedback System Integrated telephone systems, live webchat, WhatsApp	# of media available for customers to provide feedback on MICAF product and services	Develop and implement Customer Feedback System Install proper communicatio ns support at all MOAF	April 2021- March 2022		CSU/ICT

Programme/ Sub- Programme	Strategic Performan ce Area	Descriptio n of Performan ce Issue	Required Improveme nts	Performanc e Improveme nt Indicator [Outcome]	Corrective Measures	Timeli ne	Budget (J\$'00 0)	Functional Agency/Dep t/ Division
		to communicat e with MOAF			service points			
	Customer service shared integrated model	No active Integrated customer service model of MOAF and its entities	Activate a customer service shared Integrated model of MOAF and its entities through the Customer Service Improvement Team Research and partnerships	# of Customer Service Improveme nt Team meetings conducted quarterly	Maintain a robust Integrated model of MICAF and its entities through the work of the Customer Service Improvement Team Linkages across the MDAs	April 2021- March 2022		CSU/MDAs
	Complaints management system	No existing Complaints Management System Reliable feedback system across MDAs	Implementati on of integrated complaints management system	% complaints resolved within standard	CSU to generate monthly help desk report of all MDAs. document complaints and resolutions to address root cause of problem to prevent recurrence	April 2021- March 2022		CSU/ICT/MD As

5.0 MOAF'S STRATEGY MAP

MOAF'S Priority Policies

Promote Market-Driven Production

Establish a National Livestock Framework Build a Road Map for Youth in Agriculture and Agribusiness

Implement the Agri-Business Sector Strategy

Implement the Modernization of the Agricultural sector Programme Build a Resilient and Sustainable Fisheries sub-sector

Strengthen the capacity of Ministry and entities to efficiently and effectively implement policies, programmes and projects



Stakeholder Perspective

Standards-led Market Driven Sector

- · Market standards
- Customer value
- Tourism & Manufacturing linkages
- Innovation & use of technology
- SDGs Outcomes
- Multilaterals & CARICOM results

Empowerment of Farming and Fishing Communities

- Increased Production and productivity of local produce
- Improve technical capacity
- Agro-parks/AEZs
- Reduce praedial larceny

Enabling/Competitive Agriculture and Agri-Business Environment

- PPPs

- Export expansion
- Trade facilitation & reduce red-tape
- Access to Finance
- Foreign & Direct Investments
- Cheaper inputs

Climate resilient Environment & Sustainable Development

- · Hazard/Disaster risk reduction
- Climate Change/mitigation/adaption
- Waste management
- Water access

Strong MSME Sector

- Expansion, productivity & sophistication of the MSME's
- Entrepreneurial inclusion
- Intersect oral linkages
- Rights and protection of the Intellectual properties

Improved Budget Management

Public and Financial Perspective

- Improved Expenditure Management
- Improved value for money

Improved Aggregate Financial Management & Governance

- Improved resource mobilization
- Improve asset utilization
- Fiscal Sustainability
- Improved cost structure
- · Strengthened transparency and accountability

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Internal Business Process Perspective (Products & Services MOAF)

Improved Public Service Delivery

- · Agricultural extension services
- Plant and animal quarantine (pest and Disease surveillance, prevention and mitigation
- Food Storage inspection
- · Education and training
- Agri-Business registration
- Business development and support services for agro-entrepeneur
- · Regulatory and legislative capacity
- Food &nutrition security, safety& value creation
- Regulatory and environment process

Effective Policy, Programme and Project Management & Implementation

- Coordination and legislation of priority legislation, policy programmes and major investment projects
- Effective response to government obligations under international treaties and agreements
 Implementation of strategies toward the Sustainable Development
- Goals (SDGs)& CARICOM
- National Policies &Frameworks (quality market access, fisheries governance and management, Blue Economy, Medical Cannabis)

Perfor

 Infrastructure (irrigation, roads, storage, processing, equipment, technology and central market hubs)

Operational Excellence

- Strategic Planning and Budgeting
- M&E and Statistics
- Financial Risks Management, Control Compliance and Audits
- Resource Management (Procurement)
- Privatisation, Merger, Redevelopment and Reform
- Simplified and streamlined bureaucracy
- National Spatial Planning/Open Data

Learning and Growth Perspective

Improving Human and Organization and Institutional Capacities

- Integrated human resources with Government's initiatives/ strategies
- Capacity development

Science, Integrated Technology and Innovation

- Expanded access, efficient, cost efficient, secure products, services and on-line solutions
- Facilitate the transfer, adaption and creation of new technologies and innovations
- Research and Development

Reshaping MOAF

- Improved performance and quality ISO culture and mechanisms of accountability and anti-corruption
- Good governance, prioritization and resultsbased management
- · Transformed and modernised laboratories

6.0 PROGRAMME ACTIVITY ARCHITECTURE

National Goal



National Out

MOAF's Vision and Mission

Priority Policies





Major Activities/ Initiatives



Key Performance Indicators

GOAL 3: JAMAICA'S ECONOMY IS PROSPEROUS

Out12: Internationally Competitive Industry Structures in Agriculture and Fisheries Out13: Sustainable Management and Use of Environmental and Natural Resource Out 14: Hazard Risk Reduction & Adaptation to Climate Change

By 2030, MOAF has achieved innovative, inclusive, sustainable and internationally competitive agriculture sector

The Ministry will create an enabling environment which grows and sustains industries in agriculture and fisheries sector while fostering gender equality and social inclusion in all our policies, programmes and projects

PP7. Strengthen the capacity of the Ministry and its portfolio entities to implement priority initiatives effectively and efficiently

1.0 Executive Direction & Administration (#001)

To improve access to, utilization and availability of quality products and services, while optimizing the use of resources. **Budget: 1.35B**

- 1.1 Central Administration (#01) \$1.075B
- 1.2 Policy, Planning, and Development (#02) -\$271.99M
- **1.1.1** Financial Management
- 1.1.2 Human Resources Management
- 1.1.3 Administration and asset management
- 1.1.4 Information Technology & Communication
- 1.1.5 Documentation & records management
- 1.1.6 Governance audit and compliance
- 1.2.1 Strategic Direction & Performance Management
- **1.2.2** Executive Oversight and Support
- 1.2.3 Policy and Planning
- 1.2.4 Stakeholder engagement and Partnerships
- 1. Customer satisfaction and retention (customer service rating)
- 2. Extent to which the programmes, projects and policies being implemented have had the desired impact on target population
- 3. Expenditure as a percentage of budget
- 4. % of target plans, policies and legislations developed and amended to respond to sector issues and policy directives
- 5. % improvement in financial resources (budget) utilised: level of outputs achieved (projects)

PP1. Promoting Market-Driven Production PP2. Establishing a National Livestock Framework PP3. Building a Road Map for Youth in Agriculture and Agribusiness PP4. Implementing the Agri-Business Sector Strategy PP5. Building a Resilient and Sustainable Fisheries Sub-Sector PP6. Strengthening

2.0 Agricultural Production, Productivity & Food Security (#181)

To increase agricultural production by at least 15% to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2025 **Budget: \$8.31B (recurrent) \$1.286B (capital)**

- 2.1 Agricultural Health & Food Safety (#20) -\$958.98M
- 2.2 Agricultural Research & Development (#21) \$451.71M
- 2.3 Irrigation Services (#22) **\$2.16B**
- 2.4 Fisheries Development (#23) \$270.49M

- 2.5 Agricultural Extension Services (#24) \$3.43B
- 2.6 Management of Public Gardens & Zoos (#25) \$99.465M
- 2.7 Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship (#26) \$275.39M
- 2.8 Agro-Industry Development (#27) \$656.23M

- 2.1.1 Canine Detection Initiative
- 2.1.2 Pest and Disease Surveillance and Mgmt.
- 2.1.3 Export Facilitation
- 2.1.4 Frosty Pod Rot Mgmt. Project
- 2.1.5 Implementation of the National Seed Policy
- 2.1.6 Expansion of Insemination and Embryo Transfer Services
- 2.1.7 National Animal Identification and Traceability System
- 2.1.8 Land Mgmt. Services
- 2.1.9 Soil Fertility and Health Development
- 2.2.1 Collaborative Research Support Services
- 2.2.2 Crop and Plant Protection Research
- 2.2.3 Animal Breeding and Husbandry/Livestock Research
- 2.2.4 Epidemiology and Surveillance
- 2.3.1 Rehabilitation of Research Centres (\$150M)
- 2.3.2Rehabilitation of Irrigation Infrastructure
- 2.3.3 Pedro Plains, other Feasibility Studies and Irrigation Plan
- 2.3.4 Irrigation Projects: EVADP & SPAD (\$605M & \$300M)
- 2.4.1 Registration and licensing of fishers (US\$1.2M)
- % increase in agricultural production to meet targeted markets – domestic, exports (including Hotels and Restaurants) and manufacturing
- Decrease in select products under the food import bill
- 8. % contribution of the fisheries industry to GDP
- # of agricultural enterprises using trade agreements to access markets

- 2.4.2 Marine Fisheries Development
- 2.4.3 Aquaculture Development New and underutilized Fisheries
- 2.4.4 Promoting Community Based Climate Fisheries Resilience (\$102M)
- 2.5.1 Farm Roads Rehabilitation Project (\$650M)
- 2.5.2 Production Incentive Programme (\$1.02B)
- 2.5.3 Farmer Training
- 2.5.4 Competitive Development Programme
- 2.5.5 Implementation of Climate Smart Framework & Strategy Plan 2020 2030
- **2.6.1** Conservation and maintenance of biodiversity in Public Gardens and Scenic Avenues
- 2.6.2 Public Gardens expansion and rehabilitation projects
- 2.7.1 Agribusiness training/scholarships for youth
- 2.8.1 ACP Bridging Project (\$128.7M)
- 2.8.2 Production and productivity traditional export crops (cocoa, coffee, banana, dairy, sugarcane)
- 2.8.3 Agro-parks and agro-zones development (FACE)
- 10. % arable lands in production
- 11. % youth trained/benefitted from interventions that remain in agriculture/agribusiness
- 12. # of agro-parks and agro-zones established and operational
- 13. % increase in export crops (new and traditional)
- 14. % reduction/ maintenance of pests and disease in select plants and animals

7.0 PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION

PROGRAMME: 01 EXECUTIVE DIRECTION AND ADMINISTRATION

PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE:

To improve access to, utilization and availability of quality products and services, while optimizing the use of resources.

SUPPORTING GOJ POLICY PRIORITY:

Strengthen the capacity of Ministry and the policy framework to address the issues of the agriculture, fisheries, manufacturing and services sector.

Description & Context

The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries is always seeking to raise its bar on performance, especially regarding the delivery of first-class service to its clients. The Ministry is, therefore, in a continuous cycle of development and enhancement of itself as a regulator and a service delivery entity. Parallel to this is the major financial constraints which have resulted in an ad hoc roll out of major changes; and inadequate human resource skills.

The Executive Direction and Administration Programme support the general administration, planning and overall management of the Ministry. It is primarily concerned with the formulation, initiation, review and evaluation of policies for the effective management of the Ministry's programmes and projects; the preparation of plans and budgets for implementing the policies of the Ministry, supervision of the implementation of approved policies by the divisions and agencies of the Ministry, the exercise of budgetary control over the funds appropriated to the Ministry for its use; and the provision of centralised services, such as financial management, accounting, personnel and other administrative services required to support the Ministry's operations.

For 2021/22 - 2024/25, the Ministry, through this programme, will focus on the restructuring of critical Divisions/ Agencies; and facilitating the strengthening of the institutional capacity of the Ministry (policy priority 8). The Ministry will embark on the following initiatives under this programme:

- 6) Policy, Legislative and Planning framework for agriculture development and response to strategic issues concerning the agriculture sector such as Agricultural Produce Act amendment; Agri-business Sector Strategy
- 7) Restructuring of critical Divisions and Entities
- 8) Restructure of the previously merged Ministry to MOAF
- 9) On-going accreditation of select laboratories and entities for tests and inspection respectively
- 10) Mergers and corporate governance initiatives such as
 - vi. Complete operationalization of JACRA incorporating Banana Board regulatory functions
 - vii. Operationalization of the National Fisheries Authority
 - viii. Implementation of recommendations for PQ/PI branch restructuring

PROGRAMM	E: 01 EXECUTIVE DIRECTION AND ADMINISTI	RATION						
	ix. Operationalization of MOAF's Customer Service	es Unit						
	x. Developing and implementing improvement	programmes under						
	Business Continuity Planning; Change M	Ianagement; Service						
	Delivery; Performance Management; Knowled	lge Management and						
	Business Processes; and Customer Service.							
	Furthermore, this programme will oversee the implementatio	n of the COVID-19						
	Response to the Agricultural Sector Project.							
	These initiatives will be achieved under its two (2) sub-programmer Central Direction and (2) Policy, Planning and Development.	rammes; they are (1)						
Vision 2030 National Goal	Sector Outcome: Strengthen the capacity of Government to	Budget No.: 01						
3: Jamaica's Economy is	play a supporting role including the legislative, regulatory,							
Prosperous	institutional and policy framework for industries in the agriculture and fisheries sector.	Budget: \$1.5B						
Vision 2030 National	Contribution to GOJ Strategic Priority: Inclusive Sustainable	Economic Growth						
Outcome: Internationally	& Job Creation	_						
Competitive Structures	The Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries (MOAF) has been							
	responsibility of creating an enabling environment for the susta							
	Agriculture and Fisheries sector. In order to achieve the desire							
	growth and job creation, the Ministry through this programm							
	developing and strengthening the policy and regulatory framework							
	towards local production, import substitution and export expansi							
	MOAF's continuous modernisation and transformation of its seinternal and external stakeholders enabling a greater effectivene							
	programmes and projects.	ss rate or its poncies,						
	programmes and projects.							

		01 EX		RECTION AND ESULTS MATR	ADMINISTRAT	TION			
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate		(Forecast) & Co		Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
01 Executive Direction and Administration	Capacity of Ministry and its Agencies to address its key stakeholders strengthened	Outcome: Customer Service Satisfaction and retention (customer Service rating)	60% (Cabinet Office)	80%	60%	≥80%	≥80%	≥80%	Corporate Services
		Outcome: Extent to which the programmes, projects and policies being implemented have had the desired impact on target population	-	Evaluation Instrument developed	-	-	-	>90%	SPPMED Economic Planning and Policy Directorate
	Comprehensive Planning Framework to guide the development of select industries/ sectors	Outcome: # of initiatives that are ahead of target/complete	80% of initiatives under 10 public investment projects achieved	70% of initiatives under 10 public investment projects achieved	>80% of initiatives under projects on target or completed within timeline and budget	>80% of initiatives under projects on target or completed	>85% of initiatives under projects on target or completed within timeline and budget	>90% of initiatives under projects on target or completed	PMCD SPPMED

		01 EX		RECTION AND ESULTS MATR	ADMINISTRAT	TION			
Programme/ Sub- programme	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected Outturn	Estimate 2021/22	Projection 2022/23	(Forecast) & C 2023/24	osts (\$'000) 2024/25	Agency/ Dept/ Div
01 Executive Direction and Administration	Efficiency use of financial resources	Outcome: Expenditure as a % of Budget			> 97% for recurrent > 80% for projects	> 97% for recurrent > 80% for projects	> 97% for recurrent > 80% for projects	> 97% for recurrent > 80% for projects	Finance Division
			SU	B-PROGRAMN	MES				
Central Direction Objective: To improve operational effectiveness and efficiency, governance, and	Improved service delivery of MOAF and its portfolio entities	Outcome: # and type of modernized/ transformed initiatives completed	2 – Procurement Unit expanded Customer Service Unit est.	Submission of R&D organizational Structure	AIC/ AMC/ ASSPFL/ADC merged Merger of JACRA and	2 – R&D Authority PQ/PI Division	JAS restructured	Z – TBD	Corporate Services
human and organisational capabilities of the Ministry. Budget		Output: % of staff trained in select areas	20%	25%	Banana Board ≥30%	≥40%	≥45%	≥60%	Corporate Services
No.:01/01 Budget : \$1.2B		Output: # of MOAF records automated/digitized	Imp. MyHR+ commenced	MyHR+ piloted				≥2	Corporate Services

		01 EX		RECTION AND ESULTS MATR	ADMINISTRA RIX	TION			
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	•	(Forecast) & Co		Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
Central Direction	Improved service delivery of MOAF and	Efficiency: % of internal clients satisfied	None	58.6% (Cabinet Office)	≥80%	≥80%	≥80%	≥80%	Corporate Services
Objective: To improve operational effectiveness	its portfolio entities	Efficiency: % of audit queries resolved within agreed timeframe	85%	95%	>95%	>95%	>95%	>95%	SPPMED
and efficiency, governance, and human and organisational		Effectiveness: % reduction in audit queries	TBD	TBD	-	-	-	>20%	SPPMED/ Internal Audit
capabilities of the Ministry.		Efficiency: % of claims processed for vendors within agreed timeframe	>80%	>85%	>85%	>90%	>90%	>95%	Finance Division
To achieve at least 70% performance for internal service delivery to staff enabling them to perform their functions. Budget No.: 01/01		Effectiveness: % of performance targets from priority programmes and projects achieved within time and budget	60%	72%	≥80%	≥85%	≥88%	≥90%	SPPMED

		01 EX		RECTION AND ESULTS MATR	ADMINISTRAT	ΓΙΟΝ			
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projection	(Forecast) & Co	osts (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub-	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
programme				Outturn					
Budget: \$1.2B		of Projects completed within approved budget and timelines	13 capital projects	-	1	-	-	>95%	PMCD SPPMED
Policy, Planning and Development Objective: To improve the	Comprehensive planning and regulatory e framework for select industries	Outcome: # of select industries with supporting planning and policy framework	4 projects submitted to PIMSEC	1 – Castor Bean	2	2	2	2	Economic Planning
quality and responsiveness of policy planning and research instruments to address sector issues. Budget No.: 01/02 Budget: \$ 558M		Output: # of produce with updated cost of production data	1 COP Manual with 15 crops and 1 livestock	1 Manual with 20 crops and 3 livestock	23	23	23	23	Economic Planning

PROGRAMME 181: AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY

PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE:

To increase agricultural production by at least 15% to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2024

SUPPORTING GOJ POLICY PRIORITY:

Resilient and Competitive Agricultural Sector

Description & Context

The Ministry recognizes that to optimize production and productivity across the agriculture, manufacturing and service sector, implementation of market-driven research for select industries should be prioritize and given concentrated funding.

The agricultural production, productivity and food security programme focuses on the increase in domestic production (food and nutrition security); export production (tourism, diaspora and CARICOM), targeted niche markets and industrial production (local inputs to manufacturing) through research, access to finance; access to key infrastructure such as irrigated lands, processing facilities and farm roads; marketing information, training in good agricultural and manufacturing practices, incentives and the formation of public-private partnerships. It is the promotion of the production and productivity of select crops/livestock which are categorized in terms of their value-added and export potential, import substitution and commodity profile within the context of adaptability to climate smart management and agronomic practices.

Parallel to the above, 2021/22 – 2024/25, the Programme will focus on the implementation of five (5) main industries and their emerging markets and trends. They are the:

- 1. Fisheries & Aquaculture Industries
- 2. Castor Bean Industry
- 3. Sea-Island Cotton Industry
- 4. Agri-Business Strategy

It has eight (8) sub-programmes; they are Agro-Industry Development, Youth in Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development; Agricultural Health and Food Safety, Agricultural Extension Service, Agricultural Research & Development, Irrigation Services, Fisheries Development and Management of Zoos and Gardens.

The main initiatives under this programme are (1) Agricultural Competitiveness Programme Bridging Project; (2) Promoting Community-Based Climate Resilience Fisheries Project; (3) Frosty Pod Rot Management Project; (4) Farm Roads Rehabilitation Project; (5) Production Incentive Programme; (6) Rehabilitation of Research Centres; and (7) Irrigation Development Projects – Essex Valley Agricultural Development Project, South Plains Agricultural Development Project, Feasibility Studies and Rehabilitation of Irrigation Infrastructure

National Goal 3: Jamaica's Economy is Prosperous

National Goal 4: Jamaica has a Healthy Environment

Sector Outcome: (1) Strengthen the framework for greater competitiveness of a diversified range of products and increased agricultural output particularly crops, livestock and aquaculture.

- (2) Increase the resilience of the agriculture sector to natural hazards and impacts of climate change
- (3) Promote National Food and Nutrition Security and Food Safety

Budget No.: 181

Budget: \$6.2B

PROGRAMME 181	PROGRAMME 181: AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY							
N. d. Lo.								
National Outcome 12: Internationally Competitive Agriculture [and Fisheries] Sector	Contribution to GOJ Strategic Priority: Inclusive Sustainable Economic Growth & Job Creation For the last ten years, the agricultural sector has been the provider for 16 – 20% of the employed labour force and a significant input to the growth of manufacturing, tourism and service sector. The targeted development of the agricultural sector will ensure sustainable growth including a resilient food system ensuring food and nutrition security.							

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL PI		PRODUCTIVIT S MATRIX	TY AND FOOD S	SECURITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub-	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
programme				Outturn					
181	Increased	Outcome: %	678.4T for						,
Agricultural	and	increase in	domestic						
Production,	sustainable	agricultural	production						Rural
Productivity	livelihoods	production to		Priority					Agricultural
and Food	for farmers	meet targeted	3,400 ha of	crops prod					Development
Security	and fishers	markets –	priority crops	'n exp. 18				50% total:	Authority
		domestic, exports	est.		_	_	_		(RADA)
		and		4 shipment	-	-	_	25% - 100% self-	
		manufacturing	85% and 6%	of mangoes				sufficiency. 19	Agro-
		input	self-	exported to					Investment
			sufficiency in	US					Corporation
			irish potato						(AIC)
			and onion						
			resp.						
		Outcome: %	7.9% increase						
		decrease in select	in food import	TBD	Ongoing	On-going	On-going	10% reduction in	AIC
		products on the	bill	155	initiatives	initiatives	initiatives	bill	1110
		food import bill	OIII						

Priority crops include for Import substitution (1) Irish Potato, (2) Onion, (3) Strawberry; for Export Production (4) Pineapple, (5) Yam, (6) Ginger; for Manufacturing Input production (7) Pepper, (8) Cassava, (9) Dasheen

19 Self-sufficiency for irish potato (100%), onion (60%) and strawberry (25%)

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX												
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Agency/				
Sub-	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div				
programme		Outcome: %		Outturn					National				
		contribution of the fisheries industry to GDP	0.3	0.54	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	Fisheries Authority (NFA)				
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	Increased and sustainable livelihoods for farmers and fishers	Outcome: # of agricultural enterprises using free trade agreements to access markets	1 trade mark and 3 GIs ²⁰ - 2015 and 2017	Stakeholder meetings on GI for other agricultural produce/ products	Ongoing work on GI ²¹ work	Ongoing work on GI work	Ongoing work on GI work	≥1 GI/TM w/benefits to producers					
		Outcome: % of arable lands in agricultural production	>60%	>60%	>80%	>80%	>85%	>90%	SCJ Holdings/ AIC				
	Minimize	Outcome: %	NO STRAIN	NO	Increase				VSD				
	risks for	increase in the awareness and	detected via surveillance ²²	STRAIN detected via	surveillance to 60% for	Ongoing	Ongoing	Ongoing					
		usage of pest/	of	Surveillance	cattle and	surveillance	surveillance	surveillance					
	exotic pests,	disease mgmt and	10% of pig	of	10% of								

Blue Mtn coffee certified under trade mark and is recognized as GI and Geographical indications for Jamaican jerk (2015) and rum (2017)

Jamaica has selected sixty-four (64) products for possible GI under the EU-Cariforum. Stakeholder consultations are still being conducted to select top 10. It is expected that at least 1 produce/ product will receive GI and/or trademark and at least another nine (9) will commence and be initiated Surveillance for Foot and Mouth Disease in Cattle; Avian Influenza for chickens and Classical Swine Fever /African Swine Fever

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL PI		PRODUCTIVIT S MATRIX	TY AND FOOD S	ECURITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projection	n (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
	diseases and food pathogens	food storage practices	farms, 5% of pig pop, 40% of cattle; all commercial boiler/layer farms	10% of pig farms, 5% of pig population, 40% of cattle; all commercial boiler/layer farms	backyard poultry farm				
		Output: # of risk analyses/risk assessments and pest/disease investigations conducted	8	12	12	12	12	12	VSD
181 Agricultural Production,	Efficient and effective use of	\$ value to implement programme (\$M)			6,188.5	6,494.7	6,698.7	6,908.3	Finance Division
Productivity and Food Security	financial resources	\$ value funds garnered for programme implementation (\$M)			0.971	1.0	1.05	1.09	Finance Division

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX									
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projection	n (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Agency/	
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div	
Agricultural Health and Food Safety Objective: To reduce biological risk from plant and	Increased adherence to plant health, animal health, and food safety standards	Outcome: Disease free status and Pest-free status for select animal diseases and plant pests respectively	On-going surveillance of select diseases and pests ²³	On-going surveillance of select diseases and pests	On-going surveillance of select diseases and pests	On-going surveillance of select diseases and pests	On-going surveillance of select diseases and pests	On-going surveillance of select diseases and pests	VSD and PQ/PI ACPBP	
plant by- products, animal and animal by- products, and food	Increased adherence to plant health, animal health, and	Outcome: % of human population reported with zoonotic and animal product related illness	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	< 0.1%	Veterinary Services Division (VSD)	
To increase access of local industries to targeted export	food safety standards	Output: # of lab tests conducted for food borne diseases – microbiology/ residue lab			3,125 mico 125 residue	3,125 mico 125 residue	3,125 mico 125 residue	3,125 mico 125 residue	VSD	

²³ Disease and pests include African Swine Fever, Foot and Mouth disease for Cattle, Avian Influenza

		181 AGR1	CULTURAL PI		PRODUCTIVIT S MATRIX	TY AND FOOD S	ECURITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & C	Costs (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub-	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
programme				Outturn					
markets									
Budget No.:									
181/20									
101,20									
Budget: \$851									
M									
Agricultural	Increased	Output: Number							
Health and	adherence	of import permit	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	10.000	WCD
Food Safety	to plant	issued	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	VSD
	health, animal								
	health, and	Output: # of							
	food safety	Aircrafts/ Ships/	450 air crafts	450 air crafts	250 aircrafts	250 aircrafts	300 aircrafts	400 aircrafts and	
	standards	shipping	and 300 Ships	and 300	and 80 ships	and 80 ships	and 100 ships	300 ships	VSD
		containers	and 500 Simps	Ships	and oo sinps	and oo sinps	and 100 ships	300 snips	
		inspected ²⁴							
		Output: # of							
		animal and							
		products of	50	50	10	10	10	20	VSD
		animal origin inspected							
		mspected							

²⁴ Premises includes farms, processing and food storage facilities

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX												
Programme/ Sub-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected	Estimate 2021/22	Projectio 2022/23	n (Forecast) & C 2023/ 24	Costs (\$'000) 2024/25	Agency/ Dept/ Div				
programme				Outturn	2021,22	2022/20	2020, 21	202 1/20	P ·				
Agricultural Health and Food Safety	Increased adherence to plant	Efficiency: # of Animal tagged under NAITS	6,443 cattle	7,000 cattle	5,000 Cattle	5,000 Cattle	7,000 Cattle	8,000 Cattle	VSD				
Budget No.: 181/20 Budget: \$851 M	health, animal health, and food safety standards	Extent to which food borne illnesses; zoonotic disease emerge	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.1%	VSD				
Incr	Increase access to markets	Output: # of animals inseminated/ access to semen	400 animals 3000 semen straws in banks	3,000 semen straws in banks	600 animals 2,000 semen straws	800 animals 2,000 semen straws	1,000 animals 5,000 semen straws	1,200 animals 7,000 semen straws	VSD				
		Output: # of health certificates issued for exports	700	700	> 700	> 700	> 700	> 700	VSD				
		Effectiveness: Conception rate in cattle population (%)	50%	50%	50%	50%	55%	60%	VSD				

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL PE		PRODUCTIVIT S MATRIX	TY AND FOOD S	ECURITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projection	n (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub-	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
programme				Outturn					
Agricultural	Increased	Outcome: % of			50%	40%	30%	20%	
Health and	adherence	new quarantine			(2.5 pest in 5	(2 pest in 5	(1.5 pest in 5	(1 pest in 5 years)	
Food Safety	to plant	pest identified and	60%		years)	years)	years)		Plant
	health,	containment	(3 pest in 5		***	***	***	\$10,000,000	Quarantine
Budget No.:	animal	measures	years)	N/A	\$10,000,000	\$10,000,000	\$10,000,000		& Produce
181/20	health, and	implemented	,						Inspection
D. J. o.4.	food safety								(PQD)
Budget: \$851 M	standards								
		Effectiveness: #	Thirty one		Two	Two Standards	Two	Two Standards	
		of IPPC Standard	(31) IPPC	NT/ A	Standards	adopted	Standards	adopted	non
		reviewed &	standards	N/A	adopted		adopted		PQD
		implemented	adopted (% of						
		Outnute Number	43) PQ	Existing	Nama ana Pa	Dagionalization	Completion	Operationalization	
		Output: Number of	modernization	structure	Nursery & Clean seed	Regionalization of the PQ	of upgraded	of PQ	
		Recommendations	plan approved	Structure	certification,	Branch	post	modernization	
		of the PQ	pian approved	Treatment	Canine	Dranen	post	modermzation	
		Modernization		facility	Programme,				
		accepted and		(Fumigation)	Surveillance				PQD
		implemented		, <i>G 7-2-7</i>	unit				
		•		GeNs					
				Ephyto		\$7,000,000	\$7,000,000		
				System	\$29,000,000			\$7,000,000	

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX												
Programme/ Sub-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected	Estimate 2021/22	Projectio 2022/23	n (Forecast) & (2023/ 24	Costs (\$'000) 2024/25	Agency/ Dept/ Div				
programme				Outturn	2021/22	2022/20	2020/ 21	2021/20					
Agricultural Health and Food Safety	Increased adherence to plant	Outcome: % Increase of the PVS score			Establishment of Canine programme	Establishment of Canine programme	Expanding canine programme	Maintaining Canine Program					
Budget No.: 181/20	health, animal health, and food safety				(phase 1 - Kingston) \$10,000,000	(phase 2- Mobay) \$14,000,000	(sustainability year) – includes reaching	\$20,000,000	PQD				
Budget: \$851 M	standards						cruise ships \$14,000,000						
	Increase access to markets	Output: # of certified Nurseries registered.	Four (4) production nurseries registered currently producing 5000 certified lime plants per year meeting the certification standard		\$1,000,000 Four (4) production nurseries registered producing 7,500 certified lime plants per year meeting the certification standard	\$1,500,000 Four (4) Production nurseries registered producing 10,000 certified lime plants per year meeting the certification standard	\$1,750,000 Five (5) Production Nurseries registered producing 13,500 lime plants per year meeting the certification standard	\$2,000,000 Five (5) Production Nurseries registered producing 13,500 lime plants per year meeting the certification standard	PQD				

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL PI		PRODUCTIVIT S MATRIX	TY AND FOOD S	ECURITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projection	n (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub-	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
programme				Outturn					
Agricultural	Decrease in	Output:							
Research &	cost of	#/volume of							R&D
Development	production	clean" ²⁵ planting	2 crops	6 crops	6 crops	6 crops	6 crops	6 crops	
	for select	material ready for							
Objective:	produce and	distribution							
To increase	livestock	Efficiency: %		Straw-berry					
the access of		increase in		Green-house					R&D
new and		plantlets	0 - straw-	at TM		50%			K&D
technologies		production for	berry	Research		3070			ACPBP
increasing		select crops		station					ACIDI
climate				constructed					
resilience,		Effectiveness: %							
production		of new							
and		technologies	50%	60%	>90%	>90%	>90%	>90%	R&D
productivity		climate resilient	3070	0070	/90/0	<i>>907</i> 0	/90/0	/90/0	K&D
		and with high							
		productivity							
Budget No.:		Output: Hectares			_				
181/21		of Land with	8,742 ha	9,482 ha	10,120 ha	10,649 ha	12,614 ha	13,149 ha	NIC
		irrigation (service	0,742 118	9,402 IId	10,120 Hd	10,049 118	12,014 118	15,149 11a	NIC
Budget:		areas)							

²⁵ Clean – disease-free planting material. This includes the priority crops and select fruit trees

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX												
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Agency/				
Sub-	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div				
programme				Outturn									
\$689 M	Increase	Output: Value of											
	production	Water sales	532,900	581,020	609,200	619,600	675,130	783,120	NIC				
	and	Revenue (NIC)	332,900	361,020	009,200	019,000	073,130	765,120	NIC				
	productivity	(\$M)											
Fisheries	Increased	Outcome: %											
Development	compliance	compliance to	10%						National				
	among	licensing		18%	20%	25%	30%	35%	Fisheries				
Objective:	fisheries and	requirements	(12,000 active	1 6 70	2070	2370	3070	3370	Authority				
To improve	aquaculture	among fishers and	fishers)						(NFA)				
the economic,	stakeholders	aquaculture											
social and	Increased	Output: # of											
ecological	compliance	programmes	3 ²⁶ (FLRS,										
value of	among	implemented to	MCE, PA)	3	3	3	3	3	NFA				
capture	fisheries and	realize	WICE, IA)										
fisheries &	aqua-	compliance											
aquaculture	culture	Efficiency:											
while	stake-	Extent to which											
increasing	holders	the activities were	200/	400/	505	5.5 0/	600/	C 701	N. 187. A				
fisheries		implemented to	38%	40%	505	55%	60%	65%	NFA				
contribution		realize											
to GDP to		compliance											
0.6% by 2024	Improved	Outcome: % of	15%	15%	30%	30%	43%	43%	NFA				

²⁶ Fisheries Licencing and Registration System (FLRS); Monitoring Control and Enforcement (MCE) and Public Awareness (PA)

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY													
	RESULTS MATRIX													
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & C	Costs (\$'000)	Agency/					
Sub-	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/ 24	2024/25	Dept/ Div					
programme				Outturn										
	conservation	select fisheries	1 – Conch		+1 – Sea		+1 – lobster							
Budget No.:	and	along the value	Fishery Mgmt		Cumber		Fishery							
181/23	manage-	chain optimised	Plan 2018		Mgmt Plan		Mgmt Plan							
	ment of													
Budget:	fishery	(7 mgmt plans					Review of							
\$261 M	resources	implemented)					Conch							

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL F		, PRODUCTIVITY TS MATRIX	AND FOOD SECU	URITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & Cos	ts (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/
Titule and an	T	O		Outturn					Div
Fisheries	Improved	Outcome: %							
Development	conservation	of coastal							
Ohiostino	and manage-	fishery water (down to 30							
Objective:	ment of fishery	(3%	3%	5%	5%	7%	7%	NFA
To improve the economic, social	resources	meters) protected as							
and ecological	resources	Fish							
value of capture		Sanctuaries							
fisheries &		Efficiency: %	15%						_
aquaculture while		of mgmt.	1370						
increasing		plans	1- Conch						
fisheries		reviewed	mgmt. plan	15%	15%	15%	15%	30%	NFA
contribution to		within 5 yrs	reviewed						
GDP to 0.6% by		within 5 yis	(2017)						
2024	Increased	Outcome: %	0.54%						
	benefits and	contribution	0.6 170	0.54%				0.6%	
Budget No.:	access to	to GDP and		3.5					
181/23	markets	increase	New target						NFA
	from the	income		20%	60%	60%	80%	80%	
Budget: \$261 M	Blue	opportunities							
	economy for	Outcome: %	1100 1/15						
	Jamaicans	increase in	1100 MT						
		fish	(tilonia	1,200 MT	2%	5%	8%	10%	NFA
		production from	(tilapia prod'n only)						

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL I		, PRODUCTIVITY TS MATRIX	AND FOOD SECU	URITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & Cos	ts (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/
				Outturn					Div
		aquaculture							
		(tilapia)							
		Outcome: %							
		increase of							
		seed stock for	1.5M stock	0%	10%	15%	15%	15%	NFA
		Tilapia &							
	-	oysters							
Fisheries		Output: %							
Development		increase of targeted ²⁷ new							
Objective:		or under-							
To improve the		utilized	0	17%	67%	67%	83%	100%	NFA
economic, social		Fisheries	U	17/0	0770	0770	0370	10070	INFA
and ecological		Developed							
value of capture		within the							
fisheries &		next five years							
aquaculture while	Increase	Outcome:							
increasing	investments	% increase in	550 acres	550 acres	5%	5%	5%	5%	NFA
fisheries	in	acreage of	330 acres	330 acres	370	3 %0	370	370	INFA
contribution to	aquaculture	aquaculture							

²⁷ NFA will be targeting 6 new underdeveloped fisheries by 2024. These include Live Lobsters, Glass Eels, Sea Cucumber, Sea Urchins and off-shore pelagics (Small scale & large producers).

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL I		, PRODUCTIVITY TS MATRIX	AND FOOD SEC	URITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	on (Forecast) & Cos	ts (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/
				Outturn					Div
GDP to 0.6% by 2024		production.							
Budget No.: 181/23 Budget: \$261 M		Output: # of acres of fish ponds renovated/ constructed.	20 acres	15 acres	15%	20%	25%	25%	NFA
		Effectiveness: % of clients served	56%	56%	69%	70%	72.25%	73.5%	NFA
Agricultural Extension Services Objective: To increase the	Increase earnings for farmers	Output: # of Farmers trained ²⁸ (% of youth and/or women to benefit)	39,000 With 9,000 youth benefitting	39,000	42,000 > 30% Y/W	42,000 > 30% Y/W	42,000 > 30% Y/W	42,000 > 30% Y/W	RADA JBDC
use of new and best-fit technologies for climate resilience,		Output: # of agro- processing incubators	7	7	8	8	10	10	RADA

²⁸ Farmers are trained in Good Agricultural Practices (GAP); Land Husbandry; Marketing; Group Dynamics; Agriculture Disaster Risk Management (ADRM); and climate resilient techniques.

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL I		, PRODUCTIVITY TS MATRIX	AND FOOD SECU	URITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & Cos	its (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
production and productivity		initiated							
Budget No.: 181/24 Budget: \$2.3B	Increase earnings for farmers	Output: # or km of farm roads rehabilitated/ maintained	95 roads/ 141.9 km	86 roads	100 roads	100 roads	100 roads	100 roads	RADA
		Output: # of fruit tree orchard established	1,920 fruit tress No new orchard	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	RADA
		Efficiency: Extension officer per farmers	1 to 2000 farmers	1 to 2000 farmers	1 to 2000 farmers	1 to 2000 farmers	1 to 2000 farmers	1 to 1000 farmers	RADA
		Effectiveness: % of trained farmers demonstrating transfer of knowledge and skills taught	-	-	Base year	-	-	>50%	RADA

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL I		, PRODUCTIVITY TS MATRIX	AND FOOD SEC	URITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & Cos	ts (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/ Div
Management of Zoos and [Public] Gardens Budget: \$ 39M	Conservation of Biodiversity	Outcome: % increase in access to local and endemic plants/plant species	876 Local and endemic plants w/590 species)	5% 902 Local and endemic plants w/590 species)	10% 963 Local and endemic plants w/additional 10 species)	15% 1007 Local and endemic plants w/additional 10 species)	20% 1051 Local and endemic plants w/additional 10 species)	25% 1095 increase in plant species (891 Local and endemic plants w/additional 10 species)	Public Gardens
Objective: To maintain and increase the availability of local and endemic plants of potential economic and	Conservation of Biodiversity	Output: # of Persons using public gardens ²⁹ for recreation and/or research	60,000	7500	13,000	15,000	18,000	20,000	Public Gardens (PGD)
ecosystem value Budget No.: 181/25		# of plant sales, rentals and maintenance	6000 plant sales, 22 rental agreements and 1 Plant	3500 plant sales, 14 rentals agreements & 1services	At least 4000 Plant sales, 16 rentals and 1 maintenance services	At least 4500 Plant sales, 17 rentals and 2 maintenance services	At least 5000 Plant sales, 18 rentals and 2 maintenance services	At least 5500 Plant sales, 21 rentals and 3 maintenance services	PGD

²⁹ On-going maintenance of the four (4) Public Gardens – Castleton Botanical Garden, Bath Botanical Gardens, Cinchona Botanical Gardens and Royal Hope Botanical Garden (oversight only); two (2) Scenic Avenues – Holland Bamboo Avenue and Fern Gully

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX												
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & Cos	ts (\$'000)	Agency/				
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/ Div				
Budget: \$39 M		services acquired to generate income for AIA.	maintenance services conducted.	conducted	conducted.	conducted.	conducted.	conducted.	DIV				
		Effectiveness: % increase in research facilitated in the Public Gardens	5%	10%	15%	20%	25%	30%	PGD				
Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development	Increase involvement of youth in agriculture and	Outcome: % of trained youth entering the agriculture sector	6,320	800 new entrants	1000 entrants	1500 entrants	2000 entrants	2500 entrants >15%	JA4-H RADA				
Objective: To grow, by 15% youth involvement in the agricultural	agribusiness	Output: # of persons trained under 35 years	225,120	246,120	247,120	248,120	249,120	254,060	ЈА4-Н				
and agro- processing sector by 2024 Budget No.:		# of School Gardens established and maintained	567	550	600	650	700	700	ЈА4-Н				

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX											
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & Cos	ts (\$'000)	Agency/			
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/ Div			
181/26 Budget: \$143B		Output: # of youth receiving scholarships	306	350	400	420	450	450	ЈА4-Н			
		Effectiveness: # of Agro- Enterprises established	355	800	1,000	1,500	2,000	2,000	ЈА4-Н			
Agro-Industry Development Objective: To increase agro- processing output	Increase production along the value chain	Outcome: % increase of farmers engaged in export opportunities	10%	5%	5%	10%	10%	15%	ACPBP			
and value-added exports of the agricultural sector by at least 5% annually. Budget No.: 181/27 Budget: \$ 368M		Outcome: Increase the number of hectares of arable leased land utilized		Amity Hall - 36.4 ha Ebony Park - 56.1 ha Spring Plain - 52.2ha PGR - 64.8 ha New F/Duff H - 9.7 ha	A H-42.5 ha E P – 198 ha S P – 219.6 ha PGR – 37.9 ha Holland – TBA (80% of land utilization)	 Essex Valley-750Ha Parnassus-308 Ha Bridge Pen-170 Ha Amity Hall -220 Ha Total-1,448 Ha 	 Enfield- 48.5 Ha New Pen – 80.9 Ha None-Such- 101.2 Ha Hermitage – 66 Ha Amity Hall (Cashew & Hay)- 202.4Ha 	(80% of land utilization)	AIC			

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX											
Programme/ Sub- programme	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected Outturn	Estimate 2021/22	Projectio 2022/23	n (Forecast) & Cos 2023/24	ts (\$'000) 2024/25	Agency/ Dept/ Div			
				Total= 219.2 ha			• Vernamfield- 407 Ha Total- 906.4 Ha					
Agro-Industry Development Objective: To increase agro- processing output and value-added exports of the agricultural sector by at least 5% annually. Budget No.: 181/21 Budget:	Increase production along the value chain	Outcome: Increase in the number of Agro Parks fully operational and Global G.A.P. (GG) Certified		41 farms GG certified	8 Agro Parks (Holland Estate) 92 Farmers 12 commodities 7 Facilities	11 Agro Parks (Essex Valley, Parnassus, Bridge Pen) 100 Farmers 16 commodities 11 facilities	12 (Spring Garden) 110 Farmers 20 commodities 12 Facilities	15 Agro Parks (St. Mary, Trelawney, Hounslow) 141 Farmers 24 commodities 14 Facilities	AIC			
Agro-Industry Development Objective: To increase agro-	Increase production along the value chain	Effectiveness: Increase in the number of Farmers/ Farmer			8 farmer groups 150 farmers	11 farmer groups 200 farmers	12 farmer groups 220 farmers	15 farmer groups 220 farmers	AIC			

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX											
Programme/ Sub- programme	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected	Estimate 2021/22	Projectio 2022/23	n (Forecast) & Cos 2023/24	ts (\$'000) 2024/25	Agency/ Dept/			
Sub- programme	Results	mulcator	2017/20	Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/23	Div			
processing output and value-added exports of the agricultural sector by at least 5% annually.		# of kilograms harvested in		2,400,000.00	• A H -	AH-714,408 kg EP-1,333,562 kg	AH-764,417 kg EP- 1,426,911 kg	AH- 833,214 kg EP-1,555,333 kg				
Budget No.: 181/21		Agro-parks and Zones		kg (year) 3 rd quarter-	680,388.56 kg • E P - 1,270,058.64	SP-904,917 kg PGR- 714,408 kg	SP -968,261 kg PGR- 764,417 kg	SP-1,055,404 kg PGR- 833,214				
Budget: \$ 368M				475,680.00kg 4 th quarter – 475,670.00kg	kg • S P - 861,825.503 kg • PGR -680, 388.56 kg	5% increase in productivity	7% increase in productivity	9% increase in productivity	AIC			
Agro-Industry Development Budget No.: 181/21 Budget: \$ 368M	Increase production along the value chain	Output: # and type of infrastructure support provided for agriculture and agro- processing			2 – River training at SG	2 – Post Harvesting facility @ SG Mango Hot Water Treatment Plant			ACPBP			

	181 AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY RESULTS MATRIX											
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate		n (Forecast) & Cos	` '	Agency/			
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outturn	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/ Div			
		sector										
	Increase milk production	Output: # animals in milk	5500	5700	5800	5900	6000	6200	JDDB			
Agro-Industry Development Objective:	along the value chain	Output: # litres produced per cow/day	6.5	7.5	8.0	8.5	9.0	9.5	JDDB			
To increase agro- processing output and value-added exports of the		Output: # ha of fodder banks/ pasture established	40	40	50	60	80	100	JDDB			
agricultural sector by at least 5% annually.		Effectiveness: % increase in local milk production	35.750 litres	42,750 litres	-	-	-	22% 51,300litres	JDDB			
Budget No.: 181/21 Budget: \$ 368M	Increase coconut production along the value chain	Outcome: Amount of seed nuts set, and seedlings produced	100,000 seed nuts	95,000 seed nuts	Setting 300,000 seed nuts > 150,000 seedlings	Setting 300,000 seed nuts > 150,000 seedlings	Setting 300,000 seed nuts > 200,000 seedlings	Setting 300,000 seed nuts > 200,000 seedlings	Coconut Board			
	Increase coconut production	Effectiveness: Extent which coconut	80,000 seedlings distributed	80,000 seedlings distributed	Distribution of 100,000 seedlings to registered	Coconut Board						

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL I		, PRODUCTIVITY TS MATRIX	AND FOOD SECU	URITY		
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimate	Projectio	n (Forecast) & Cos	ts (\$'000)	Agency/
Sub- programme	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Dept/
				Outturn					Div
	along the value chain	production increased. (Est additional prod of 3.2 M coconuts within 7 years of planting)			farmers at a cost of \$39,900.	farmers at a cost of \$41,800	farmers at a cost of \$43,900	farmers at a cost of \$46,100	
	To increase the interest and efficiency of the banana and plantain industry	Output: Kg production of bananas	50,400	60,400	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	Banana Industry Board
		Outcome: Tonnes exportation of Plantains	0	0	50	100	150	200	Banana Industry Board
Agro-Industry Development Budget No.:	To engage commodities dealers and input	Output: Number of and License issued.			7 New Licenses issued & 1 Joint Project Agreement/MOU	2 New Licenses issued & 1 Joint Project Agreement/MOU	0 New Licenses issued & 1 Joint Project Agreement/MOU	0 New Licenses issued & 1 Joint Project Agreement/MOU	JACRA
181/21 Budget: \$ 368M	providers geared at increasing diversification	issued.			signed	signed	signed	signed	

		181 AGRI	CULTURAL I	PRODUCTION	, PRODUCTIVITY	AND FOOD SEC	URITY						
RESULTS MATRIX													
Programme/													
Sub- programme	ub- programme Results Indicator 2019/20 Projected 2021/22 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 Dept/												
	Outturn												
	and												
	exploration												
	into new												
	markets.												

8.0 MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL RESOURCE PLAN

Programme	Sub-Programme .#		2019/ 20 Actual	2020/ 21	2020/ 21	2021/22 Estimates	2022/23	2023/24 Forecast	2024/25 Forecast
			(J\$ 000)	oved (J\$	ed (J\$	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)
Executive Direction			(θψ 000)	000)	000)	(θψ 000)	(θφ 000)	(θψ 000)	(84 000)
& Administration	1	Central Administration				1,075,385.00	1,162,641.00	1,255,671.00	1,354,886.00
Executive Direction & Administration	2	Policy, Planning and Development				323,717.00	330,488.00	337,466.00	344,654.00
	Sul	b-Total EDA	_	-	_	1,399,102.00	1,493,129.00	1,593,137.00	1,699,540.00
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	20	Agricultural Health and Food Safety				958,976.00	987,154.00	1,016,480.00	1,047,005.00
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	21	Agricultural Research & Development				451,707.00	464,005.00	476,741.00	489,949.00
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	22	Irrigation Services				2,059,923.00	2,132,184.00	2,208,441.00	2,288,809.00
Agricultural Production,	23	Fisheries Development				270,494.00	278,462.00	286,725.00	295,312.00

Programme	Sub- Prog .#	Sub-Programme	2019/ 20 Actual	2020/ 21	2020/ 21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
			Outturn	oved	ed	Estimates	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
			(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J \$ 000)
Productivity and Food Security									
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	24	Agricultural Extension Services				2,383,351.00	2,426,872.00	2,470,952.00	2,516,192.00
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	25	Management of Zoos and [Public] Gardens				99,465.00	100,618.00	101,808.00	103,035.00
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	26	Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development				656,230.00	673,560.00	692,667.00	712,577.00
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	27	Agro-Industry Development				292,567.00	298,844.00	304,534.00	310,009.00
	Sub	-Total APPFS	-	-	-	7,172,713.00	7,361,699.00	7,558,348.00	7,762,888.00
	Sub-Total TPD			-	-	-	-	-	-
Recurrent Summary		Sub-Total Funding	-	-	-	8,571,815.0	8,854,828.0	9,151,485.0	9,462,428.0

Programme	Sub- Prog .#	Sub-Programme	2019/ 20	2020/ 21	2020/ 21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
			Actual Outturn	Appr oved	Revis ed	Estimates	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
			(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)
						0	0	0	0
Projects		Capital Projects							
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	220 66	ACP Bridging Project				-	-	_	-
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	201 72	Rehabilitation of Research Centres (Bodles Redevelopment Project)				150,000.00	250,000.00		
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	295 10	Essex Valley Agricultural Development Project				805,000.00	1,797,711.00	54,005.00	
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	201 67	Farm Roads Rehabilitation Project				175,000.00	179,375.00	183,859.00	188,456.00
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	216 85	Feasibility Studies for GOJ Public Investment Projects in Irrigation							

Programme	Sub- Prog .#	Sub-Programme	2019/ 20 Actual Outturn (J\$ 000)	2020/ 21 Appr oved (J\$ 000)	2020/ 21 Revis ed (J\$ 000)	2021/22 Estimates (J\$ 000)	2022/23 Forecast (J\$ 000)	2023/24 Forecast (J\$ 000)	2024/25 Forecast (J\$ 000)
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	294 80	Promoting Community Based Climate Resilience in the Fisheries Sector				102,322.00	_	_	_
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	201 51	Rehabilitation of Irrigation Infrastructure (NIC)				102,322.00	-	-	-
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	295 60	South Plains Agricultural Development Feasibility Study							
Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	295 62	South Plains Agricultural Development Project				300,000.00	1,912,946.00	362,575.00	-
Sub-Total APPF		-	-	-	1,532,322.0 0	4,140,032.0 0	600,439.00	188,456.00	
Capital Summary Sub-Total Funding		-	-	-	1,532,322.00	4,140,032.00	600,439.00	188,456.00	
MOAF's Programme Summary Total Funding		-	-	-	10,104,137.0 0	12,994,860.0	9,751,924.00	9,650,884.00	

Actual Appr Outturn oved ed Estimates Forecast Forecast Forecast (J\$ 000) (J\$ (J\$ (J\$ 000) (J\$ 000) (J\$ 000) (J\$ 000) (J\$ 000)	Programme	Sub- Prog	Sub-Programme	2019/ 20	2020/ 21	2020/ 21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25
							Estimates	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
				(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)	(J\$ 000)

9.0 HUMAN RESOURCES CAPACITY PLAN

Units/ Divisions or Projects	Current Staff Complement	Planned 20/21	Planned 21/22	Planned 22/23	Planned 23/24	Planned 24/25
Programme: 01 Execu	tive Direction and	Administratio	on			
Executive Office	15	17	17	18	18	18
Legal Unit	3	3	3	3	3	3
Praedial Larceny Prevention Coordination Unit	2	2	2	2	2	2
Strategic Planning, Performance Monitoring and Evaluation Branch	7	7	10	10	10	10
Project Management and Coordination	10	10	10	10	10	10
Internal Audit	14	16	16	16	16	16
Economic Planning and Policy	13	20	29	29	29	29
Agricultural Marketing Information Division	26	17	23	23	23	23
Finance and Accounts	36	40	40	40	40	40
Human Resource Management & Development	71	78	78	79	80	80
Corporate Services	2	2	2	2	2	2
Procurement Branch	10	12	13	14	14	14
Facilities and Property Management	68	75	78	80	82	82

Units/ Divisions or Projects	Current Staff Complement	Planned 20/21	Planned 21/22	Planned 22/23	Planned 23/24	Planned 24/25
Information & Communication Technology	14	17	20	22	24	24
Communication and Public Relations	8	12	12	12	12	12
Sub-total	299	328	353	360	365	365
181 Agricultural Prod	luction, Productivit	y and Food Sa	nfety	<u> </u>	1	
Technical Service Directorate	4	5	5	5	5	5
Plant Quarantine/ Inspectorate Division	57	102	104	104	104	104
Veterinary Services Division	88	95	98	100	110	110
Agricultural Land Management	45	47	47	48	48	48
Rural Agricultural Development Authority	506	660	670	680	750	750
Jamaica Agricultural Society	66	66	66	66	66	66
Research and Development Division	173	180	200	200	200	200
National Irrigation Commission	352	354	354	354	354	354
National Fisheries Authority (NEW)	136	140	169	200	297	297
Jamaica 4H Clubs	118	118	118	118	118	118
Public Gardens	35	32	38	40	40	40
Jamaica Dairy	7	10	12	13	15	15

Units/ Divisions or Projects	Current Staff Complement	Planned 20/21	Planned 21/22	Planned 22/23	Planned 23/24	Planned 24/25
Development Board						
Agro Investment Corporation	51	61	65	69	71	71
Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority	71	78	80	86	86	86
Banana Board	39	39	40	40	40	40
Export Division	37	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total	1,785	1987	2,066	2,123	2,294	2,294

10 PORTFOLIO ENTITIES MEDIUM TERM IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

10.1 AGRO INVESTMENT CORPORATION (AIC)

Agro-Investment Corporation (AIC) is an Agricultural Investment Facilitation entity which functions as the business facilitation agency of the Ministry of Industry, Commerce, Agriculture & Fisheries, with a focus on agricultural Investments, promotion and facilitation, project and market development as well as the development and execution of the Agro Park Programme. AIC seeks to facilitate and undertake agricultural development for the economic advancement and well-being of the Jamaican people. The services offered covers the investment chain from the identification of opportunities through feasibility studies, due diligence and business planning to fundraising, project management, long term business performance monitoring and technical support. The Corporation commenced operations in April, 2009.

Vision, Mission and Mandate

Vision

The premier Agency in the Caribbean for attracting, promoting and facilitating agricultural investments

Mission

To mobilize finance, facilitate and promote investments and undertake market development through packaging innovative agri-business opportunities towards a viable and sustainable agricultural sector.

Mandate

- I. To identify investments in agriculture through research, information gathering and packaging of investment possibilities and opportunities;
- II. To promote and facilitate investments through collaboration with other agencies and ministries of government;
- III. To work with investors to identify investment opportunities and assist them with translating their ideas into viable and sustainable projects;
- IV. To influence other stakeholders to create a friendly and hospitable climate for agricultural investment;
- V. To mobilize funding to support investment opportunities in agriculture;

To provide access to government owned agricultural lands

Results Matrix

				RESULTS MAT	RIX				
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates	Projection (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Functional
Sub	Results	Indicator		Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/
programme				Outcome					Dept/ Div
Industrial Development and Regulation	Development and maintenance of two Agro Parks /Agro- Economic Zone	Outcome: Outcome: Increase the number of hectares of arable leased land utilized	None	 Amity Hall - 36.4 ha Ebony Park - 56.1 ha Spring Plain - 52.2ha PGR - 64.8 ha New F/Duff H - 9.7 ha Total= 219.2 ha 	 A H-42.5 ha E P - 198 ha S P - 219.6 ha PGR - 37.9 ha Holland - TBA (80% of land utilization) 	(80% of land utilization)	(80% of land utilization)	(80% of land utilization)	AIC
		Outcome: Increase in the number of Agro Parks fully operational and Global G.A.P. Certified		41 farms GG certified (Revised KPI)	 8 Agro Parks (Holland Estate) 92 Farmers 12 commodities 7 Facilities 	Parks (Essex Valley, Parnassus, Bridge Pen)	 12 (Spring Garden) 110 Farmers 20 commoditi es 12 Facilities 	• 15 Agro Parks (St. Mary, Trelawney, Hounslow) • 141 Farmers • 24 commoditie s • 14 Facilities	

	RESULTS MATRIX										
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates	Projection (Forecast) & (Costs (\$'000)	Functional		
Sub	Results	Indicator		Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/		
programme				Outcome					Dept/ Div		
		Increase in the number of Farmers/ Farmer Groups strengthened and employing best practices,			Eight (8) farmer groups projected for organizational strengthening and registration	Eleven (11) farmer groups projected for organization al strengthenin	Twelve (12) farmer groups projected for organizatio nal	Fifteen (15) farmer groups projected for organization al strengthenin			
		strong organizational skills and good governance			One hundred and fifty (150) farmers projected for workshop training and seminars	g and registration Two hundred (200) farmers projected for workshop training and seminars	strengtheni ng and registration Two Hundred and twenty (220) investors projected for workshop training and seminars	g and registration Two hundred and eighty (280) investors projected for workshop training and seminars			
		Increase in the number of kilograms harvested		2,400,000.00 kg (year) 3 rd quarter- 475,680.00kg 4 th quarter – 475,670.00kg	• A H - 680,388.56 kg • E P - 1,270,058.64 kg • S P - 861,825.503 kg • PGR -680,	AH-714,408 kg EP- 1,333,562 kg SP-904,917 kg PGR- 714,408 kg	AH- 764,417 kg EP- 1,426,911 kg SP - 968,261 kg PGR- 764,417 kg	AH- 833,214 kg EP- 1,555,333 kg SP- 1,055,404 kg PGR- 833,214			

				RESULTS MAT	RIX					
Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates	Projection (Projection (Forecast) & Costs (\$'000)			
Sub	Results	Indicator		Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/	
programme				Outcome					Dept/ Div	
					388.56 kg	in productivity	7% increase in productivit y	in productivity		
Staff Costs					221,192,287.70	225,846,512 .69	230,617,65 5.81	235,508,668. 13		
Administrative Costs					128,554,712.30	50,966,935.42	63,540,562 .19	66,202,077.8 0	-	

10.3 THE BANANA BOARD

The Banana Board is a statutory body and its affairs are governed by a Board of Directors, which is comprised of five (5) members, all of whom are appointed by the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries (MOAF). The Board was established under the Banana Board Act of 1953. The Board also administers the affairs of the Banana Industry Insurance Fund, which is governed by the Banana Insurance Act of 1946 and the Banana Industry Catastrophe Fund.

Vision, Mission and Mandate

Vision

A vibrant industry dominated by internationally certified farms; effective market penetration and development; and supported by an enabling policy framework which results in sustained product competitiveness; financially viable farms and the socio-economic wellbeing of communities.

Mission

To be the premier: facilitator of the enabling policies the Ministry of Agriculture; coordinator and advisor to the Minister of Agriculture for the industry; provider of disaster management, production and applied research services, marketing and organizational support for a vibrant industry of commercially viable, competitive and diversified banana and plantain farmers, producing at international standards to adequately supply diversified markets; and ultimately to be effectively responsive to the needs of the farming clientele.

Mandate

To implement the National Adaptation Strategy was documented as the Overall Country Strategy for the Banana Industry 2010 (revised 2012). This strategy is based on the Banana Policy for Jamaica 2009, and consultations with stakeholders in the industry, which reflected a commitment to the sustainable development of the industry. The objectives of the strategy support the vision, goals and principles of the National Policy. The strategy objectives are to increase competitiveness, promote diversification and provide a social safety net to assist persons and their dependents to adjust to the decline in the industry.

Strategic Outcomes

The Banana Board's strategic outcomes are:

- 1. Local and overseas trade in fresh and processed banana and plantain products facilitated.
- 2. Quality management system in banana/plantain production implemented.
- 3. Managing major diseases of commercial and quarantine importance (Black Sigatoka, Moko disease and Panama disease race 4.
- 4. Disease Resistant banana/plantain crops introduced and distributed
- 5. Promote banana/plantain production in youth education
- 6. Empower famers to implement best practices (Global GAP and Fairtrade)
- 7. Increased crop productivity
- 8. Strengthen disaster risk management and production and spatial data collection system; and promote local products
- 9. Capacitate post-harvest agri-businesses and agro-parks with infrastructure
- 10. Train entrepreneurs in post harvesting techniques

- 11. Facilitate supplies from farmers to Nutrition Product Limited and schools
- 12. Facilitate implementation of the National Adaptation Strategy for the Banana and Plantain sub-sector: the Banana Export Project

			RES	SULTS MATRI	X			
Performance Indicator	Unit of Measur e	Functional Agency/Dept./ Unit	FY19-20 Base Year (Past/Actual)	FY20-21 Projected Outturn	FY21-22 Estimates (Current)	FY22-23 Projected (Forecast)	FY23-24 Projected (Forecast)	FY24-25 Projected (Forecast)
<u>Inputs</u>								
Cost of BB's core services to JBPI	\$'000	Banana Board	100,086	105,419	115,723	119,289	123,303	127,425
Provision of GLOBAL GAP support	\$'000	Research Department	4,500	5,000	5,500	6,050	6,655	7,321
Implementation of TR4 Action Plan	\$'000	Banana Board, PQ/PI & RADA		16,000	55,000	57,750	60,638	63,669
<u>Outputs</u>								
# tonnes of banana produced	Tones	Banana Board	67,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000	70,000
# tonnes of plantain produced	Tones	Banana Board	45,000	47,300	47,300	47,300	47,300	47,300
# tonnes of banana exported	Tones	Banana Board	537	676	710	745	783	822
Efficiency								
Cost Core + GLOBAL GAP & Disease Services per tonne of banana + plantain produced	\$'000	Banana Board	1	1	2	2	2	2
Outcome								
Banana Board's performance targets met	%	Banana Board Admin and other Departments	95	90	90	90	90	90
The JBPI is sustainable	Y/N	Banana Board Admin and other Departments	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

10.9 JAMAICA 4-H CLUBS

The Jamaica 4-H Clubs was established in April, 1940 as the Jamaica 4-H Clubs (hereinafter referred to as "the Clubs"). The Organization operating under the auspices of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, targets its programmes mainly to Primary, All-Age, Junior High, Secondary, Technical High School, community and church populations. The programmes offered are designed to develop self-sufficiency and leadership skills. These include Entrepreneurship, Health, Continued Education, Youth Relations, Care and Protection, Living Environment, Participation and Empowerment.

Vision, Mission and Mandate

Vision

By 2030 the Jamaica 4-H Clubs will become the leading youth organization in the Caribbean.

Mission and/or Mandate

To mobilize, educate and train youth in leadership skills and vocations through the effective deployment of staff and volunteers utilizing adaptive technologies, to influence trainees to develop sustainable livelihoods and become positive contributors to national development.

Strategic Outcomes

- Improved organizational efficiency
- Improved training programmes
- Improved sustainable livelihoods among youth and young people

Policy Priority	Programme/sub -programme and Budget No	Strategies	Output	Performance Indicators	Target & Cost 20/21	Target & Cost 21/22	Target & Cost 22/23	Target & Cost 23/24	Target & Cost 24/25
			PROGRAMMI	E: 500 YOUTH DE	VELOPMENT				
Production and	Youth	To establish	The # of	# of partnerships	6 Tertiary	6 Tertiary	7 Tertiary	8 Tertiary	9 Tertiary
Productivity	Development	partnerships	trained	established	Institutions	Institutions	Institutions	Institutions	Institutions
Programme	<u>(500):-</u>	with public and private	agriculturalist at the tertiary						
	Youth in	tertiary	level						
	Agriculture	institutions	increased		150	200	220	220	240
	Education and	providing		# of person who	beneficiarie	beneficiarie	beneficiarie	beneficiarie	beneficiarie
	Scholarship	training in agriculture		received scholarship/bursa ry	S	S	s	s	S

Policy Priority	Programme/sub -programme and Budget No	Strategies	Output	Performance Indicators	Target & Cost 20/21	Target & Cost 21/22	Target & Cost 22/23	Target & Cost 23/24	Target & Cost 24/25
		To seek new partners to increase the # of scholarships and bursaries for training in agriculture							
		To provide career counselling and mentorship through the use of staff	Career counselling provided	# of workshops hosted # of members counselled	4 workshops hosted 10,000 members	4 workshops hosted 10,000 members			
	Mobilization and registration of Membership	and volunteers Forge partnerships with stakeholders CBOs and Public Institutions	4-H members registered	# of members registered	counselled 110,000 persons registered	counselled 120,000 persons registered	counselled 130,000 persons registered 20 % of	counselled 140,000 persons registered 25% of	counselled 10,000 persons registered
		Utilise electronic capabilities to complement the face to face modality for registration			membershi p registered electronical ly	membershi p registered electronical ly	membershi p registered electronical ly	membershi p registered electronical ly	25% of membershi p registered electronical ly

Policy Priority	Programme/sub -programme and Budget No	Strategies	Output	Performance Indicators	Target & Cost 20/21	Target & Cost 21/22	Target & Cost 22/23	Target & Cost 23/24	Target & Cost 24/25
Production and Productivity Programme	Agricultural Mastery and Stimulatory Training	To complement traditional face to face training sessions with the 4-H online	Increased number of persons trained in agriculture and agriculture related areas	# of stimulation training exposures	220,000 training exposure	220,000 training exposure	220,000 training exposure	220,000 training exposure	220,000 training exposure
		To improve promotion of online training institute		# of mastery training exposures and certification	members certified	members certified	2,500 members certified	members certified	members certified
		To improve the user friendliness and quality of training material of the online training institute	Licensing programme introduced	# of participants licensed	6 participants licensed (pilot)	100 participants licensed	100 participants licensed	100 participants licensed	100 participants licensed
		To introduce new methods of certification							
	Product Development Programme	Partnership with appropriate agencies to	# of products patented	# of 4-H Products patented	2 Products patented				

Policy Priority	Programme/sub -programme and Budget No	Strategies	Output	Performance Indicators	Target & Cost 20/21	Target & Cost 21/22	Target & Cost 22/23	Target & Cost 23/24	Target & Cost 24/25
		patent 4-H products Utilize 4-H competitive structure to improve product innovation and quality.	# of products developed	# of products developed	12 new products developed				
	National School Garden Programme	To partner with private and public agencies to source inputs and provide technical support for gardens in schools	# of School gardens established and maintained	# of gardens maintained # of new gardens established	500 gardens maintained 50 model gardens 50 new gardens	550 gardens maintained 50 model gardens 50 new gardens	600 gardens maintained 50 model gardens 50 new gardens	650 gardens maintained 50 model gardens 50 new gardens	700 gardens maintained 50 model gardens 50 new gardens
Production and Productivity Programme	Healthy Lifestyle Programme	To promote healthy lifestyle among our members Promote the versatility and wholesomenes s of local food	Persons exposed to healthy lifestyle practices and healthy local dishes (Eat Jamaican produce)	# of persons impacted	25,000 person	20,000 person	25,000 person	30,000 person	35,000 person

Policy Priority	Programme/sub -programme and Budget No	Strategies	Output	Performance Indicators	Target & Cost 20/21	Target & Cost 21/22	Target & Cost 22/23	Target & Cost 23/24	Target & Cost 24/25
	Capacity Building in Training &	To improve the physical infrastructure	Centres Refurbished	# of centres refurbished		3 centres	3 centres	3 centres	3 centres
	Commercial Development	To increase the number tutorial/commercial models To use training centres to facilitate 4-H members as well as community farmers in best practices	Tutorial/ commercial models developed Participants trained at tutorial/ commercial centres	# of training commercial models developed # of participants trained at tutorial/ commercial centres	5000 participants trained at tutorial/ commercial centres	4 training tutorial models developed 6000 participants trained at tutorial/ commercial centres	4 training tutorial models developed 7000 participants trained at tutorial/ commercial centres	2 training tutorial models developed 8000 participants trained at tutorial/ commercial centres	2 training tutorial models developed 9000 participants trained at tutorial/ commercial centres
		Continuous training and development of our staff and volunteers		# of staff trained # of volunteers trained	80 staff trained 500 volunteers trained	80 staff trained 550 volunteers trained	80 staff trained 600 volunteers trained	80 staff trained 650 volunteers trained	80 staff trained 700 volunteers trained
	Climate Resilient and adoptive agricultural production	To partner with schools and clubs and other institution to	Youth trained/expose d to climate smart agriculture.	# of students trained		20,000 students	20,000 students	20,000 students	20,000 students

Policy Priority	Programme/sub -programme and Budget No	Strategies	Output	Performance Indicators	Target & Cost 20/21	Target & Cost 21/22	Target & Cost 22/23	Target & Cost 23/24	Target & Cost 24/25
		increase awareness of climate change and its impact on local agricultural sector. To encourage the creative preparation and introduction of indigenous foods that is more climate resilient.	New foods introduced	# new food introduced		2 new food	2 new food	2 new food	2 new food
		Increase production through the introduction of climate smart technologies.	Farm established or strengthen with climate smart technology	# of farms with climate smart technology		20 farms established 20 farms strengthen	20 farms established 20 farms strengthen	20 farms established 20 farms strengthen	20 farms established 20 farms strengthen
Micro, Small & Medium Enterprise (MSME) & Entrepreneursh ip Programme	Agricultural Enterprise and Entrepreneursh ip Development		Entrepreneursh ip training provided Agricultural enterprises established	To partner with Project sponsors to provide funding and agricultural inputs to establish and support enterprises	260 new enterprises	230 new enterprises	250 new enterprises	300 new enterprises	300 new enterprises

Policy Priority	Programme/sub -programme and Budget No	Strategies	Output	Performance Indicators	Target & Cost 20/21	Target & Cost 21/22	Target & Cost 22/23	Target & Cost 23/24	Target & Cost 24/25
			New and emerging enterprises to be developed			1 mushroom enterprise	2 mushroom enterprises	5 mushroom enterprises	6 mushroom enterprises
						1 bamboo enterprise	1 bamboo enterprise	1 bamboo enterprise	1 bamboo enterprise
				To provide young farmers with livestock for the establishment of Agri-enterprises	100 new livestock farmers	150 new livestock farmers	150 new livestock farmers	150 new livestock farmers	150 new livestock farmers
	Rural Youth Employment and Empowerment Programme (RYEEP)	To incorporate entrepreneursh ip in the training programmes of farmers.	Increased rural agricultural enterprises	# of farmers trained in entrepreneurship	120 young farmers trained				
		To engage other agencies to generate funding to provide training and input to participants		# of new enterprises established	100 young farmers receive inputs				

10.13 NATIONAL IRRIGATION COMMISSION (NIC)

Vision, Mission and Mandate

Vision

To meet the needs of our customers by delivering high quality irrigation services driven by competent staff, technology, innovation and collaboration with partners.

Mandate

The mandate of the National Irrigation Commission Limited (NIC) in accordance with the Irrigation Act 1949 is:

• To manage, operate, maintain and expand the existing and future irrigation schemes and systems as may now or hereafter be established by the Government of Jamaica or by any Department or Agency thereof...to fix and collect the rates or charges to be paid... for the use of such water.

	RESULTS MATRIX													
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b- Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected Outrun	Estimate s 2021/22	Projectio 2022/23	on (Forecast (\$'000) 2023/24	2) & Costs 2024/25	Function al Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project				
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	181 – Agricultural Production and Productivity and Food Security 22-Irrigation Services Budget #: Recurrent 181/22/10005 Capital 181/22/10205	Increased service area with irrigation	Outcome: # of hectares being services with irrigation (hectares) MTRBB	10,623	10,923	11,023	11,123	17,921	18,817	NIC				

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b- Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected Outrun	Estimate s 2021/22	Projection 2022/23	on (Forecast (\$'000) 2023/24	2024/25	Function al Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
		Increased revenue from water sales	Outcome: Value of Water Sales Revenue NIC (\$M)	532,900	553,700	581,020	610,100	640,600	672,600	
	Staff Costs	Acceptable cost levels/quality performance	% change in staff costs	681,191	764,080	844,284	886,498	930,823	977,364	
	Cash Grants									
SUB-PROGRA	AMME: 22 – IRRI	GATON SERVICE	S							
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	22-Irrigation Services South St. Catherine South Clarendon Agricultural Development Project (SSCADP) Feasibility & Designs Study Budget No.: 181/22/29560	Feasibility Study to inform project development and implementation	Outcome: Increased knowledge of the needs of the targeted communities		15,485	87,515	0	0	0	
Optimize the	22-Irrigation	Rehabilitate/Const	Outcome:							

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	Projectio	on (Forecast (\$'000)	& Costs	Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	Services Southern Plains Agricultural Development Project (SPAD) Budget #: 181/22/29562	ruct Irrigation Schemes at, Amity Hall/Bridge Pen and Parnassus	Increased # of hectares under irrigated agriculture		30,617	607,687	700,762	1,078,49	236,619	
<i>S</i>		Lot allocation to individual farmers, vulnerable groups and private investors	Output: Field Surveys completed			24,322	0	0	0	
		Partner with AIC, MOAF for land development & increase farm production/produc tivity	Output: Agricultural productivity levels increased			34,059	75,555	63,961	11,964	
Optimize the production and productivity	22-Irrigation Services Objective:	Development of Project proposal and project approval by	Outcome: Enhanced agricultural productivity and		96,011	500	TBD	TBD	TBD	

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	Projection	on (Forecast (\$'000)	Function al	
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	To increase the access of irrigation water across the island Expansion of Pedro Plains Irrigation System utilizing Black River Surface Flows	PIMSEC	increased exports							
	TIOWS		Output: Land acquisition			19,500				
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	22-Irrigation Services Objective: To increase the access of irrigation water across the island National Irrigation Development Plan (NIDP)	Sustainable development of the agricultural sector by the efficient production and distribution of irrigation water island-wide	Outcome: Changed priorities for irrigation development		0	136,000	0	0	0	

			RF	ESULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	Projection	on (Forecast (\$'000)) & Costs	Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
	Update									
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	22-Irrigation Services Objective: To increase the access of irrigation water across the island Small Irrigation Scheme -	Develop one (1) small irrigation scheme to benefit small farmers in Yallahs West	Outcome: Increased area under irrigated agriculture		0	95,000	152,500	109,500	30,000	
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	Yallahs 22-Irrigation Services Objective: To increase the access of irrigation water across the island Small Irrigation Scheme - Spring Plain	Expand irrigation system in Spring Plain North in collaboration with AIC	Outcome: Increased area under irrigated agriculture		0	45,000	33,000			

			RI	ESULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	Projectio	on (Forecast (\$'000)) & Costs	Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
	North									
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	22-Irrigation Services Small Irrigation Scheme - Lennox/Low Leyton	Expand irrigation system in Lennox/Low Leyton	Outcome: Increased area under irrigated agriculture		0	50,000	150,000	82,000		
Optimize the production and productivity of key local products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	22-Irrigation Services Small Irrigation Scheme - Hinds Town	Develop irrigation system in Hinds Town	Outcome: Increased area under irrigated agriculture		0	150,000	TBD	TBD	TBD	
Optimize the production	22-Irrigation Services	Develop irrigation system in Spring	Outcome: Increased area		0	50,000	163,000			

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	, and the second	on (Forecast (\$'000)		Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	Small Irrigation Scheme - Spring Plain South	Plain South	under irrigated agriculture							
Build climate- resilient agriculture, fisheries,	22-Irrigation Services Hounslow Solar PV	Reduce energy costs for water produced	Outcome: Cost per cubic metre (m³) of water produced (J\$/ m³)	\$27.00 (J\$/ m ³)	\$25.58 (J\$/ m³)	\$25.00 (J\$/ m ³)	\$25.00 (J\$/ m ³)	\$25.00 (J\$/ m³)	\$25.00 (J\$/ m ³)	
manufacturin g and service sectors	System: Pumping Stations – (Beacon E, F3 and F2) Budget #:	Reduce carbon footprint and increase energy production from alternate energy	Output: Solar PV System (1 Megawatt) installed			150,000	146,000	153,300	160,965	
Optimize the production and productivity	181/22/10205 22-Irrigation Services Freetown #2	Improve pump efficiency	Output: Pump installed			8,000	12,600	13,230	13,892	

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	Projectio	on (Forecast (\$'000)) & Costs	Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
of key local produce and products towards markets with special focus on youth	Pump – Replacement of aging and inefficient turbine Budget #: 181/22/10205									
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards markets with special focus on youth	22-Irrigation Services Variable Frequency Drives (Heartease, Bowers, Hounslow #3) Budget #: 181/22/10205	Reduce energy consumption	Output: Variable Frequency Drives installed			22,000	23,100	24,255	25,468	
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards	22-Irrigation Services Clarendon Upper and Lower Rhymesbury pipe line	Improvement in irrigation infrastructure	Output: # of metres rehabilitated			15,000	15,750	16,538	17,364	

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	, and the second	on (Forecast (\$'000)		Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
targeted markets with special focus	replacement 865 meters									
on youth in agriculture	Budget #: 181/22/10205									
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	22-Irrigation Services Rio Cobre Restoration of declining infrastructure (Upper Old Harbour Branch 500 m) Budget #: 181/22/10205	Improvement in irrigation infrastructure	Output: # of metres rehabilitated			34,375	36,094	37,898	39,793	
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and	22-Irrigation Services Water Trucks X 2	Expand delivery of irrigation water	Output: Water trucks acquired			45,000	47,250	49,613	52,093	
products towards	Budget #: 181/22/10205									

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	Projectio	on (Forecast (\$'000)) & Costs	Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture										
Optimize the production and productivity of key local products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	Lift Truck (2.5 – 3 ton)	Replacement of unserviceable equipment	Output: Lift Truck acquired			15,000	15,750	16,538	17,364	
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus	22-Irrigation Services Infrastructure Maintenance Budget #: Recurrent 181/22/10005	Ensure reliability of distribution network	Cost for system maintenance – Goods and Services (\$M) (MTRBB)	511,430	475,010	498,760	523,700	549,880	577,370	

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b- Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected Outrun	Estimate s 2021/22	Projection 2022/23	on (Forecast (\$'000) 2023/24	2024/25	Function al Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
on youth in agriculture	v	D. II	G + S							, and the second
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	22-Irrigation Services Infrastructure Rehabilitation Budget #: Capital 181/22/10205	Retooling and enhancement of irrigation infrastructure	Cost for infrastructure rehabilitation (\$M) (MTRBB)	100,000	248,000	774,200	970,410	1,018,93 0	1,069,880	
	22-Irrigation Services Operational efficiency	Reduce system losses	Efficiency: % of water loss reduced (MTRBB)	≤28	≤30	≤30	≤30	≤30	≤30	
	22-Irrigation Services Preventative Maintenance	Improve system efficiency	Efficiency: % of scheduled preventative maintenance activities completed on time (MTRBB)	90	100	100	100	100	100	
Optimize the	22-Irrigation	Operational	Output: %	10	10	12	14	15	15	

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s		on (Forecast (\$'000)		Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
production and productivity	Services	Efficiency	energy cost avoided (MTRBB)							
of key local	Energy		(MIRDD)							
produce and products towards	Management									
targeted markets with special focus	22-Irrigation Services	Operational Efficiency	Output: % energy use from renewable source	2	2	3	4	≥10	≥10	
on youth in agriculture	Development of renewable initiatives		(MTRBB)							
	22-Irrigation Services	Improve accuracy of measure for water produced	Output: Volume of irrigation water							
	Irrigation Water Production		Produced (NIC)	56	54.81	60.93	61.72	62.37	63.13	
			(Million cubic metre (Mm ³))							
Optimize the production	22-Irrigation Services	Improved accuracy of	Output: Volume of		2.13	2.09	2.11	2.14		
and productivity of key local produce and	Irrigation Water Production	measure for water produced to meet demand	irrigation water Produced (Monymusk)	6.7					2.15	

			RI	ESULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b- Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected Outrun	Estimate s 2021/22	Projectio 2022/23	on (Forecast (\$'000) 2023/24	2024/25	Function al Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture			(Million cubic metre (Mm ³))							,
	22-Irrigation Services Irrigation Water Delivered	Improved accuracy of measure for water delivered to meet demand	Output: Volume of irrigation water delivered (NIC) (Million cubic metre (Mm³))	45.5	44.4	47.6	48.6	49.5	50.5	
	22-Irrigation Services Irrigation Water Delivered	Improved accuracy of measure for water delivered	Output: Volume of irrigation water delivered (Monymusk) (Million cubic metre (Mm³))	4.80	1.60	1.63	1.66	1.70	1.72	
Optimize the production and productivity	22-Irrigation Services Distribution	Maximized water sales revenue	Output Value of water sales revenue NIC (\$M)	532.90	553.70	581.02	610.10	640.6	672.60	

			RE	SULTS MA	TRIX					
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	Projection	on (Forecast (\$'000)) & Costs	Function al
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project
of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	and Billing									
	22-Irrigation Services Distribution and Billing	Maximized water sales revenue	Output Value of water sales revenue Monymusk (\$M)	22.80	8.00	8.15	8.32	8.48	8.60	
	22-Irrigation Services Engagement of Customers	Increased customer base	Output # of active customers being served	3,635	3,635	3,704	4,075	4,483	4,707	
Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted	22- Irrigation Services Construction and Rehabilitation of irrigation infrastructure	Increased service area under irrigation	Outcome # of hectares being serviced with irrigation (Hectares) (MTRBB)	10,623	10,923	11,023	11,123	17,921	18,817	

			RF	SULTS MA	TRIX								
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline	2020/21 Projected	Estimate s	Projection	Projection (Forecast) & Costs (\$'000)					
	Programme/Ac tivity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Agency/D ept./ Div./ Project			
markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	Budget #:												
	Human Resources Development	Improved staff competencies to support organisational needs	% of training initiatives completed	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%	80%				

10.14 NATIONAL FISHERIES AUTHORITY (NFA)

Vision, Mission and Mandate

Vision

By 2030, the National Fisheries Agency will become the model of excellence in capture fisheries and aquaculture management and development, recognized for its fairness and valued for its professionalism, expertise and high standards.

Mission

The mission of the Fisheries Division is to facilitate the sustainable development of Jamaican capture fisheries and aquaculture through effective and responsible management for the benefit of all Jamaicans.

Strategic Outcomes

- Improved management of the country's fisheries resources
- Expansion of inland and marine fisheries
- Increase in Jamaica's earnings from the fisheries industry

				RES	ULTS MATRI	IX				
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-Programme/	Intended Results	Performanc e Indicator	Baseline	2019/20 Projected	Estimates	Projecti	Functional Agency/Dept		
	Activity and				Outrun	2021/22	2021/22	2022/23	2024/25	./ Div./
	Budget #									Project
SP1	181-Agricultural	Increased	Outcome: %	10%	18%	20%	25%	30%	35%	National
	Production,	compliance	compliance	(2018/19)						Fisheries
Optimize	Productivity and	among	to licensing	Based on						Authority
the	Food Security /	fisheries	requirements	12,000						
production	23-Development	and	among	active						
and	& Conservation	aquaculture	fisheries and	fishers						
productivit	of Fisheries /	stakeholder	aquaculture							
y of key	10005 -	S	stakeholders							

				RES	ULTS MATR	IX				
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-Programme/	Intended Results	Performanc e Indicator	Baseline	2019/20 Projected	Estimates	Project	ion (Forecast) (\$'000)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Activity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2021/22	2022/23	2024/25	./ Div./ Project
local produce and products towards	Fisheries regulation administration support* (D&A		Output: # of programmes implemented to realize compliance	3 (FLRS; MCE; PA)	3	3	3	3	3	National Fisheries Authority
targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture	122/01/10005) IADB Investment Loan # JA- L1073		Efficiency: Extent to which the activities were implemented to realize compliance within schedule and budget	38%	40%	50%	55%	60%	65%	National Fisheries Authority
			Effectivenes s: Extent to which compliance amongst stakeholders has been realised		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	National Fisheries Authority
SP2 Increase access of select local industries	181-Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security / 23-Development & Conservation	Optimised availability along the value chain of select fishery	Outcome: % of fisheries and habitats optimised, enhanced and providing							National Fisheries Authority

				RES	ULTS MATR	IX				
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-Programme/	Intended Results	Performanc e Indicator	Baseline	2019/20 Projected	Estimates	Project	ion (Forecast) (\$'000)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Activity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2021/22	2022/23	2024/25	./ Div./ Project
to emerging and existing markets within a	of Fisheries /10181 - Mgmt and dev of capture fisheries	resources	ecosystem services to Jamaicans							
framework of beneficial inclusion of youth, women and micro- enterprises			Output: % of coastal fishery water (down to 30 meters) protected as Fish Sanctuaries	3% (2018/19)	3%	5%	5%	7%	7%	National Fisheries Authority
			Efficiency: % of management plans implemented along the value chain of select fishery resources	1 (Conch Fishery Manageme nt Plan 2018)	1 (Conch Fishery Manageme nt Plan 2018	(Conch Fishery Manageme nt Plan 2018) (Sea Cucumber Manageme nt Plan)	(Conch Fishery Manageme nt Plan 2018) (Sea Cucumber Manageme nt Plan)	3 + Lobster Fishery Manageme nt Plan	3 + Lobster Fishery Manageme nt Plan	National Fisheries Authority
SP2 Increase access of select local	181-Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security / 23-Development	Increased Benefits to Jamaicans from the Blue	Outcome: % increase in social-economic fishery	0%	20%	60%	60%	80%	100%	National Fisheries Authority

				RES	ULTS MATR	IX				
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-Programme/	Intended Results	Performanc e Indicator	Baseline	2019/20 Projected	Estimates	Project	ion (Forecast) (\$'000)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Activity and Budget #				Outrun	2021/22	2021/22	2022/23	2024/25	./ Div./ Project
industries to emerging and	& Conservation of Fisheries /10181 - Mgmt and dev of	Economy	opportunities from the Blue Economy							
existing markets within a framework of beneficial inclusion	capture fisheries		Outcome: Increase in fish production from aquaculture	1100mt (tilapia only)	1200mt	2%	5%	8%	10%	National Fisheries Authority
of youth, women and micro- enterprises			Output: # of New or Underutilized Fisheries Developed	0	1 Live Lobsters)	3 Live Lobster Glass Eels Sea Cucumber	3 Live Lobsters Glass Eels Sea Cucumber	4 Live Lobsters Glass Eels Sea Cucumber Offshore Tunas	5 Live Lobsters Glass Eels Sea Cucumber Offshore Tunas Sea Urchins	National Fisheries Authority
			Output: # of seed stock produced.	1.5 million seed stock	0%	10%	15%	15%	15%	National Fisheries Authority
			Output: # of on Farms Consultation	50 per month	50 per month	10%	10%	10%	10%	National Fisheries Authority
			Output: # of farmers	50 persons/ annum	70 persons/ annum	10%	10%	15%	15%	National Fisheries

				RESU	ULTS MATRI	IX				
Strategic Priority	Programme/Su b-Programme/ Activity and Budget #	Intended Results	Performanc e Indicator	Baseline	2019/20 Projected Outrun	Estimates 2021/22	Projecti 2021/22	(\$'000) 2022/23	& Costs 2024/25	Functional Agency/Dept ./ Div./ Project
			trained in aquaculture production techniques and good aquaculture practices.							Authority
SP2 Increase access of select local	181-Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security / 23-Development	Increased Benefits to Jamaicans from the Blue	Output: # of acres in aquaculture production.	550 acres	550 acres	5%	5%	5%	5%	National Fisheries Authority
industries to emerging and existing markets within a framework of	& Conservation of Fisheries /10181 - Mgmt and dev of capture fisheries	Economy	Output: # of acres of fish ponds renovated/ constructed	20 acres	15 acres	15%	20%	25%	25%	National Fisheries Authority
beneficial inclusion of youth, women and micro- enterprises			Effectivenes s: % of clients served	12.5% (50 of 400 farmers inclusive of ornamental farmers)	12.5%	13%	14%	16.25%	17.5%	National Fisheries Authority

10.15 RURAL AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (RADA)

The Rural Agricultural Development Authority (RADA) is a statutory body under the Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries. RADA was established under the Rural Agricultural Development Authority Act of 1990, replacing the Land Authorities Act and began its operation on August 1, 1990. It is Jamaica's chief agricultural extension and rural development agency.

Vision, Mission and Mandate

Vision

The vision of RADA is to become the leader in the drive towards achieving national economic growth and stability through agricultural development.

Mission

The mission of RADA is to promote agricultural production as the main engine of growth in rural communities; provide or ensure the provision of technical, marketing, financial and infrastructure facilities and provide the social services required for the improvement of the quality of life of farm families.

Mandate

- To enhance the development of farming through an effective, efficient and sustainable Extension Service.
- To supplement information to rural development agencies, thereby assisting to advance improvements in rural infrastructure.
- To provide the supplemental social services required for the improvement of the quality of life of farm families.
- To provide technical advice to farmers of any size. To provide a reliable agricultural marketing information service.
- To assist in the implementation of specified rural development projects.

Strategic Outcomes

- i. Improvement in production and productivity of crops and live stocks
- ii. Encouragement of new entrants to the sector with greater focus on Women and Youth
- iii. Organization Re-Alignment:
 - a. Greater focus on the technical nature of the Authority
 - b. Capacity building for staff
 - c. Develop alternative sources

Results Matrix

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub- Programme/	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates		tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept ./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
Promotio n of Industrial Develop ment and Productio n	Optimize the production and productivity of key local produce and products towards targeted markets with special focus on youth in agriculture.	Improve ment in the producti on and producti vity of crops and livestock within the agricultu ral sector Improve ment in the producti on and producti vity of crops and livestock within the	# of training sessions conducted	2,300	2,300	\$59,000,00 0.00	\$61,950,00 0.00	\$65,047,50 0.00	\$68,299,87 5.00	Field Services/Te chnical Services Field Services/Te chnical Services

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-		D 0	D 11	2020/21	Estimates		ion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
·	Programme/	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		(\$'(000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	inuicator	2017/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		agricultu ral sector								
		Improve d economi c conditions and quality of life for rural farm families through the promotion and development of family business	# of rural groups trained	52	52	\$1,170,000. 00	\$1,228,500. 00	\$1,289,925. 00	\$1,354,421. 25	Field Services

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates		ion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/ Activity and	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	` `	000)	0004/07	./ Div./ Project
	Budget#				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Froject
	8	Increase d efficienc y, producti vity and competit iveness of local farmers, house holders, schools using on farm irrigation	Gravity drip irrigation systems distributed/i nstalled to farmers through support programmes	200	200	\$3,000,000. 00	\$3,150,000. 00	\$3,307,500. 00	\$3,472,875. 00	Technical Services
		gractices Greater emphasis and appreciat ion for Food safety and GAP's	At least 75% of targets completed by parishes	20,000	20,000	\$3,250,000. 00	\$3,412,500. 00	\$3,583,125. 00	\$3,762,281. 25	

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-					Estimates	Project	tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		(\$'(000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	indicator	2019/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
	Buugein	Increase d availabili ty and diversity of economi cally viable and nutrition ally importan t tree crop species.	# of fruit trees established	36,000	36,000	\$9,140,000. 00	\$9,597,000. 00	\$10,076,85 0.00	\$10,580,69 2.50	Strategic Planning, Performanc e and Performanc e Manageme nt
		Improve d levels of economi c investme nt in the agricultu ral sector with emphasis on select	# of hectares established for each crop	3,400	3,400	\$1,179,000, 000.00	\$1,237,950, 000.00	\$1,299,847, 500.00	\$1,364,839, 875.00	Field Services

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-		-		2020/24	Estimates	Project	ion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		(\$'(000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#		indicator	2019/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		crops ³⁰ and livestock 31								
		Improve d market access and rural agricultu	Total kilometres of roads rehabilitated	59km (118 roads)	59km (118 roads)	\$1,300,000, 000.00	\$1,365,000, 000.00	\$1,433,250, 000.00	\$1,504,912, 500.00	Strategic Planning, Performanc e and Performanc
		ral infrastru cture develop ment through the rehabilit ation and	Total kilometres to be maintained	20 km	21 km	\$200,000,0 00.00	\$210,000,0 00.00	\$220,500,0 00.00	\$231,525,0 00.00	e Manageme nt

³⁰ Irish Potatoes, Onion, Hot Pepper, Pineapple (MD2), Ginger, Strawberry, Cassava, Yams, Dasheen ³¹ Small Ruminants, Pigs, Poultry (broiler)

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates	ŭ .	tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected		`	000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		maintena nce of farm roads.								
		Increase d access and	# of media exposure	52	52	\$17,000,00 0.00	\$17,850,00 0.00	\$18,742,50 0.00	\$19,679,62 5.00	Corporate Services
		dissemin ation of useful, accurate	# of billboards/si gnage establishes	4	4	\$3,200,000. 00	\$3,360,000. 00	\$3,528,000. 00	\$3,704,400. 00	
		and relevant informati	# of publications	25	25	\$1,200,000. 00	\$1,260,000. 00	\$1,323,000. 00	\$1,389,150. 00	
		on to stakehol ders on RADA's services and impact within the agricultu	Execution of the Denbigh Agricultural show, other major expositions and shows	13	13	\$22,000,00 0.00	\$23,100,00 0.00	\$24,255,00 0.00	\$25,467,75 0.00	

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates	Ţ,	tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Projected		`	000)	T	./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		ral sector								
		Improve	# of mobile	300	300	\$18,000,00	\$18,900,00	\$19,845,00	\$20,837,25	Corporate
		d and	phones			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Services
		sustain	procured							
		commun	and							
		ication,	maintained.							
		data								
		gatherin								
		g and dissemin								
		ation of								
		technical								
		advice								
		among								
		stakehol								
		ders.								
		Improve	# of	60	60	\$26,000,00	\$27,300,00	\$28,665,00	\$30,098,25	Corporate
		ment in	equipment			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Services
		the	replaced							
		access to								
		ICT								
		Equipme								
		nt								

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates		tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected		(\$'(000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	Indicator	2017/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		Improve d capacity of staff	# of staff training sessions # of staff	5	5	\$1,500,000. 00	\$1,575,000. 00	\$1,653,750. 00	\$1,736,437. 50	Corporate Services
		with the demonstr ated capacity for accessio n to middle and senior manage ment positions	# of stan trained # of technical trainings conducted	5	5	\$2,500,000. 00	\$2,625,000. 00	\$2,756,250. 00	\$2,894,062. 50	
		Increase d access and analysis of financial data through the upgrade	System procured and installed	1	1	\$12,000,00 0.00	\$12,600,00 0.00	\$13,230,00 0.00	\$13,891,50 0.00	Corporate Services

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates		ion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/ Activity and Budget#	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	./ Div./ Project
		of the great plains database								
	Increase access of select local industries to emerging and existing markets within a framework of beneficial inclusion of youth, women and micro- enterprises. (Agricultura l Linkages Exchange Project)	Improve d market linkages between buyers and sellers	Volume of produce marketed	36,000 kg	36,000 kg	\$19,600,00 0.00	\$20,580,00 0.00	\$21,609,00 0.00	\$22,689,45 0.00	Field Services

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-		5 4	n 11		Estimates	Project	ion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		(\$'(000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	inuicator	2017/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		Increase d inclusivit y of women and youth in agricultu ral program mes	At least 30% of women and youth within the sector benefitting from projects and programmes implemente d by RADA	9,000	9,000					Field and Technical Services
	Strengthen MSME's from agriculture, manufactur ing and service sectors contribution to Jamaica's economy.	Promotio n of micro enterpris e develop ment and cottage industry at the farm and commun ity levels in rural areas.	Operations of the Agro processing incubators initiated.	7	7	\$40,000,00 0.00	\$42,000,00 0.00	\$44,100,00 0.00	\$46,305,00 0.00	Field Services

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-					Estimates	Project	ion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		(\$'(000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	inuicator	2017/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		Upgrade to agro- processi ng establish ments and initiation of other training activities	Twickenha m Industry upgraded to facilitate HACCP Certification	2	2	\$6,700,000. 00	\$7,035,000. 00	\$7,386,750. 00	\$7,756,087. 50	Field Services
	Build climate- resilient agriculture, fisheries, manufactur ing and services sectors.	Increase d monitori ng mechani sms for disaster risk manage ment (ADRM) and climate smart related program	Technical and logistics support to climate change adaptation projects provided (externally funded) through :							Technical Services

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-		D 0		2020/24	Estimates	Project	tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
•	Programme/	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		(\$'(000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	indicator	2019/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		mes through collabora tion with External Partners/ Stakehol ders.								
			-The developmen t of Parish ADRM Plans	13	13	\$400,000.0	\$420,000.0 0	\$441,000.0 0	\$463,050.0 0	
			-National Stakeholder Meetings conducted	2	2	\$200,000.0	\$210,000.0 0	\$220,500.0 0	\$231,525.0 0	
		Increase d resilienc e of the	Fodder banks established	10 hectares	10 hectares	\$5,000,000. 00	\$5,250,000. 00	\$5,512,500. 00	\$5,788,125. 00	
		livestock sector built to impacts of climate change	Silage Production established	13	13	\$3,250,000. 00	\$3,412,500. 00	\$3,583,125. 00	\$3,762,281. 25	

Programme/	Intended Bogulto	Performance			Estimates	, and the second	tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
Activity and Budget#	Results	Indicator		Projected Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	000) 2023/24	2024/25	./ Div./ Project
Budget#									
	Restorati	Preliminary	5	5	\$5,000,000.	\$5,250,000.	\$5,512,500.	\$5,788,125.	Field
	on of	damage	3	3	00	00	00	00	Services
	farmers	reports							Ser vices
	livelihoo	produced							
	d after	within 48							
	major	hrs and							
	disaster	verified in 3							
	event	weeks after							
	and rapid	disaster							
	assessme	event.							
	nt of								
	agricultu								
	ral losses								
	(crops								
	and								
	livestock								
) for								
	recovery								
	efforts.		2001	2001	42.7 00.000	*** *** *** *** ***	***	\$2.004.052	
	Improve	# of hectares	300ha	300ha	\$2,500,000.	\$2,625,000.	\$2,756,250.	\$2,894,062.	Technical
	ment in	treated			00	00	00	50	Services (
	the		140,000	140,000	_				Funding
	adaptatio	# of meters	140,000	140,000m					through
	n of Climate	for land	m						synergies
	smart/lan	husbandry treatments							with ADRM/

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates	Ţ.	tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
	Programme/ Activity and	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	./ Div./ Project
	Budget#	d husbandr y practices / treatmen ts on farmer								Climate Smart Special Projects)
		fields. Increase d mechani zation and quality of small and medium size farms tilled by 15 % per annum through the utilizatio n of appropri	# of hectares tilled Reduction in overhead maintenance cost	400 hectares 40%	400 hectares 40%	\$15,000,00 0.00	\$15,750,00 0.00	\$16,537,50 0.00	\$17,364,37 5.00	Technical Services

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub- Programme/ Intended	T	D 0	D 11	2020/21	Estimates		ion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
·	Programme/	Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		(\$'(000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	Indicator	2017/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		ate .								
		equipme								
		nt within the								
		economi								
		c reach								
		of the								
		average								
		small								
		and								
		medium								
		scale								
		farmer								
			Preliminary	2	2	\$115,000,0	\$120,750,0	\$126,787,5	\$133,126,8	Corporate
		Improve	works and			00.00	00.00	00.00	75.00	Services
		d office	mobilization							
		facilities	for the							
		for staff at the	construction							
			of two (2) new office							
		corporat e and	facilities in							
		parish	the parishes							
		level.	of Kingston							
			and Hanover							
			conducted.							

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-	Intended	Performance	Baseline	2020/21	Estimates	Project	ion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept ./ Div./
	Programme/ Activity and	Results	Indicator	2019/20	Projected	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	./ Div./ Project
	Budget#				Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/23	110,000
Develop	Strengthen	Greater	Pest forecast	13	13	\$1,300,000.	\$1,365,000.	\$1,433,250.	\$1,504,912.	Technical
ment and	Agricultura	forecasti	produced			00	00	00	50	Services
Maintena	l Health	ng for	and							
nce of an	and Food	the Beet	communicat							
Enabling	Safety	Army	ed to							
and	Systems	Worm	farmers and							
Facilitati		populati	wider public							
ng		on to								
Environ		minimiz								
ment		e								
		economi								
		С								
		impacts								
		of								
		outbreak								
		s in								
		affected								
		areas.	750/ 6	20.000	20.000	Φ2 000 000	#2 100 000	Φ2 207 000	Φ2 21 5 250	
		Increase	75% of	20,000	20,000	\$2,000,000.	\$2,100,000.	\$2,205,000.	\$2,315,250.	Technical
		d	targets			00	00	00	00	Services
		assessme	completed							
		nts of	by parishes							
		pest of								
		local and								
		quaranti								
		ne importan								
		importan								
		ce and								

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-		D 0	D 11	2020/21	Estimates	Ţ.	tion (Forecast)	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept
•	Programme/	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		(\$'	000)		./ Div./
	Activity and Budget#	Results	Indicator	2017/20	Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
	Duagen	provide advice for their containm ent/suppr ession. Mainstre aming of plant doctor services into	# of plant doctors assessed for the quality of advised provided to	98	98	\$500,000.0 0	\$525,000.0 0	\$551,250.0 0	\$578,812.5 0	Technical Services
		RADA's Extensio n Delivery Impleme	farmers # of Frosty	2	2	\$800,000.0	\$840,000.0	\$882,000.0	\$926,100.0	Technical
		ntation of disease manage	Pod Rot Rallies implemente	2		0	0	0	0	Services
		ment measures related to Frosty Pod Rot disease through	# of farmer field schools facilitated	27	27	\$12,800,00 0.00	\$13,440,00 0.00	\$14,112,00 0.00	\$14,817,60 0.00	

Strategic Priority	Programme/ Sub-					Estimates	Project	& Costs	Functional Agency/Dept	
11101103	Programme/	Intended Results	Performance Indicator	Baseline 2019/20	2020/21 Projected		./ Div./			
	Activity and Budget#	Results			Outrun	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	Project
		capacity building and field intervent ions								
	Total					\$3,088,010, 000.00	\$3,242,410, 500.00	\$3,404,531, 025.00	\$3,574,757, 576.25	

11.0 LIST OF PUBLIC SECTOR ENTERPRISES (SELF-FINANCED)

Public Sector		Inc	ome			Expen	diture				ding	
Entity (PSE)	(Invest	Infl	e, Revenue ows) 000)	all Cash		(\$^(000)		(Loans & Grants) (\$'000)			
	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4
Mr. Gusland McCook Director General Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority (JACRA) 1 Willie Henry Drive, Kingston 15 (876) 758-2925 gmccook@jacra.org; srobinson@jacra.org; Purpose To promote and regulate the operation of a free, fair and vibrant trading environment for selected Agricultural Commodities grown in Jamaica, for both local and export markets	465,451	472,216	477,460	481,439	406,631	415,262	427,053	433,271				
Mr. Christopher Emanuel Chief Executive Officer Mr. Lenworth Fulton President, JAS 67 Church Street, Kingston	115,490	122,123	129,219	136,972	115,490	122,123	129,219	136,972	27,000	29,000	30,000	30,000

Public Sector Entity (PSE)	(Invest	ment Incom Infle	ome e, Revenue ows)	all Cash		Expen (\$'0	diture 000)		Funding (Loans & Grants) (\$'000)			
(876) 922-0610, (876) 948-2901 Fax (876) 967-7419 cpaulemanuel@gmail.com pjackson@jaf.gov.jm Purpose To ensure the protection and promotion of farmers' interests through a vigorous, independent and financially viable organization	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4
Mr. Joseph A. Shoucair, Managing Director Mr. Vivian Brown General Manager Sugar Company of Jamaica Holdings (SCJ Holdings Limited) Lot 12, Innswood, Old Harbour Road, Spanish Town, St Catherine. (876) 618-5890 (876) 943-4457 Joseph- shoucair@hotmail.com; snradministrator@scjholdi ngs.gov.jm; sugar@scjholdings.gov.jm;	596.29M	597.55M	617.82M	670.10M	442.84M	461.54M	478.54M	515.68M	1.69B	1.55B	1.42B	1.28B

Public Sector Entity (PSE)	Income (Investment Income, Revenue all Cash Inflows) (\$^000)				Expenditure (\$'000)				Funding (Loans & Grants) (\$'000)			
	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4
Purpose To manage over 55,000 hectares of land located in several sugar-dependent communities spanning 32 political constituencies in six (6) parishes.												
Miss Yvonne E. Burns Manager Coconut Industry Board 18 Waterloo Road, Kingston 10 926-1770-2 Fax (876) 968-1360 yvonne.burnscib@cwjamai ca.com; cocindbrd@cwjamaica.co m nashell.blackwoodcib.cwja maica.com;	196,740	196,040	197,330	202,640	495,590	484,960	505,330	530,590				
Purpose To promote the interest and efficiency of the coconut industry; encourage the production of coconuts and regulates the purchase, sale and exportation of coconut as well as the importation of coconut products and												

Public Sector Entity (PSE)	(Invest	ment Incom	ome ne, Revenue ows)	all Cash			diture 000)			(Loans &	ding & Grants)	
substitutes.	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4
Mr. Dean H. Avril Chief Executive Officer Jamaica Dairy Development Board Hope Gardens, Kingston (876) 618-7107 (876) 927-1731 dhavril@MOAF.gov.jm; pbmyers@MOAF.gov.jm; dairyboard@MOAF.gov.j M Purpose To promote and foster the development of the dairy sector with particular emphasis on promoting local milk production and achieving efficiencies in the production, processing, marketing and other trade in dairy products.	117,500	119,900	122,300	124,700	106,690,	108,820	110,997	113,200	120,000	122,000	124,000	126,000
Mr. George Callaghan Chief Executive Officer Sugar Industry Authority 5 Trevennion Park Road, Kingston 5 (876) 926-5930-9	298.1	369.0	369.0	369.0	369.0	369.0	369.0	369.0	0	0	0	0

Public Sector Entity (PSE)	(Invest	Income (Investment Income, Revenue all Cash Inflows) (\$'000)				-	diture 100)		Funding (Loans & Grants) (\$'000)			
	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4	YR1	YR2	YR3	YR4
george.callaghan@jamaica sugar.org sia@jamaicasugar.org												
Purpose To enforce the provisions of the Sugar Industry Control Act												

ANNEX

Contents

ANNEX	147
ANNEX A - SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS	149
ANNEX B - STAKEHOLDER ANALYSIS	154
ANNEX C – RISK MANAGEMENT	157
ANNEX D – BALANCE SCORECARD	166
ANNEX E – MONITORING AND EVALUATION PLANS	171
ANNEX E1 – MONITORING PLAN	171
ANNEX E2 – EVALUATION PLAN	172
ANNEX F- SUB-PROGRAMME LOGIC MODEL	174
Summary of Budget Programmes and their functional Divisions and Units	174
Programme 01: Executive Direction and Administration	175
01/01 Central Direction	175
01/02 Policy, Planning and Development	175
Programme 181: Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	178
181/20 Agricultural Health and Food Safety	178
181/21 Agricultural Research & Development	178
181/22 Irrigation Services	178
181/23 Fisheries Development	178
181/24 Agricultural Extension Services	178
181/25 Management of Zoos and [Public] Gardens	178
181/26 Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development	178
181/27 Agro-Industry Development	178
	186
ANNEX G- MINISTRY'S DIVISIONS AND PORTFOLIO DEPARTMENTS AND PUBLIC BODIES	187
ANNEX H- Legislations	190

ANNEX A - SITUATIONAL ANALYSIS

In constructing the Ministry's strategic business plan for 2021/22 – 2024/25, it is essential to assess the environment within which the Ministry must operate; as such, a situational analysis was conducted to highlight the internal and external factors/agents that act upon the Ministry's vision, mission and mandates. As such, MOAF conducted along with a SWOT analysis, a PESTLE analysis and stakeholder analysis (See Annex):

The COVID-19 pandemic has spread with alarming speed, infecting millions worldwide and bringing economic activity to a near-standstill as countries imposed tight restrictions on movement to halt the spread of the virus. The pandemic has been global shock, involving simultaneous disruptions to both supply and demand in an interconnected world economy. On the supply side, infections reduce labour supply and productivity, while lockdowns, business closures, and social distancing also cause supply disruptions. On the demand side, layoffs and the loss of income (from morbidity, quarantines, and unemployment) and worsened economic prospects reduce household consumption and firms' investment. The extreme uncertainty about the path, duration, magnitude, and impact of the pandemic could pose a vicious cycle of dampening business and consumer confidence and tightening financial conditions, which could lead to job losses and investment.

The Jamaican economy with no exception experienced significant disruptions as the goods producing sector contracted by 4.4% and the services industry contracted by 11.5% representing a 10.2% decline in the economy the first six months of 2020 (compared with the same period 2019). Furthermore, sectorial performance painted an even direr picture with the Agricultural, Forestry & Fishing and Manufacturing subsectors contracted by 8.5% and 2.9% respectively within the goods producing industry; while in the service industry Hotel & Restaurants and Wholesale and Retail subsectors contracted by 87.5% and 20% as he the full effects of the pandemic were being experienced in the second quarter1.

In light of the negative impact the pandemic has had on lives and livelihoods, the Government of Jamaica has sought to rebuild a more robust and resilient economy through the Rebuild Jamaica Economic Recovery Strategy. The Strategy seeks to accomplish this by: appropriate macro-fiscal reform and business climate improvements; restoration of the tourism sector; boosting public sector efficiency and private sector competitiveness; and increase economic formalization.

The Ministry of Agriculture's strategic priorities will be geared towards assisting in the rebuilding effort through the implementation of the Agri-Business Sector Strategy; which seeks to establish a modern, profitable agri-business sector in Jamaica and effect social and economic transformation of rural economy with relevant business models and supporting ecosystems that function to ensure the Food and Nutrition security for the population of Jamaica.

-

¹ PIOJ Review of Economy

PESTLE Analysis

A PESTLE analysis was conducted to identify and analyze the macro-environmental (external environment) factors that have an impact on an organization/country. The result of which is used to identify threats and weaknesses which is used in a SWOT analysis. The technique is used to help identify factors involved in change rather than solutions to any of the factors. The factors identified fell into one of two categories:

- 1. Outside the control of the organization
- 2. Have some form impact on the organization

Political

- Stable Democracy
- Food Security Significant policy issue for GOJ
- Food Traceability Significant policy issue for GOJ
- Environment & Production Balance
- Corruption Index ranked 68th (moderate transparency)²
- Member of CARICOM (economic, trade and labour bloc)
- National Development Plan Vision 2030, is aligned with 2030 Sustainable Development Goals
- Major Trade Agreements
 - The European Partnership Agreement (EPA)
 - Caribbean-Canada Trade Agreement (CARIBCAN)
 - o Caribbean Basin Initiative (CBI)
 - Caribbean Single Market Economy (CSME)
- International Trade Friendliness Logistics Performance Index 2.52 (global rank 113th)
- Ease of Doing Business rank 70th
 - o Competiveness Index 4.25

Economic

Economic factors have a significant impact on how the Ministry designs interventions and project business enabling initiatives, programmes and projects:.

- Pro-Business Environment for FDIs³
- Volatility in Commodity markets
- Increased global competition
- Supply chain issues
- GDP 14.77 USD billion
 - o Annual GDP growth rate 1.40%
- Macroeconomic Factors
 - Volatile exchange rate
 - o Favourable interest rates
 - Inflation Rate within target performance range (CPI and PPI)⁴

² Transparency International 2018 Report

³ Ease of doing Business Report

⁴ Bank of Jamaica Inflation Report July 2019

Sociological

- Consumer Diet/Interests Changes
- Image of Farming/Image of Jamaican Products
- Levels of Education Expected years of schooling -> 13.1 years
- Changes in values of Population
- Human Development Index 0.732 (97th global ranking)⁵
- Gender Development Index 0.988⁶
- Institutional and policy frameworks geared towards reinforcing social protection and inclusion
 - Law Reform (Restorative Justice) Act 2016
 - o Integrity Commission Act 2017
 - o Disabilities Act 2014
 - o Policy framework for senior citizens
 - Creation of Municipal Corporations
- Ageing Population Median age 30.4; declining age group 0-14.⁷
 - Life Expectancy 76.1 years
- Leading cause of death Non-Communicable Diseases

Legal

- Trade Arrangements (WTO Compliant)
- Policy Framework
- Responsive to dynamic industry and commerce arenas
- Legislative Compliance
 - o Industry specific regulations
 - Business law
- Institutional framework (regulatory authorities)
- Caribbean Court of Justice

Technological

Technological factors affect marketing and the management thereof in three distinct ways:

- New ways of producing goods and services
- New ways of distributing goods and services
- New ways of communicating with target markets
 - Inadequate applied Research & Development due to reduced Government funding
 - o Precision Agriculture
 - o Climate Smart Agriculture
 - o Slowing Productivity gains
 - Investments in Start-ups
 - o Internet access proliferation
 - o Mobile Broadband Penetration
 - Availability & Speed of Mobile broadband
 - Internet users 45% of population⁸

Environmental

- Climate Change Adaptation
- Water Management
- Modernized water distribution system in cities and growth centres
- Water insecurity in rural agricultural regions
- Soil & Vegetation Management
- Climate Smart Agriculture
- Forest Management Plan
- Forest Management and Conservation Plan 2016-2026
- Solid Waste Management Infrastructure
 - Legislation passed to ban some plastics and Styrofoam
- Responsiveness to Natural Disasters
- Agriculture Disaster Risk Management Plan
- Responsiveness to Health Emergencies
- Expanded Programme of Immunization to tackle Human Papilloma Virus

⁵ UNDP Human Development Report 2019

⁶ UNDP Human Development Report 2019

⁷ Economic Social Survey of Jamaica 2018

⁸ UNDP Human Development Report 2018

SWOT Analysis

Strength

- Technical Resources and Infrastructure
- Policy Support Structure for portfolio sectors
- Industry & Value Chain Support Mechanisms
- Extension Services
- Strengthened monitoring & evaluation functions and culture
- A 90% of workforce at the technical levels have their basic qualifications and training
- Policy frameworks to guide the development of the sector
- Delegated Authority for HR functions and MYHR+ piloted
- Strengthened monitoring and evaluation culture and functions
- Wide variety of available fruits, vegetables, staples and plants for growth and production.
- Policies, programmes and projects geared towards youth inclusivity, gender equality and social inclusivity.
- Customer Service Framework developed
- Meet National Development Goals
 - Food Security
 - Import Substitution
 - · Enhance livelihoods through Agriculture
- Favourable Reputation Internationally
 - Logistics Performance
 - Transparency
 - Ease of doing Business

Opportunities

- Access to Grant Funding Strong relationships with Agriculture-based NGOs
- High Interest from Diaspora, international development partners, national organization and academia to invest in Jamaica
- Vibrant stakeholders
- Available programme funding (e.g. Foundation for Competitiveness & Growth Project)
- Favourable developments in the local, regional and international environments (increased interest of youth to participate in sectors, diversification of manufacturing base, global trends in manufacturing that require worldwide assembly and processing sites, high regional competition, new technologies in agricultural production and post-harvest activities)
- Access to cost effective technology
- Forge strategic alliances with other players in the sector (both locally and internationally)
- Access to Emerging and New technology
- Improved value-added production through better utilization of surplus in agriculture and fisheries sub

Weakness

- Distribution and Supply Chain issues
- Poor track record of Policy Implementation
- Disconnect between production & productivity and trade arrangements
- Insufficient funding for critical policies & programmes in the Ministry
- Inadequate ICT infrastructure and solutions
- Inadequate research and development capabilities
- Gaps in specialized training for technical staff as well as inability to retain quality and experienced staff.
- Lack of a structured communications strategy that targets the Ministry's publics
- Insufficient resources to support monitoring, surveillance and enforcement
- Inadequate capacity to collect data and carry out data analyses in select sub-sectors
- Insufficient R&D or use of R&D information
- Slow pace of development of new industries
- Level of unskilled farmers in scientific methods, processing and best practices in agriculture & fisheries
- Lack of sufficient market information and intelligence
- Collaboration among the Ministry, its departments and agencies, not fully leveraged

Threats

- Natural Disasters
- Priority & Policy Changes
- Unfavourable Fiscal Regime
- Constrained fiscal space which will affect grant funding
- Unclear functional alignment among ministries and agencies, leading to portfolio creep
- Unidentified funding to sustain/institutionalize activities of current projects as they come to a close
- Globalisation impact of further liberalization on the agriculture, manufacturing and service sectors, which can thwart Ministry's efforts
- Unfavourable developments in the local, regional and international environment (degradation of environment/landscapes, inappropriate development on agricultural lands, rural-urban migration of young people, declining role of agriculture in rural economies/communities, praedial larceny/ organized crime/illegal unreported and unregulated (IUU) fishing, crime and corruption, climate change and climate variability, improper disposal of Industrial waste, high competition with imports, growing competition for land and water)
- Negative perception of service to stakeholders leading to mistrust of relayed information.
- Loss of Production due to pest and disease outbreak
- Sustainable flow of farmers and fishermen
- Variability in the price of oil
- Instability in price of produce in the local market

Against this background of social and economic performance, the Ministry seeks to implement programmes and developmental initiatives that seek to leverage Jamaica's unique attributes in an effort to

achieve the development aspirations outlined in the National Vision 2030 development plan. The SWOT analysis has further highlighted these attributes as it relates to MOAF, creating a framework to evaluate not only the competitive advantages and institutional strengths, but also the external factors that act upon the Ministry's stakeholders as well as various institutional gaps and weaknesses; it is within this context that MOAF's medium term strategic priorities must be achieved. By building on the innate strengths of the Ministry will – (1) Modernize the agricultural sector to (2) Promote market-driven production; and (3) Implement the agribusiness sector strategy. By seizing the opportunities available, the Ministry will – (4) Build a road map for youth in agriculture and agribusiness and (5) Establish a National Livestock Framework. By minimizing the apparent weaknesses, the Ministry will – (6) Strengthen the capacity of Ministry and entities to efficiently and effectively implement policies, programmes and projects. Finally, to counteract the threats, the Ministry will – (7) Build a resilient and sustainable fisheries sector.

ANNEX B - STAKEHOLDER ANALYSIS

Stakeholder	Interest	Influenc e	Needs	Wants	Expectations	Needs	Wants	Expectations
HM Industry, Commerce, Agriculture & Fisheries	High	High	Policies & Programmes geared towards achieving the Vision & Mission of the Ministry	Sustained Growth of the Sectors	Sustained Growth of the Sectors	Policy Directive	Support	Support
Ministry of Health	High	High	Adherence to Public Health Initiatives and Protocols	Adherence to Public Health Initiatives and Protocols	Adherence to Public Health Initiatives and Protocols	Improved Collaboration of Intelligence	Improved Collaboration of Intelligence	Improved Strategic Planning in combating Zoonotic diseases; Increased Trade Facilitation
Ministry of Finance & Public Service	High	High	Adherence to Fiscal Priorities	Frequent Progress Reports	Achieve the Government's fiscal & economic policy goals	Fiscal Support	Expeditious & Timely disbursement of funds; Clear Communication	Fiscal Support
International Development Partners	Low	High	Transparency & Account- ability	Policies, Programmes & Initiatives consistent with SDGs	Development in keeping with SDGs	Aid, Grants & Technical Assistance in combating Development challenges	Aid, Grants & Technical Assistance in combating Development challenges	Continued Support and Partnerships
Ministry of Labour & Social Security	High	High	Adherence to Labour Laws	A responsive labour market; delivers effective social protection	Effective and efficient labour market	Effective and efficient labour market; Labour legislation that does not inhibit Competitiveness	A responsive labour market; delivers effective social protection programmes	Effective and efficient labour market

Stakeholder	Interest	Influenc e	Needs	Wants	Expectations	Needs	Wants	Expectations
				programmes		of products		
Capital Market & Lending Institutions	Low	High	Fiscal Regulations and Frameworks that support the Growth of the Capital Market	High Index of Financial Inclusion	Sustained Growth in the sector	Fiscal Support of Primary Stakeholders	Capital Market focused on Business/Enterprise Development	Capital Market focused on Business/Enterprise Development
Local Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises	High	Low	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Sustained Growth in the sector	Job Creation, Innovation & High Quality Products	Job Creation, Innovation & High Quality Products	Job Creation, Innovation & High Quality Products
Large Food Supply & Distribution Conglomerates	High	Low	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Sustained Growth in the sector	Dynamic & Efficacious Supply Chains	Dynamic & Efficacious Supply Chains	Stable Supply and Availability of Foods for subsectors
Large & Small Farmers	High	High	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Sustained Growth in the sector	Stable Supply of High Quality Produce	Stable Supply of High Quality Produce	Stable Supply of High Quality Produce
Local Government Authorities	High	High	Adherence to statutes and laws that govern public administration	Adherence to statutes and laws that govern public administration	Adherence to statutes and laws that govern public administration	Creation and maintenance of Infrastructure geared towards developing enabling business environment	Improved and Sustained Collaboration	Improved and Sustained Collaboration
Regulatory	Low	High	Adherence to	Adherence to	Adherence to	Regulatory	Regulatory	Regulatory

Stakeholder	Interest	Influenc e	Needs	Wants	Expectations	Needs	Wants	Expectations
Bodies			regulatory standards	regulatory standards	regulatory standards	Frameworks and Quality Standards that protects the interest of Civil Society	Frameworks and Quality Standards that protects the interest of Civil Society	Frameworks and Quality Standards that protects the interest of Civil Society
Large Local Manufacturers	Low	High	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Sustained Growth in the sector	Buy-in and Compliance with National development policies	Job Creation; Innovation; Supply of Highly Competitive Products for local and export markets	Job Creation; Innovation; Supply of Highly Competitive Products for local and export markets
Large Local & International Enterprises (Service Sector)	Low	High	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Enabling Environment for Business Growth	Sustained Growth in the sector	Buy-in and Compliance with National development policies	Job Creation; Innovation; Supply of Highly Competitive Products for local and export markets	Job Creation; Innovation; Supply of Highly Competitive Products for local and export markets

ANNEX C - RISK MANAGEMENT

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P × I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
Programme 01 Executive Direction and Administration To improve access to, utilization and availability of quality products and services, while optimizing the	Insufficient funding may stall transformation initiatives leading to reduced capacity to implement programmes	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	4	5	20	Reduction	Form strategic alliances with funding bodies such as FAO, IDB, Competitiveness Fund etc.	Corporate Services
use of resources.	Lack of stakeholder buy-in can lead to non-approval of policy/ legislation which would result in lack of a comprehensive framework for industrial development	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	3	5	15	Reduction	Targeted PR initiatives to boast stakeholder confidence in the policy/legislative recommendations	Economic Policy and Planning, Industry Division, Commerce
	Lack of a robust and integrated ICT infrastructure results in inefficiency in service delivery.	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	4	4	16	Reduction	Projectised needed system overhaul	Corporate Services
	Inability to attract and retain highly skilled, knowledgeable and	Threat	Medium term strategic	4	4	16	Reduction	Alternative benefits programme	Corporate Services

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P x I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
	innovative workforce due to due to comparatively high paying jobs in the Private Sector		risk						
To improve operational effectiveness and efficiency, governance, and human and organisational capabilities of the Ministry. To achieve at least 70% performance for internal service delivery	Lack of employee engagement leads to slow implementation of targets which results in failure of programmes and projects	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	3	4	12	Reduction	Conduct employee engagement survey and implement recommendations	Corporate Services
to staff enabling them to perform their functions.									
To improve the quality and responsiveness of policy planning and research instruments to address sector issues.	Low confidence in enforcement of Praedial larceny Prevention Laws and initiatives results in low reporting which would increases incidences of Praedial larceny	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	4	5	20	Reduction	Targeted sensitization trainings in high incidence areas with parallel PR on success enforcement activities	PLPCU

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P × I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
	Lack of an integrated centralized repository of data results in less effective evidenced based decision making responses at the management.	Threat	Operational Risk	4	3	12	Reduction		AMID
Programme 181: Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	Extended period of drought/ rainfall/ increase incidences of pest and disease may cause a decline in production with results in a reduced contribution to GDP	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	4	5	20	Reduction	Climate resilient trainings and infrastructure established	RADA, NIC
To increase agricultural production by at least 15% to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2024	Limited number of persons with the requisite expertise in specific crop production/ industry results in limited extension services leading to low production in specific crop production/ industry	Threat	Operational Risk	3	5	15	Reduction	Specialized training of extension officers	RADA, JBDC

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P x I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
Programme 181: Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security	Incidence of praedial larceny will lead to loss of earnings which will discourage new entrants	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	4	5	20	Reduction	Strengthen MOU with JCF and MNS, MOJ	PLPCU
To increase agricultural production by at least 15% to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2024	Limited access to low capital leads to a reduction in production/entrants to the agri-business sector which results in reduced economic growth	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	3	5	15	Reduction	facilitate the collateral arrangement with GOJ and financer to reduce risk	MOAF
	Limited Funds, delay/stop implementation of key initiatives under sub-programmes results in reduction in production	Threat	Medium term strategic risk	4	5	20	Reduction	Increase capital funds via approval of projects Advocate for funds for emergent initiatives	MOAF/ Policy, Planning and Development
Sub-objectives: To reduce biological risk from plant and plant by-products, animal and animal by-products, and	Database failure leads to lack of access to trade systems & ASYCUDA resulting in delayed clearance process	Threat	Operational Risk	3	3	9	Share	Backup systems	Trade Facilitation Task Force

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P x I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
food. To increase access of local industries to targeted export markets	Unfavourable weather conditions, reduces travel to sites resulting in derailment of NAITS and Inspection programme	Threat	Medium Term strategic Risk	3	3	12	Reduction	Increase number of site visits after weather disruption	VSD
	Lack of stakeholder buy- in causes low levels of compliance with high risk products which result increase biological risk to pest, disease and food pathogens	Threat	Medium term	3	5	15	Reduction	Ramp-up PR and add incentives/ disincentives to compliance/non-compliance	VSD / PQ/PI and FSPID
Sub-objectives: To increase the access of new and technologies increasing climate resilience, production and productivity	Insufficient budgetary support for maintenance of upgrade of research station will result in poor maintenance of facilities and reduction in value of government assets	Threat	Medium Term Strategic Risk	4	4	16	Reduction	Projectised upgrade needed	R&D
	Increased demand for research services will require upgrade of staff skill sets and recruitment of new staff	Opportunity	Medium Term Strategic Risk	4	5	20	Sharing	Develop a partnership with Universities to outsource services or facilitate post	R&D

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P × I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
								graduate research collaborations Develop partnership with HEART/NTA for training of farm support	
	Demands for land for housing will cause pressure on Research Station lands results in reduce production of climate-resilient adaptable high productive crop, livestock and milk	Threats	Medium Term Strategic Risk	5	5	25	Sharing	On-going advocacy for protection of agricultural land to ensure food security and economic growth	PS
Sub-objectives: To increase the access of irrigation water across the island	Contractors seeking to use substandard materials leads to quality requirement standards not met resulting in water loss	Threat	Medium Term Strategic Risk	3	4	12	Reduction		NIC
	Unforeseen impact/threat of a natural disaster affecting project implementation activities	Threat	Medium Term Strategic Risk	4	4	16	Reduction	Defer activities	NIC
	Lengthy approval procedures (including	Threat	Medium Term	4	5	20	Reduction	Defer activities and ramp up	NIC

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P x I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
	procurement) for Irrigation infrastructure, delay on start- up date and delay in implementation resulting in funds not being expended/ access to water for farmers delayed		Strategic Risk					activities that is not directly connected to infrastructure development	
	Scope adjustments due to poor project scoping/planning results in cost overruns/increased cost of completion	Threat	Medium Term Strategic Risk	4	4	16	Reduction	Review project scope and update based on review	NIC
Sub-objectives: To increase the use of new and best-fit technologies for climate resilience, production and productivity	Negative publicity may have a serious impact on staff morale and distrust by stakeholders resulting in possible reduction in transfer of technology for increase production and productivity	Threat	Medium Term Strategic Risk	3	4	12	Reduction	Targeted PR- use of public forums and other platforms to highlight RADA's achievements, challenges and impact	RADA
	Cyber threats can impact the security of the company's data and networking system resulting in loss of farmers registration	Threat	Operational Risk	3	4	12	Reduction	Implementing a prepared cyber security protocol Use of backup	RADA

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P x I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
Sub-objectives: To maintain and increase the availability of local	Increase in Natural Disaster Events can reduce agricultural production and productivity due to the inability to gain access to farmers/farmlands by the support services staff. Adverse weather conditions (drought and flooding) may lead to	Threat	Medium Term Strategic Risk Medium Term Strategic	4	5	20	Reduction	Agricultural Disaster Risk Management System activate – messages before to prepare and after extension support to collate initial damage – targeted inputs to quicken recovery Implement Disaster Risk Plan	Public Gardens
and endemic plants of potential economic and ecosystem value Sub-objective: To grow, by 15% youth	loss in plant life resulting in a reduction in access to endemic, economic, scientifically important and/or local species Insufficient support for youths leads to high	Threat	Risk Medium Term	4	5	20	Reduction Sharing	Targeted business coaching	Ja 4-H/ MOAF
involvement in the agricultural and agroprocessing sector by 2024	failure rate of youth micro enterprises results in reduce sustainable growth		Strategic Risk				Juanus	Partnership with other youth organizations	

Programme/Sub- Programme Objectives	Risk Description	Opportunity/ Threat	Risk Category	Likelihood (P)	Impact (I)	Risk Score (P × I)	Response Category	Response	Risk Owner
Sub-objectives: To increase agroprocessing output and value-added exports of the agricultural sector by at least 5% annually.	Improper farming practices/ imported contraband leads to emergent pest and disease resulting in reduction/eradication of crops	Threat	Medium Strategic Risk	3	5	15	Reduction	Targeted and Aggressive surveillance and management	Plant Quarantine/ Produce Inspection along with relevant Commodity Board

ANNEX D - BALANCE SCORECARD

	jectives	Key Performances	Targets to be	Baseline 2018	Programme/
		Indicators	achieved by 24/25		Initiatives
		STAKEI	HOLDER PERSPEC	CTIVE	
1.	To increase, by 10% annually, the output of agriculture and fisheries	1. Kg of local domestic production	1.5B kg of production	678,448,000 kg	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security
	resources, including value- added production.	2. Reduction of selected foods in the food import bill	10% reduction in food importation bill	US 907M (7.9% increase)	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security
		3. Food Self Sufficiency in select crops	100% Irish potato 60% onion	16,184 9 (T) reflects 85 % increase) 827 (T) reflects 6% increase	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Competitive
			25% strawberry	31,998 (T) reflects a 23.8% increase	Products Development initiative
	To have at least	4. Crops for diversification of market	% Ginger 15% increase in pineapple production % Sweet Potato % Yam % Hot Peppers %Dasheen %Cassava	TBD	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Production Incentive Initiative
2.	To have at least 30% of participants into MOAF programmes be youth, women, micro enterprises or any vulnerable group from the agriculture, fisheries,	5.% increase in Youth Involvement	15% increase in youth (18 - 35) in agriculture and agribusiness	151 new agro- enterprises established 10% of trained youth enters agriculture and/agribusiness sector TBD	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Youth in Agriculture & Entrepreneurship and Agricultural Extension Services
	manufacturing and/or service		youth (18 – 35) in non-agriculture		

Ob	jectives	Key Performances Indicators	Targets to be achieved by 24/25	Baseline 2018	Programme/ Initiatives
	sectors.		businesses		
		6. # of farmers trained (disaggregated by youth, gender and PWD) ⁹	42,000 > 30% Y/W	39,000 With 9,000 youth benefitting	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security RADA
3.	To develop and begin implementation of action plans of at least four (4) key industries in agriculture, fisheries, manufacturing, and/or service sectors within the next four years.	7. No. of select industries/subsect ors with supporting planning, legislative and policy framework	50 plans, legislations and policies approved	4 projects submitted to PIMSEC (1) Fisheries Act	Executive Direction and Administration
4.	To increase, by 10% annually, the output of agriculture and fisheries resources, including value- added	8. Litres of dairy milk production	22% Increase in local milk production	13.2M (Litres)/ 10% increase 6,300 dairy cattle in production	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Diary Revitalization
		9. Hectares of fruit tree orchards established	Hectares of fruit tree orchards established	1,920 fruit trees No new orchards were established	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Orchard Development
		10. % Increase in production in fisheries and aquaculture products	10% increase in tilapia 100% increase of targeted new or under-utilized Fisheries	1,512 T (tilapia) or 13.3% increase)`	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Fisheries

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⁹ Farmers are trained in Good Agricultural Practices (GAP); Land Husbandry; Marketing; Group Dynamics; Agriculture Disaster Risk Management (ADRM); and

Objectives	Key Performances Indicators	Targets to be achieved by 24/25	Baseline 2018	Programme/ Initiatives
		developed		Development
		0.6% increase in absolute contribution of fisheries subsector to GDP	0.3	
	11. # hectares (ha) with irrigation (service areas)	18,817 ha	10,623ha	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security
	12. % irrigable lands under production	TBD	TBD	Agro-Invest Corporation and Agricultural Extension
	13. # or km of farm roads rehabilitated /maintained	100 roads /100 km of road	95 roads /141.9 km of road rehabilitated/main tained	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Farm Road Rehabilitation
5. To increase, by 10%, the access of Jamaican Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) to adequate infrastructure,	14. % of soil health recommendatio ns implemented in select agricultural zones	At least70% in good soil health	90% of 3902.59 hectares	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Agricultural Land Management
finance and support services by 2024	15. % and # of Jamaica's environmentally important species conserved in public gardens & scenic avenues	100%	590 species conserved in public gardens & scenic avenues	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Public Gardens and Zoos
	16. % increase in new species preserved in the scenic avenues	5%		

Objectives	Key Performances Indicators	Targets to be achieved by 24/25	Baseline 2018	Programme/ Initiatives
	and gardens			
	17. # and volume of clean seeds/ planting material available for	6 crops of the priority crops	2 crops	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security
	distribution			Research and Development - Clean Seed Initiative
6. To reduce the incidence of select pests, diseases, food borne pathogens for targeted crops and livestock and food products	18. % of human population reported with zoonotic diseases & animal product related illness	0.1% human population reported with zoonotic diseases & animal product related illness, food and food contaminants	<0.1 No outbreak reported	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security Food Storage and Disinfestation and Veterinary Services
	19. % of Producers and consumers who have access to high quality, pest free and safe plants and plant products.	> 90% of imported material entered the ports deemed as high quality, disease free planting material & products.	TBD	Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security PQ/PI
	INTERNA	L BUSINESS PROC	CESSES	
7. To allocate and optimally use human and	20. Trainings provided	>60% of staff trained	20% staff trained	Executive Direction and Administration
financial resources based on agreed	21. Increase in staff certified in related field	TBD	TBD	Modernisation and Transformation
National and Ministry's strategic priorities.	22. % of MICAF records automated/digitized	At least 2 records managements systems digitized	MYHR+ commenced	Programme
	23. Level of satisfactory service offered by MICAF and its Portfolio entities	>80%	56% (Cabinet Office Survey)	

Ob	jectives	Key Performances Indicators	Targets to be achieved by	Baseline 2018	Programme/ Initiatives
			24/25		
		LEARN	ING & GROWTH P	ERSPECTIVE	
8.	To allocate and optimally use human and financial resources based	24. % of Performance targets met within deadlines	100% of Ministry processes ISO 9001 compliant > 80% of targets	10% 60% of targets met	Executive Direction and Administration Modernisation and Transformation
	on agreed National and	25 0/ 5)5:	met		
	Ministry's strategic priorities.	25. % of Ministry's employees satisfied with internal customer service	> 80%	60%	Corporate Services
		26. Extent to which the merger of both portfolios are aligned	>90%	TBD	Modernisation and Transformation Programme
			INANCIAL PERSPI	ECTIVE	
9.	To allocate and optimally use	27. % of audit queries resolved	100%	100%	Executive Direction and Administration
	human and financial	28. % reduction in audit queries	> 30%	TBD	Strategic Planning
	resources based on agreed National and Ministry's strategic priorities.	29. % of claims processed for vendors within agreed timeframe	90%	TBD	Executive Direction and Administration Financial Management Programmes
		30. % of Projects completed within approved budget and timelines	>90%	TBD	Executive Direction and Administration Project Management Coordination
		31. % of project funds expending in accordance with the approved budgetary cash flow	>99%		

ANNEX E - MONITORING AND EVALUATION PLANS

ANNEX E1 - MONITORING PLAN

Programme/	Output	Baselin	Department	Monito	ring Frequen	cy						Monitorin
Sub-	Indicator	e	al –Level	Year	r 2021/22	Year	2022/23	Year	r 2023/24	Year	r 2024/25	g Method
programme		2019/2	Major Task	Targe	Monitorin	Targe	Monitorin	Targe	Monitorin	Targe	Monitorin	
		0		t	g Timeline	t	g Timeline	t	g Timeline	t	g Timeline	
Executive	Customer	66%	Update	≥80%	Quarterly	≥80%	Quarterly	≥80%	Quarterly	≥80%	Quarterly	Quarterly
Direction and	Service		standards of									internal
Administrati	Rating		service									Surveys
ve			handbook									
-Central												Biannually
Admin			PR campaign									external
-Policy,												surveys
Planning and			Staff									
Development			training									
Agricultural	%		Identification	≥10%	Quarterly	≥15%	Quarterly	≥20%	Quarterly	≥25%	Quarterly	Monthly &
Production,	increase		of adapted		•							Quarterly
Productivity	in		climate smart									Performanc
and Food	agricultur		technologies									e Reports
Security	al											•
-AHFS	productio		Farmer &									Field visits
-AR&D	n to meet		Fishers									
- Irrigation	targeted		Training									
- Fisheries	markets											
- Extension			Supply of									
Services			inputs									
- Mgmt. of			1									
gardens			Inclusion of									
- Youth in			youth,									
Agriculture			women and									
-Agro-			persons with									
Industry			disability									

ANNEX E2 – EVALUATION PLAN

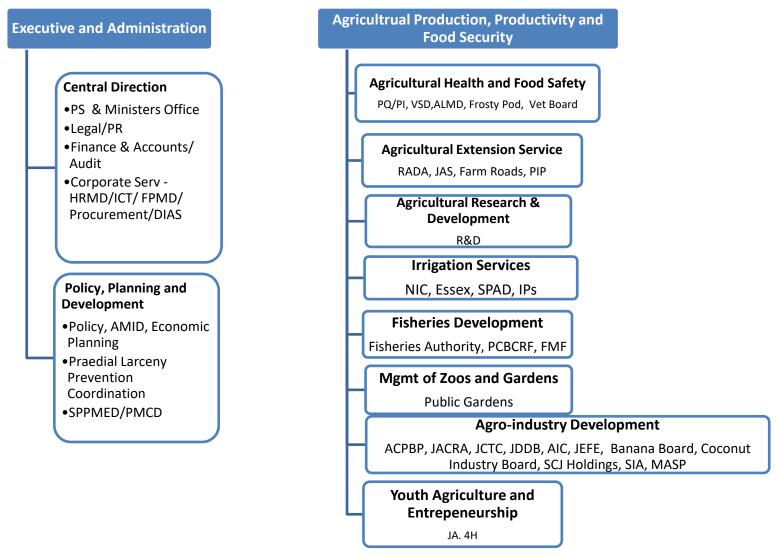
Programme	Objectives	Expected Outcome (s)	Evaluation type (Frequency)and Completion Date	Evaluation Questions	Evaluation Method(s)	Responsible Entity
Executive Direction and Administrative -Central Administration -Policy, Planning and Development		Strengthen the capacity of Government to play a supporting role including the legislative, regulatory, institutional and policy framework for industries in the agriculture and fisheries sector	Impact Evaluation (Quarterly); March 2024		Performance Reports: Monthly Reports Quarterly Reports	MOAF
Agricultural Production, Productivity & Food Security -Agricultural Health and Food Safety -Agricultural Research and Development -Irrigation Services Expansion -Fisheries Development -Agricultural Extension Services -Management of Zoos and Gardens	To increase agricultural production by at least 15% to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2024	(1) Strengthen the framework for greater competitiveness of a diversified range of products and increased agricultural output particularly crops, livestock and aquaculture. (2) Increase the resilience of the agriculture sector to natural hazards and impacts of climate change (3) Promote National Food and Nutrition Security and Food Safety	Process and Impact Evaluation (Monthly); March 2024 Program Monitoring (Mid-term); March 2024 Outcome Evaluation (Annual); March 2024		Performance Reports: Monthly Reports Quarterly Reports PIOJ Economic Publications Data Collection: Questionnaires Surveys Attendance Records Matriculation Records	MOAF

Programme	Objectives	Expected Outcome (s)	Evaluation type (Frequency)and Completion Date	Evaluation Questions	Evaluation Method(s)	Responsible Entity
Development -Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development					Financial Reports ¹⁰	

¹⁰ Specifically as it relates to projects

ANNEX F- SUB-PROGRAMME LOGIC MODEL

Summary of Budget Programmes and their functional Divisions and Units



Programme 01: Executive Direction and Administration 01/01 Central Direction 01/02 Policy, Planning and Development

LOGIC MODEL – Central Administration

Programme Objective: To improve access to, utilization and availability of quality products and services while optimizing the use of resources

Sub programme Objective: (1) To achieve at least % performance for internal service delivery to staff enabling them to perform their functions

(2) To improve operational effectiveness and efficiency, governance and human and organisational capabilities of the Ministry

INPUTS		OUTPUTS	
Mobilised Resources		Activities	Products/Services
Admin and technical staff		Training of employees	Reports completed (audit reports, compliance reports,
ICT infrastructure		Conduct stakeholder consultations	and budgets)
Survey/evaluation instruments (PMAS,		Sensitization/training of	Staff trained
Customer satisfaction survey, etc)		industry players	Staff recruited
Policies/legislations/regulati		Maintenance or rehabilitation infrastructure/facilities/ICT	Audits conducted
on/Protocols		Recruitment of staff	Budgets approved and expended
Training manuals/plans	\ /	Inspections and maintenance	Registry maintained
Budgetary support	7	of equipment	· ,
Records classification system		Conduct internal audits	Plans developed (Succession plans, Disaster recovery plan
Procurement Plan		Compile reports	ICT systems maintained
Rehabilitation of MICAF infrastructure		Maintenance of records classification system	
Audits		Procurement of goods and services	
		Prepare the Ministry's Budget	

	OUTCOMES	
Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term
Increased satisfaction of employees with work environment Greater compliance to financial and budgetary requirement and polices Increased adherence to Government laws regulation and policies Management of budget (budget allocation and expenditure) Increase in use of ICT in business processes and to deliver quality services to public	Improved efficiency of the organization to deliver product and services to its customers Increased performance accountability of HR Increased use of ICT in business processes and to deliver quality services to the pubic	Improved efficiency of the organization to deliver product and services to customers Improved service delivery relevance efficiency and effective operational excellence and accountability mechanism
	ı	

ASSUMPTIONS

Stable local and global economy

No excessive impact from natural disasters

Availability of local labour and technical capacity

Sustained or Improved production level of primary commodities

EXTERNAL FACTORS

High attrition rate of staff

 ${\it Inadequate\ buy-in\ and\ contributions\ from\ stakeholders\ for\ policy\ formation}$

Change in Ministerial Policies, Priorities

Adverse global economic performances and policies

Natural Disasters, Inadequate funds/opportunities for training staff

Exogenous economic shocks

Low business and consumer confidence

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

 Extent to which programme projects and policies being implemented have the desired impact on the population

Intermediate Outcome

 # and type of modernized /transformed initiatives completed

Immediate Outcome

 Customer satisfaction and service retention (Customer service rating)

Output

- 1. Expenditure as a percentage of the budget
- % of project funds expended in accordance with approved budgetary cash flow
- 3. Timely implementation of the communication plan
- 4. % of staff trained in select areas
- 5. # of MOAF records automated/Digitized

Logic Model: Policy, Planning and Development

Sub-Programme Objective: To improve the quality and responsiveness of policy planning and regulation to address select sector issues. **Sub-Programme entities:** Industry, Commerce, Strategic Planning, Performance and Project Management, Monitoring and Evaluation Directorate, Permanent Secretary Office, Legal Unit, Communication & Public Relations Unit

INPUTS Mobilised Resources Admin and technical staff Cost of administrative support for police operations regarding praedial larceny cases Legislation/regulations Survey Instruments ICT infrastructure Budgetary support Policies/legislations/ regulations/ protocols	
Admin and technical staff Cost of administrative support for police operations regarding praedial larceny cases Legislation/regulations Survey Instruments ICT infrastructure Budgetary support Policies/legislations/	INPUTS
Cost of administrative support for police operations regarding praedial larceny cases Legislation/regulations Survey Instruments ICT infrastructure Budgetary support Policies/legislations/	Mobilised Resources
for police operations regarding praedial larceny cases Legislation/regulations Survey Instruments ICT infrastructure Budgetary support Policies/legislations/	Admin and technical staff
Survey Instruments ICT infrastructure Budgetary support Policies/legislations/	for police operations regarding praedial larceny
ICT infrastructure Budgetary support Policies/legislations/	Legislation/regulations
Budgetary support Policies/legislations/	Survey Instruments
Policies/legislations/	ICT infrastructure
, 0	Budgetary support

OUTPUTS			
Activities	Products/Services		
Development and review of policies, plans and legislations	Policies, plans and legislation developed/reviewed		
Training of employees	Policy documents submitted to cabinet		
Training seminars for police and			
clerks of the courts	Producers utilize industry specific incentives		
Conduct stakeholder consultations			
	Crops/livestock cost of production		
Sensitization/training of industry players	surveys conducted		
	Police and clerks of the court		
Implement communication plan	trained in dealing with praedial larceny cases		
Monitoring of Ministry projects	•		
and activities from business plans and operational plan	Stakeholder consultations held		
	International accreditation/		
Develop and conduct surveys	certification gained		
Develop databases	Reports submitted (Business Plan, Operational, quarterly, annual)		
	Cabinet submissions made		

		OUTCOMES		
	Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term	
	Increased access to incentives for industry development	Increase contribution of industries to GDP	An enabling business environment	
	Increase knowledge/awareness of industry players on select issues including praedial larceny; industry incentives Increased level of community consultation and participation Policies and approved action plans	Increased industry stakeholder involvement in the local economy Greater integration of critical information from stakeholders in project programmes and policies	An internally competitive agriculture, manufacturing and service sector A planning and regulatory framework for select industries in the agriculture, manufacturing and service sectors	

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

Extent to which programme projects and policies being implemented have the desired impact on the population

Intermediate Outcome

% of targeted plans, polices and legislation developed amended to sector directives

Immediate Outcome

of acts reviewed within time frame

of initiatives that are behind schedule/behind target; on track ahead of target; complete and incomplete

Output

of policies being actively implemented and monitored

of plans completed within agreed timeframe

of persons trained through collaborative learning initiatives

ASSUMPTIONS

Stable local and global economy

No excessive impact from natural disasters

Availability of local labour and technical capacity

Sustained or improved production level of primary commodities

High Attrition rate of staff
Inadequate buy-in and contribution from stakeholders for policy formation
Change in Ministerial policies, priorities
Adverse global economic performances an policies
Inadequate funds/opportunities for training staff

Exogenous economic shocks

EXTERNAL FACTORS

Low business and consumer confidence

Programme 181: Agricultural Production, Productivity and Food Security

181/20 Agricultural Health and Food Safety

181/21 Agricultural Research & Development

181/22 Irrigation Services

181/23 Fisheries Development

181/24 Agricultural Extension Services

181/25 Management of Zoos and [Public] Gardens

181/26 Youth Agriculture and Entrepreneurship Development

181/27 Agro-Industry Development

LOGIC MODEL – Agricultural Health and Food Safety

Programme Objective: To increase agricultural production by at least 15% to meet domestic and export demand by 2025

Component Objective: 1. To reduce biological risk from plant and plant by-products, animal and animal by-products and food.

2To increase access of local industries to targeted export markets.

INPUTS

Mobilised Resources

Inspectors

Dogs/ accommodating infrastructure

Tools & equipment

Staff - technicians (lab)/ subject area

specialists (land use planners, etc)

Labs

Extension support including vehicles

Salaries

Training curriculum

Project funds/private consultant/private

labs/int'l cooperation

Animal ID - tags

Legislation

Input materials - seeds, chemicals,

supplies, land

Animal reproductive technology - AI, ET,

etc

Baseline databases - NAITS, Land Use,

surveillance, pesticide residue, GIS etc

Streamlined processes vis trade

facilitation programme

OUTPUTS			
Activities	Products/Services		
1.1.1.1 Develop manuals, protocols, procedures, standards and plans (disease, surveillance. emergency, etc.) 1.2.1.1 Develop and implement training curriculum for select targeted areas in agricultural health 1.2.2.1 Identify model farms for demonstrations 1.3.1.1 Conduct assessment of land use 1.3.2.2 Conduct lab tests 1.4.1.1 Develop and implement a public education campaign on AHFS 1.5.1.1Provide animal and plant breeding services 2.1 Inspect farms, animal holdings, and packing houses, processing facilities, warehouses / food est. and containers 2.2.1.1 Conduct surveys, lab tests, and update databases 2.2.2.2 Conduct surveillance activities of selected pests and diseases for crops, livestock and wild life 2.3.1.1 Tagging of animals and farms 3.1.1 conduct investigation 3.2.1 Inspect aircraft & shipping vehicles and containers 3.1.3. Train select inspectors and canines	1.1.1 Protocols and standards for select agricultural health practices developed 1.2.1 Farmers, exporters, owners of food est. trained and certified in AHFS 1.2.2 Farmer field school established 1.3.1 Agricultural Land use recommendations 1.3.2 Lab tests report 1.4.1 Social media and other media activities re: AHFS publicised 1.5.1 Animal offspring and plant material supplied 2.1.1 Food establishments audited/inspected and certified 2.1.2 Phytosanitary and sanitary certificates (export health certificates) issued 2.2.1 Integrated agricultural health database developed and populated 2.2.1 Maps drafted per agricultural zones 2.2.2 Disease free status for select animal diseases and plant pest granted 2.3.1 Animals tagged and incorporated in the National Animal Identification and Traceability system (NAITS) 3.1.1 Import permits/licences issued 3.1.2 Compliance /letter of approval (PQ) certificates and handlers trained		

	OUTCOMES	
Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term
1.1 Change in private sector policy in handling food, livestock and meat-by products 1.2 Increase in skills and capacity of staff, exporters and owners of food est. re: AHFS 1.3 Increase in skills of farmers in pesticide use and nutrient management 1.4 Change in the attitudes of public towards selection of food products* 1.4 Public awareness on agricultural health 1.5 Increase productivity of select crops and livestock due to GAP 2.1 Increased compliance among exporters, food establishments, processing facilities, etc. 2. 2Increased access to export markets for local meats and fresh food 2.3 Improve use of technology to increase efficiency of processes to export 2.4 Reduction in the amount of infested and/or contaminated food entering commerce 3.1 Reduction in contraband foods bypassing borders/ports	1. Increase in local agricultural production to meet targeted markets 2. Increase in fresh food exports and livestock product exports 3. Zero/minimal biological risk 4. Sustainable management of land or soil	Internationally Competitive Agriculture and Fisheries Sector Hazard Rik Reduction ar Adaptation to Climate Change Sustainable Urban & Rur Development Sustainable Managemer & Use of Environmenta Resources Food Security

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

Decrease in select products under the food import bill

Intermediate Outcome

% increase in agricultural production to meet targeted markets

% increase in the awareness and usage of pest/disease mgmt. and food storage practices

% of human population reported with zoonotic and animal product related illness

Immediate Outcome

% arable lands in production

% increase in export crops (new and traditional)

Output

of lab test conducted for food borne disease/ microbiology/ residue lab

of import permit licensed

of risk analyses / risk assessment and pest investigation conducted

of animal tagged under NAITS

of animal and animal product origin inspected

#animals inseminated/access to semen

ASSUMPTIONS

Stable local and global economy

No excessive impact from natural disasters

Availability of local labour and technical capacity

Sustained or Improved production level of primary commodities

EXTERNAL FACTORS

Inadequate buy-in and contributions from stakeholders for policy formation

Change in Ministerial Policies, Priorities

High attrition rate of staff

Adverse global economic performances and policies

Natural Disasters Exogenous economic shocks Inadequate funds/opportunities for training staff

LOGIC MODEL – AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY – Agricultural Extension Services

Programme Objective: To increase agricultural production by at least 15% - to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2025

Sub-programme Objective: To increase the use of new and best-fit technologies for climate resilience production and productivity

INPUTS	
Mobilised Resources	
Staff, consultants, farmers	
Lands/infrastructure- storage facilities	
Farm Equipment- tractors, chemicals, tools	
Reports	
Planting material	
ICT – ABIS	
Legislation, policies	
Registration system	

ОИТ	TPUTS
Activities	Products/Services
Rehabilitation of farm roads Assist with Land preparation Conduct training sessions for farmers and staff Public awareness sessions Farm visits /farmers meetings Maintenance of equipment Servicing of weather stations Distribution of planting material and farm equipment Maintenance and update of ABIS Stage agricultural expos Extension services Assist with the marketing of farmers' produce	 Staff trained Farm roads rehabilitated Media/social media platforms used Public awareness activities undertaken Fodder banks established Sensitization sessions held Weather stations installed and serviced Farm equipment distributed Planting material and chemicals distributed Farmers with access to representation Famers trained in good agricultural practices (GAPs)

Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term
Increase in agricultural production to targets markets Increased representation for farmers Registration of farmers increased Increased use of GAPs by farmers	Increased application of environmental best practices throughout the agricultural sector Increased and sustainable livelihoods for farmers and fishers	Increased agricultural production. Increased resilience of the agriculture sector to natural hazards. Internationally competitive Agriculture sector

ASSUMPTIONS

- Stable local and global economy
- No excessive impact from natural disasters
- Availability of local labour and technical capacity
- Sustained or Improved production level of primary commodities

EXTERNAL FACTORS

- Inflation disruptive rates
- Natural Disasters
- Insufficient buy-in by primary stakeholders
- Insufficient Resources to execute projects personnel, financial etc.
- Reduced numbers of farmers, fisher folk
- Output risks
- Supply chain inefficiencies

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

% increase in agricultural production to meet targeted markets

Intermediate Outcome

% decrease in select products in the food import bill

Immediate Outcome

Extension officer per farmer

% of youth and/or women benefited from programmes

of hectares of produce under PIP established

Output

of farmers trained

or km of roads rehabilitated/maintained

of agro-processing incubators initiated

of fruit tree orchards established

100 | 1 a 8 c

LOGIC MODEL - AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, PRODUCTIVITY AND FOOD SECURITY - Research and Development

Programme Objective: To increase agricultural production by at least 15% - to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2025

INPUTS Mobilised Resources Staff, consultants, farmers Planning and Policy technical staff, extension officers Relevant data and reports/research Infrastructure/ facilities/generators Legislation/Polices Crop /livestock production technology Resources databases Equipment Farm Management Inputs Specialized pathogen detection kits **Funding** ISO certifications/

accreditations

OUTPUTS			
Activities	Products/Services		
Organizing stakeholder forums Collect data and data analysis Conduct baseline survey Conserving, improving and developing PGR & AGR Produce clean seed material for select priority crops Conduct variety evaluations Conduct surveillance for pest of economic and quarantine importance Training of staff and Training of Farmers Maintenance of database Conducting Various Laboratory tests Field trials of crops Propagation of clean plant material/seed stock Propagation of animals with desired characteristics Es. New tech for mgmt. of pest and diseases Conduct trials re: mitigate against Postharvest loss Surveillance pests and diseases Citrus certification prog — maintain citrus germplasm in Jamaica Produce clean bud eyes for citrus industry Screening of imported planting material for economic and quarantine pest Cleaning up (Removing harmful internal pathogens from) economically viable crops (priority crops) Rapidly multiply cleaned material	1.2.1 Quality-based planting material 1.1.2 Disease tolerant and climate resilient variety accessible for priority crops 1.1.3 Diagnostic services re: pest and diseases mitigation 1.1. 4 Improved crop production technologies 1.1.6 Hot water treatments provided for crop research and private sector 1.2.4 Clean seed material accessible for production 1.2.5 Clean planting materials for nursery production including citrus nursery production 1.2.6 Diagnostic services provided for imported seeds = 1.2.3 Effective pest and disease surveillance and management systems 2.1.1 Profiles of DNA fingerprinting for bees, select crops and livestock 2.1.2 Improved methods for pest detection and cleaning up of plant material evaluated and implemented 2.1.4 Locally adapted crops varieties with desirable traits* 2.1.3 Apiaries inspected with incidence of pests and diseases 3.1.1 Report on the small ruminants and livestock sector and its needs 4.1.1 Livestock technologies developed and deployed 5.1.1 Projects resulting in new/improved technology products implemented 5.1.2 Entries in Plant genetic resources database 5.1.3 Published peer reviewed papers		
for nurseries Provide hot water treatment and germination testing for crop research and private sector	# of selected protocols accredited 5.1. 4 Climate resilient infrastructure and activities to reduce loss of operations 5.1.5 Models and plots demonstrating innovated technologies for farmer /extension officer/train the trainer		

	OUTCOMES	
Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term
a.1 Increased access to new and adaptable technologies for crop production and productivity a.2 Increased access of quality planting material to meet private sector demand a.1 Increased access of key information on desirable traits for industry development a.1 Increased knowledge of the role local small ruminants and livestock sector have on economic growth and job creation a.1 Increased access new and industry development a.2 Increased access new and industry development a.3 Increased access to materials such as hay and silage to mitigate loss of livestock production a.4 Increased fodder for livestock research a.5 Increased the access of quality odder to farmers a.4 Increased the access of GAP for odder production a.5 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production a.6 Increased since the access of GAP for odder production	 Increased production of priority crops and fruit trees for targeted markets Increased use of local produce in select food industries (import substitution) Planning framework for local small ruminants and livestock sector Increased production in livestock and their products with special focus on small ruminants Reduction of impact of extreme weather conditions on crop and livestock production Effective service delivery from MICAF's research station to the public 	Internationally Competitive Industries in the Agricultural Secto Increased food security Increased productivity of select crops Strengthened agricultural research institutions and programme

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

Reduction/ maintenance of select pest, disease and pathogens in plants, animals and /or food.

Intermediate Outcome

- % increase in agricultural production to meet targeted markets – domestic, exports and manufacturing input
- 2. % increase in export crops (new and traditional)

Immediate Outcome

% of new technologies climate resilient and with high productivity

of improved plant genetic resources available to farmers

of evaluation production and supply crop varieties wit desirable traits

Output

#/volume of clean planting material ready for distribution

of technologies that mitigate crop loss that support the use of integrated pest management

EXTERNAL FACTORS

Stable local and global economy

No excessive impact from natural disasters

Availability of local labour and technical capacity

Sustained or Improved production level of primary commodities

ASSUMPTIONS

Inflation Natural Disasters
Insufficient buy-in by primary stakeholders
Reduced numbers of farmers, fisher folk

Lengthy Procurement Processes Lack of funding
Output risks
Supply chain inefficiencies

181 | Page

LOGIC MODEL – Irrigation Services

Programme Objective: To increase agricultural production by at least 15% - to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2025

 ${\it Component\ Objective: To\ increase\ the\ access\ of\ irrigation\ water\ across\ the\ island}$

Sub-Programme entities: NIC, EVADP,

INPUTS	
Mobilised Resources	Activities
Farmers,	Conduct field surveys
Survey instruments	Develop irrigation scheme
Technical staff	Cleaning and repairing of o
Reports	Rehabilitation of infrastruc
Feasibility studies	– canals, offices, electrical motors
Equipment	Dragurament of aguinman
Legislations/policies	Procurement of equipmen Training of staff
	Rehabilitate farm roads

OUTPUTS		
Activities	Products/Services	
Conduct field surveys	Hectares serviced with irrigation	
Develop irrigation scheme	Field surveys conducted	
Cleaning and repairing of drains	Lots leased	
Rehabilitation of infrastructure – canals, offices, electrical motors	Drains cleaned	
Procurement of equipment	Canals rehabilitated	
Training of staff	Infrastructural work completed	
Rehabilitate farm roads	Volume energy cost avoided	
	Staff and farmers trained Farm rehabilitated	

OUTCOMES			
Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term	
Increased livelihoods of Essex Valley farmers	Optimal Efficiency in water distribution energy usage	Internationally competitive agricultural	
Increases irrigated land		structures	
Efficiency in water distribution to agricultural lands			
Increased capacity of farmers			
Increase access to irrigation water			
Increased farm access			

ASSUMPTIONS

- Stable local and global economy
- No excessive impact from natural disasters
- Availability of local labour and technical capacity
- Sustained or Improved production level of primary commodities

EXTERNAL FACTORS

- Inflation disruptive rates
- Natural Disasters
- Insufficient buy-in by primary stakeholders
- Insufficient Resources to execute projects personnel, financial etc
- Output risks-high energy costs

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

% increase in agricultural production to meet targeted

Intermediate Outcome

% of arable lands in production

Immediate Outcome

of ha farm land in Essex Valley irrigated

Output

Value of water sales

of Ha of land with irrigation

Volume of water produced

and type of activities under EVADP within budget and schedule

LOGIC MODEL – Fisheries Development

Programme Objective: To increase agricultural production at least 15% to meet domestic, export and manufacturing input demand by 2024. **Component Objective:** To maintain at optimal levels the availability of capture fisheries resources AND To increase the production and productivity of aquaculture and its product by 20% by

INPUTS	OUTPUTS		OUTCOMES		
Mobilised Resources	Δctivities	Products/Services	Immediate	Intermediate	I ong-term
Staff- Technical officers, Admin and support staff	1.1.1.1 Assess and sustainable manage major fisheries	1.1.1 Registration of fishers for select fisheries (# of licenses issued by age, sex, location & disability)1.1.2 Inspection of food establishments, fishers, public beaches,	1.1 Increased compliance among fisheries and aquaculture	1. Modernized Planning and enabling	Internationally Competitive
Fish farmer and Fishers	1.1.12. Continue support of the special fishery	fishing vessels, aquaculture facilities (including fish farms and pet stores), processing facilities	stakeholders 1.2 Change in attitudes	framework for local fisheries	Industries in the fisheries
Budget/ Project funding	conservation areas/Fish sanctuary programme	1.1.3 Compliance increased among licensees within schedule and budget 1.1.4 Licensing, Monitoring and enforcement activities implemented	along the supply chain	sector	Sector
Fishery waters	1.2.1.1 Train stakeholders in industry	to realize compliance 1.1.5 New and/or amended regulations for fisheries and aquaculture	for fisheries 1.3 Increased autonomy,	2. Improved conservation and	Sustainable management
Legislations	on post –harvest handling techniques	including enforcement 1.1.6 Policies developed for fisheries and aquaculture	regulatory capacity, business processes of	management of fisheries	use of fisheries
Vehicles/Equipment and Tools	1.3.1.1 Deliver regional meeting/seminars 3.1.1.1 Expand the catch	1.1.7 Workshops for Judiciary (WB) held 1.1.8 Certification attained for better management systems (ISO QMS, Global GAP, MSC, Fish welfare)	the NFA 2.1 Optimized availability	resources and habitats 3. Increased	resources Reduction of
ICT including website development	certification scheme 3.1.2.1 Registration and licensing of fisherfolks &	1.1.9 Staff trained 2.1.1 Declare fish sanctuaries (acreage of FS across island) 2.2.1 Fisheries Management Plan developed/revised (7)	along the value chain of select fishery resources	benefits and access to	Hazards in Fisheries
Infrastructure –Hatcheries,	vessels 4.1.1.1 Appoint members	2.2.2 Select Fisheries' surveys/assessments conducted 2.2.3 Enforcement and diversification activities for extended closed seasons (under 1)	2.2 Increased awareness of fisheries conservation	markets derived from the Blue	Sector
ponds, Offices Space, Port facilities, shore-based	tribunal, Council and Board 4.1.2.1 Preparation of HR	2.2.5 Fishers trained in conservation 2.2.6 Catch certificates for exporters	3.1 Increase income	Economy for Jamaicans	Climate Resilient
fisheries support facilities, purpose built facility and	plan, Finance Plan, modernization plan,	2.2.7 Fisher and fish farm groups formed/ revived 2.2.8 PR activities conducted	opportunities under the Blue Economy	4. Increased consumption of	Fisheries Sector
renovated outstations	change mgt plan 4.2.1.1 Implement	3.1.2 Licences for new and underutilized fisheries 3.1.3 New and underutilized fisheries developed and promoted 3.1.4 Tilapia production increased	3.2 Improved skills and	local aquaculture	
Consultation report for strengthening regulation	change mgt activities	3.1.5 Seed stock produced and available 3.1.6 Additional production facility established	awareness in select fisheries production and productivity	products and off shore pelagics	
regarding enforcement	3.1.3 Conduct trials on new and underutilized	3.2.1 Business plans for fish enterprises developed 3.2.2 Fish enterprises/ NGOs accessing funds (CBL, PC, CB)	4.1 Increase awareness of	5. Increase	
Equipment and software for inspection	fisheries - mariculture	3.2.3 On-farm/fisher folk consultations (extension) 3.2.4 Farmers trained in aquaculture production, techniques and GAP 3.2.5 Grow-out and nursery racks maintained	local aquaculture products and off shore pelagic	investments in the local aquaculture	
Registration and licensing		3.2.6 Mariculture and aquaculture species produce 3.1.7 Value of off shore pelagic exported 4.1.1 PR activities on local aquaculture products and off shore pelagics	5.1 increase opportunities for investment in the fisheries	sector 6. Increased	
system		conducted 4.1.2 Marketing plan for select products – tilapia and oysters developed	sector	Contribution of fisheries to GDP	
MOUs with sanctuary/ enforcement partners		and implemented 4.1.3 Aquaculture products under IP and/or registered and standardized			

External Factors

Inadequate buy-in and contributions from stakeholders for policy formation
Change in Ministerial Policies, Priorities
Low business and consumer confidence

Adverse global economic performances and policies

Natural Disasters

Exogenous economic shocks

Trade barriers

Inadequate funds

5.1.1 Ponds constructed/rehabilitated

Technological disrupters- international and regional direction

ASSUMPTIONS

Stable local and global economy

No excessive impact from natural disasters

Availability of local labour and technical capacity

Sustained or Improved production level

Receiving required funding/budget

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

% contribution to GDP and increase income opportunities

% of coastal fishery water protected as fish sanctuaries

Intermediate Outcome

% increase in fish production from aquaculture

Immediate Outcome

% of select fisheries along the valve chain optimised

% compliance to licensing requirements among fishers and aquaculture

Output

B | P a

of acres of fish pond renovated/ constructed

% of clients served

% increase in seed stock

LOGIC MODEL – PUBLIC GARDEN AND ZOOS

SUB-PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE: To maintain and increase the availability of local and endemic plants of potential economic and ecosystem value Sub-Programme entities: Public Gardens

INPUTS

Mobilized Resources

Human & physical resources, staff- Head of Division/ Superintendent, Botanist, Horticulturalist,

Administrative Staff,

Facility Managers, Gardeners

Nurseries/Greenhouse

Gardens

Scenic Avenues

ОЦТІ	PUTS
Activities	Products/Services
 Conservation of biodiversity / Maintenance of Gardens and Scenic Avenues Oversee mgmt. of Hope Gardens Conduct Landscaping activities / Projects Plant sales, rentals and maintenance Rental services for events Liaise with external partner for endemic and endangered plants Plant Collection / Drives Facilitate research and internships for research Preservation techniques / Plant Propagation Facilitate passive recreational activities at Gardens and Scenic Avenues Coordinate horticultural shows, expos & Seminars (educational) Production of promotional materials. Capacity Building 	Revenue generated visitors to gardens expos / shows/ seminars held plants endemic protected research interns facilitated staff trained different types of plants replanted plants propagated (survival rate of replanted ferns/bamboo/trees) plants collected from plant drives Promotional materials produced Management meetings attended/ Recommendations provided projects completed

	OUTCOMES	
Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term
Maintenance/preservation of select plant species	Conservation of local biodiversity	Reduction in Jamaica's contribution in greenhouse emissions
Increase Knowledge of plant/plant maintenance/care Increase capacity of staff increase skills Increase awareness of youth population Increase awareness of public Gardens and the role in preserving bio-diversity Increase energy conservation critical resources Income generation through	Increase knowledge and capacity of new and adapted technologies for economic and scientific purposes The Public attitudes changed on plant biodiversity Public Gardens are more Climate Resilient. Operation cost reduced. Public Gardens usage increased	Resilient and Competitive Agricultural Sector
plant sales, rental and projects		

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

Intermediate Outcome

% increase in access to local and endemic plants/plant species

Immediate Outcome

% increase in research facilitated in the public gardens

% of plant species conserved and maintained

EXTERNAL FACTORS

High attrition rate of staff

Inadequate buy-in and contributions from stakeholders for policy formation

Change in Ministerial Policies, Priorities

Adverse global economic performances and policies

Natural Disasters Inadequate funds/opportunities for training staff

Exogenous economic shocks Low business and consumer confidence

Output

of persons using public gardens for recreation and or research

of plants sales, rentals and maintenance services acquired to generate income for AIA

ASSUMPTIONS

Stable local and global economy

No excessive impact from natural disasters

Availability of local labour and technical capacity

Sustained or Improved production level of primary commodities

LOGIC MODEL – YOUTH AGRICULTURE AND ENTREPRENUERSHIP

SUB-PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE: To increase the number of youth trained in entrepreneurship and vocational skills especially as it relates agriculture and agri-business AND to grow by 15% annually youth entrepreneurship in agriculture

SUB-PROGRAMME: JAMAICA 4H

INPUTS

Mobilised Resources

Legislation, policies, programmes

Training curriculum

career counsellor

ICT- database

Technical staff/consultants-

Supplies and equipment

Consultation services

	OUTPUTS		
	Activities	Products/Services	
	Training of staff, volunteers, youth	youth owned agricultural enterprise	
	Registration of members - clubites	social media platforms utilized farmers trained in entrepreneurship	
\ \	Renovation and maintenance of infrastructure –green house, school gardens	agricultural enterprises established	
7	Monitor and update social media and other electronic platforms	staff /volunteers trained centres/infrastructure refurbished	
		youths trained	

	OUTCOMES					
	Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term			
	Increased capacity of youth s in agriculture	Increased access to resources and provide	Internationally Competitive Industry Structures –			
	Increased in registered membership	effective services to youth and women in agriculture	Agriculture			
	Increased youth involved in business					
7	Increased income from value added products					
7						

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

% increase in export crops (new and traditional)

% of youth trained/benefitted from interventions in agriculture/agribusiness

Intermediate Outcome

% of trained youth entering the agriculture sector

Immediate Outcome

of agro-enterprises established

ASSUMPTIONS

Stable local and global economy
No excessive impact from natural disasters
Availability of local labour and technical capacity
Efficacious implementation of MSME policy
Sustained or Improved production level of primary commodities

EXTERNAL FACTORS

Inflation – disruptive rates Natural Disasters

Adverse global economic performances and policies

Supply chain inefficiencies Inadequate Office Space

Inadequate levels of local and foreign direct investments
Shrinking talent pool Cyber attacks

Output Risks – production shortfalls

Output

of persons trained under 35 years

of youths receiving scholarships

LOGIC MODEL – Agro-Industry Development

SUB-PROGRAMME OBJECTIVE: To increase the production of select agricultural commodities as well throughput for the agro-processing subsector.

SUB-PROGRAMME ENTITIES: JDDB, AIC, JEFE, ACP Bridging Project, SCJ Holdings, Coconut Industry Board, Banana Board, JACRA, SIA,

INPUTS

Mobilised Resources

Planting material- coconut, bananas, plantains
Cows
Technical staff, consultants
ICT – Quality Management systems
Legislation, MOUs
Standards – GAPs
Infrastructure- agro-parks, nurseries, post-harvest facilities
Licensing systems
Catastrophe insurance fund/insurance lands

ОИТ	OUTPUTS			
Activities	Products/Services			
Issuance of export license Training of farmers/ entrepreneurs/youth Maintenance of infrastructure Distribution of planting materials Monitoring and surveillance of diseases Develop reports and protocols Conduct research on bio- diversity of plantain and banana crops Registration of commodity farmers Maintenance of database Review of legislations Review of lease applications	Crops exported Entrepreneurs/farmers trained Farmers trained Planting material produced & distributed youths trained in production procedures and nursery management pest resilient farms Reports and protocals developed hectares planted legislations reviewed infrastructure maintained applications for leases reviewed and actioned			

OUTCOMES			
Immediate	Intermediate	Long-term	
Disease resilient crops Increased capacity of farmers in international Standards Upgraded infrastructures Increased milk production Increased commodity production Increased production agroparks Increased export opportunities	Increased production of select crops Reduction in import food bill Increased production along the value chain Increase application of environmental best practices throughout the agricultural sector	Increase production and productivity Internationally Competitive Agriculture Industry Strengthened framework for greater competitiveness of a diversified range of agricultural products	

ASSUMPTIONS

Inadequate buy-in and contributions from stakeholders for policy formation
Low consumer confidence indices
Low business confidence indices
Inflation – disruptive rates
Change in Ministerial Policies, Priorities
Adverse global economic performances and policies

EXTERNAL FACTORS

Stable local and global economy
No excessive impact from natural disasters
Availability of local labour and technical capacity
Efficacious implementation of MSME policy
Sustained or Improved production level of primary commodities

INDICATORS

Long-term Outcome

% decrease in select products on food import bill

Intermediate Outcome

- % increase of farmers engaged in export opportunities
- % increase in

Banana/coconut/commodity production

% pass rate to be achieved by commodity dealer

Immediate Outcome

- % increase in the number of agro-parks fully operational
- % increase in local milk production

Output

% construction of research facility at TMRS

- # of hectares of arable lands utilized
- # of kg harvested in agro-parks and zones
- # of licenses issued

ANNEX G- MINISTRY'S DIVISIONS AND PORTFOLIO DEPARTMENTS AND PUBLIC BODIES

The Ministry drives its strategic mandate utilizing the following structures:

24 Divisions

- 1. Executive and Administrative Divisions: (1) Permanent Secretary, (2) Legal Office, (3)–(4) Chief Technical Directors, (5)Internal Audit, (6)-(7) Principal Directors, (8) Finance, Accounts and Budget, (9) Human Resources Management & Development, (10) Communications & Public Relations, (11) Facilities & Property Management, (12) Information, Communication & Technology, (13) Procurement Unit, (14) Customer Service Unit, (15)Strategic Planning, Performance Monitoring and Evaluation, (16) Project Management and Coordination
- 2. <u>Technical Divisions</u>: (17) Agricultural Land Management, (18) Praedial Larceny Prevention Coordination, (19) Agricultural Marketing Information (20) Economic Planning, (21) Plant Quarantine & Produce Inspection (22) Public Gardens, (23) Research & Development (R&D), (24) Veterinary Services Division

14 Agencies

Public Bodies that are partially/fully supported through the Consolidated Fund:

- 1. Agro-Investment Corporation (AIC)
 - ➤ Agricultural Development Corporation (ADC)
 - ➤ Agricultural Marketing Corporation (AMC)
 - Agricultural Support Services and Productive Projects Fund Limited (ASSPFL)
- 2. Banana Board
 - Banana Insurance Fund
- 3. Jamaica 4-H Clubs
- 4. Jamaica Agricultural Society (JAS)
- 5. Jamaica Dairy Development Board (JDDB)
- 6. Jamaica Agricultural Commodities Regulatory Authority (JACRA)
 - Cocoa Industry Board
 - Coconut Industry Board (Regulatory functions only)
 - Coffee Industry Board
 - > Export Division
- 7. National Fisheries Authority (NFA)
- 8. National Irrigation Commission (NIC)
- 9. Rural Agricultural Development Authority (RADA)

Public Bodies that are not supported through the Consolidated Fund

- 10. Coconut Industry Board (CIB)
- 11. Fisheries Management Fund
- 12. Jamaica Veterinary Board
- 13. SCJ Holding Ltd.
 - Sugar Commodity of Jamaica (SCJ) Legacy

14. Sugar Industry Authority (including Sugar Industry Research Institute)

Additionally, the Ministry implements eight (8) key Projects to focus on critical priority areas. These are

1. Agricultural Competiveness Programme Bridging Project - (ACPBP)

The ACPBP is designed and implemented to facilitate the placement of Jamaica in a competitive position that will provide solutions to the structural challenges that are confronted by the local agriculture sector whilst at the same time providing an opportunity and laying a solid foundation to fully exploit the market potential which exist for Jamaican fresh produce, locally and internationally. To achieve these objectives, the following components are being financed by the project:

- 1. The Development of the Spring Gardens Agro Park;
- 2. Enhance the capacity of MICAF's departments and Agencies;
- 3. Agri-business Value Chain Development and Financial Modeling
 - a. Strawberry Industry Development
 - b. Development of the Mango Industry;
 - c. Staffing the Programme Implementing Unit (PIU) and Key Experts for the project's implementation

2. Essex Valley Agriculture Development Project (EVADP)

The project will supply irrigation water to over 700 hectares of farmlands in Essex Valley, positively impacting the livelihoods of over 700 farmers. The major components under EVADP are: Improved Irrigation Systems, Enhanced Agriculture Production, Marketing Facilities and Systems, Energy Efficiency/Renewable energy and Technical Assistance.

3. Farm Roads Project

This project aims to provide improved direct access to an estimated 11,506 farmer's island wide for the "Farms to market" transportation of farm produce, while also catering to the commute for the general public and the surrounding communities. This project is being implemented by the Rural Agricultural Development Authority, main provider of agricultural extension service for the Ministry.

4. **Production Incentives Programme**

This project aims to support farmers within the Long Pond and Hampden sugar-growing areas with the transportation of harvested canes to factories in St. Catherine, Westmoreland and St. Elizabeth as well as to mitigate the effects of drought conditions on agricultural production in drought-prone parishes. This project is being implemented by the Rural Agricultural Development Authority, main provider of agricultural extension service for the Ministry

5. Promoting Community Based Climate Resilience in the Fisheries Sector

This project aims to support Jamaica in the preparation of the initiative Promoting Community Based Climate Resilience in the Fisheries Sector, which aims to enhance community-based climate resilience among targeted fishing and fish farming communities. This will include Robust and climate-smart fisheries policy and regulatory framework; • Reduced vulnerability of the targeted fishing and fish farming communities to climate shocks; • Diversified and strengthened livelihoods of targeted artisanal fishers and fish farmers.

6. Rehabilitation of Research Centres

The main goal of this initiative is to rehabilitate selected facilities at the Bodles Research Station which impact directly the level of support given to farmers. This will include rehabilitation of offices, residences and sanitary facilities; overhaul of security systems; construction of dairy cattle barn; design of a new piggery; upgrade of irrigation system and solid waste disposal system; renovation of Bio-Control Laboratory; construction of aeroponics/hydroponics system; rehabilitation of crop research and customer service offices; and capacity building and institutional strengthening.

7. Rehabilitation of Irrigation Infrastructure- National Irrigation Commission

The main goal of this initiative is to reduce water losses and operational costs in select irrigation systems in St. Catherine and Clarendon. This will include the commencement of the following works in the Mid-Clarendon Irrigation System: replace 528 lengths of 18 inch pipeline on the Parnassus canal line; and repair 10,560 feet of damaged canals on the Old Milk River canal line.

8. South Plains Agricultural Development Project

The main goal of this project is to assist in the achievement of food security and the modernization of the agricultural sector through the construction of wells and the development of associated agricultural infrastructure in the arable areas. This will include development of lands; construction of access roads; construction of pump house and well drilling and development of irrigation infrastructure

ANNEX H- Legislations

#	2020/2021 Priority Legislations	Status	Impact
1.	The Plants and Plant Products (Inspection and Quarantine) Bill ¹¹ To make new provision for plant quarantine and produce inspection activities and to establish a department of Government to be known as the Plant Quarantine and Produce Inspection Branch for the management thereof; to prescribe measures to prohibit the entry and establishment of plant pests; to prescribe measures to ensure the importation and exportation of only the highest quality pest free plants, plant products and other regulated articles; to repeal the Plants (Quarantine) Act; and for connected purposes.	Finalized revised draft Cabinet Submission for the approval to repeal and replace the Plant Quarantine Act incorporating comments from relevant stakeholders ON TARGET	Better alignment of the Plant Quarantine and Produce Inspection Branch's role in increasing access to export markets while ensuring the reduction of contaminants entering (diseases and pests) and destroying the local agriculture economy.
2.	The Agro-Investment Corporation (Amendment) Bill The amendment to the Act is to provide for the management of a pool of funds, inter alia, and any other provisions required in order to empower the Agro-Investment Corporation to perform the functions presently undertaken by the Agricultural Support Services and Productive Projects Fund Limited. The amendment to the Act seeks to also increase the complement of the Board to a minimum of six and a maximum of twelve members and to provide for the qualifications of members of the Board to include proficiency in matters relating to property management, procurement, accounting and auditing.	The Final draft Bill dated October 9, 2019 has been delivered to the Attorney General's Chambers for review/no objection to facilitate the said Bill advancing to the Legislation Committee ON TARGET	Empowerment of the Agro-Investment Corporation to perform mandate of increase investments in the agricultural sector. More comprehensive management framework of agricultural resources.

Legislations passed or to pass in 2019/20:

- 5. The Food Storage and Prevention of Infestation (Amendment) Act and Regulations, 2019
- 6. Fisheries Act 2018
- 7. Protection of Plant Genetics for Food and Agriculture (Amendment) Act 2019

Legislation being worked on:

8. Amendment of the Animals (Diseases and Importation) Act

¹¹ In 2005 a Cabinet Decision was made to amend the PQ Act. In the process of amendment, policy changes and acceptance of the role of PQ had a key agent for trade and protection, MICAF has decided to submit to Cabinet a new way forward- repeal, replace and change the name of the Act - this will better reflect the role PQ plays in the advancement of sustainable economic growth.

- 9. The Fishing Industry (Amendment) Regulations, The Fishing Industry (Conservation of Conch (Genus Strombus)) (Amendment) Regulations and The Fishing Industry (Spiny Lobster) (Amendment) Regulations
- 10. The Protection of New Plant Varieties Bill
- 11. Repeal of the Agricultural Marketing Act
- 12. Repeal of the Tobacco Industry Regulation Act
- 13. Veterinary (Amendment) Bill

Existing Legislation

Agriculture Fisheries

- The Agricultural Credit Board Act, 1961/Amendment Act, 2004
- The Agricultural Produce Act, 1926/ Amendment Act, 2004
- 3. The Animal (Diseases and Importation) Act, 1948
- 4. The Animal Diseases (Importation) Control Regulations, 1948
- 5. The Animal Diseases (Importation) Control (Amendment) Regulations, 2012
- The Animals (Diseases and Importation) (Marking of Bovine Animals) Regulations, 2015
- 7. The Animals (Control of Experiments) Act, 1949
- 8. The Animals (Control of Experiments) Regulations, 1951
- 9. The Bees Control Act, 1918
- 10. The Bees (Importation of Queen Bees) Regulation, 1920
- 11. The Bees (Importation of Cayman Islands Honey) Regulations, 1921
- 12. The Bees (Transhipment of Honey and Beeswax) Regulations, 1934
- 13. The Bees (Importation of Metal Containers For Honey) Regulations 1959
- 14. The Bees (Protection from Disease) Order, 1940
- 15. The Bees (Transportation) Rules, 1920
- 16. The Banana Board Act, 1953
- 17. The Banana Insurance Act, 1946
- 18. The Citrus Plant (Certification) Regulations, 1999
- 19. The Citrus Plant (Certification) (Amendment) Regulations, 2012
- 20. The Coconut Industry Control Act, 1945
- 21. The Coconut Industry Control Regulation, 1945
- 22. The Coconut (Regulation of Sales) Regulations, 1958
- 23. The Coconut Industry Control (Coconut Products) Regulation, 1977
- The Coconut Control Board (Additional Powers) Orders, 1957
- 25. The Coconut Insurance Act, 1949
- 26. The Coconut Windstorm Insurance Regulations, 1949
- 27. The Coconut Lethal Yellowing Insurance Regulations, 1966
- 28. The Coconut Industry Aid Act, 1932
- 29. The Coconut Industry Aid Rules, 1932
- 30. The Coconut Products Board Order, 1932

- 1. The Morant and Pedro Cays Act, 1907
- 2. The Fishing Industry Regulations, 1976
- 3. The Fishing Industry (Amendment) Regulations, 2011
- 4. The Fishing Industry (Amendment of Schedule) Order, 2000
- 5. The Fishing Industry (Declaration of Close Season) (Lobsters) Order, 1987
- 6. The Fishing Industry (Spiny Lobster) Regulations, 2009
- 7. The Fishing Industry (Spiny Lobster) (Amendment) Regulations, 2014
- 8. The Fishing Industry (Fishery Management Areas) Order, 2000
- 9. The Fishing Industry (Conservation of Conch (Genus Strombus)) Regulations, 2000
- 10. The Fishing Industry (Declaration of Close Season) (Conch Genus Strombus) Orders
- 11. The Fishing Industry (Conservation of Conch (Genus Strombus)) National Total Allowable Catch
- 12. The Fishing Industry (Special Fishery Conservation Area) Regulations, 2012
- 13. The Aquaculture, Inland and Marine Products and By-Products (Inspection, Licensing and Export) Act, 1999
- The Aquaculture, Inland and Marine Products and By-Products (Inspection, Licensing and Export) (Change of Name and Amendment) Act, 2013
- 15. The Aquaculture, Inland and Marine Products and By-Products (Inspection, Licensing and Export) Regulations, 2000
- 16. Inspection and Certification of Fishery Facilities (Prescribed Forms) Regulations, 2002
- 17. The Aquaculture, Inland and Marine Products and By-Products (Inspection, Licensing and Export) (Amendment) Regulations, 2002
- 18. The Aquaculture, Inland and Marine Products and By-Products (Inspection, Licensing and Export) (Amendment) Regulations, 2006

Agriculture Fisheries

- 31. Cocoa Industry Board Act, 1957
- 32. Cocoa Industry Board (Amendment) Act, 1990
- 33. Cocoa Industry Board Regulations, 1957
- 34. The Coffee Industry Regulation Act, 1948
- 35. The Coffee Industry Regulations, 1953
- 36. The Coffee (Cess) Order, 1993
- 37. The Facilities for Title Act, 1955
- 38. The Facilities for Title (Approved Purpose) Order, 2011
- 39. The Jamaica Development Board Act, 2009
- 40. The Jamaica Dairy Development (Cess) Order, 2010
- 41. The Meat and Meat Products and Meat By-Products (Inspection and export) Act, 1999
- 42. The Meat and Meat Products and Meat By-Products (Inspection and Export) (Prescribed Fees) Regulation, 2012
- 43. The Public Gardens Regulation Act, 2006
- 44. The Public Gardens (Delegation of Functions of Superintendent of Public Gardens) (Royal Botanic Gardens and Zoo), 2008
- 45. The Plants (Quarantine) Act, 1994
- 46. The Plants (Quarantine) (Wood Packaging in International Trade) Regulations, 2012
- 47. Rural Agricultural Development Authority Act, 1990
- 48. Rural Agricultural Development Authority (Amendment) Act, 2002
- 49. The Sugar Cane Farmers (Incorporation and Cess)
 Act, 1941
- 50. The Cane Farmers Rules, 1944
- 51. The Sugar Industry Control Act, 1937
- 52. The Sugar Industry Control Regulations, 1943
- 53. The Sugar Industry Control

- 19. The Aquaculture, Inland and Marine Products and By-Products (Inspection, Licensing and Export) (Amendment) Regulations, 2007
- The Aquaculture, Inland and Marine Products and By-Products (Inspection, Licensing and Export) List of Production Areas
- 21. The Conch (Export Levy) Act, 2009
- 22. The Conch (Export Levy) (Special Provisions) Act, 2015